

Vendor: Fortinet

Exam Code: Fortinet Certified Email Security Professional

Exam Name: FCESP

Version: Demo

Question No: 1

Which protection profile can be used to protect against Directory Harvest attacks?

- A. antispam profile
- B. session profile
- C. content profile
- D. antivirus profile

Answer: B

Explanation:

Question No: 2

What is one reason for deploying a FortiMail unit in Transparent Mode?

- A. DNS records do not necessarily have to be modified.
- **B.** Mail is not queued thereby expediting mail delivery.
- **C.** Mail is not inspected unless a policy explicitly matches the traffic.
- **D.** No user information needs to be stored on the FortiMail unit when operating in Transparent Mode.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Question No: 3

Which profile can be used to protect against Denial of Service attacks?

- A. antispam profile
- **B.** session profile
- C. dos profile
- D. security profile

Answer: B

Explanation:

Question No: 4

Which of the following parameters CANNOT be configured using the Quick Start Wizard?

- A. protected domains
- B. system time
- C. operation mode
- D. access control rules
- E. antispam settings

Answer: C

Explanation:

Question No:5

Which of the following DNS records resolves an IP address into a hostname?

- A. MX record
- B. PTR record
- C. A record
- D. NS record

Answer: B

Explanation:

Question No: 6

Which SMTP sessions are defined as incoming?

- A. All SMTP sessions received by the FortiMail units
- **B.** SMTP sessions for the protected domain
- C. SMTP sessions received on the management interface

D. All sessions generated from the internal network

Answer: B

Explanation:

Question No:7

Which back-end servers can be used to provide Recipient Verification?

- A. LDAP servers
- B. POP3 servers
- C. RADIUS servers
- D. SMTP servers

Answer: A,D Explanation:

Question No:8

Under which of the following conditions would an email be placed in the Dead Mail queue?

- A. The recipient of the email is invalid.
- **B.** The sender of the email is invalid.
- C. The email is classified as spam.
- **D.** The remote MTA is performing Greylisting.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

Question No:9

A System Administrator is concerned by the amount of disk space being used to store quarantine email messages for non-existent accounts. Which of the following techniques can be used on a FortiMail unit to PREVENT email messages from being quarantined for

non-existent accounts?

- A. Greylist Scanning
- B. Recipient Address Verification
- C. Sender Reputation
- D. Automatic Removal of Invalid Quarantine Accounts

Answer: B

Explanation:

Question No: 10

Which of the following features can be used to expand a single recipient address into a group of one or many email addresses?

- A. User Alias
- **B.** Address Map
- C. User Group
- **D.** None of the above

Answer: A

Explanation:

Question No: 11

On a FortiMail unit, access control rules specify actions to be taken against matching email messages. Which of the following statements correctly describes the Bypass action?

- **A.** Accept the email message but skip the MX record lookup. This mail message will be delivered using the configured relay server.
- **B.** Do not deliver the email message.
- **C.** Accept the email message and skip all message scanning, such as antispam and antivirus.
- **D.** Accept the email message and delete it immediately without delivery.

Answer: C

Explanation:

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Question No: 12

Two access control rules are configured on a FortiMail unit as illustrated in the exhibit.



Which of the following statements correctly describes the COMBINED action of these two access control rules?

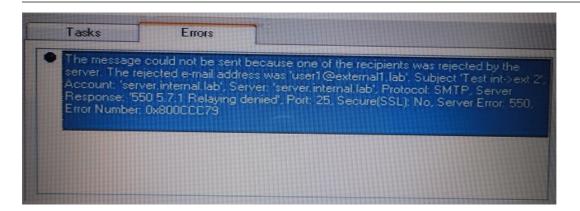
- A. Email messages from senders at external 1. lab will be rejected.
- **B.** Email messages from external1.lab to internal1.lab from host IP 172.16.78.8 are relayed.
- **C.** Email messages from external 1. lab to internal 1. lab from any host IP address are relayed.
- **D.** Email messages from external1.lab to internal1.lab are restricted by the return DNS pattern.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Question No: 13

What is the best explanation for why a FortiMail unit would issue the error message indicated in the exhibit?



- **A.** The recipient domain external 1. lab is not defined.
- **B.** This traffic comes from an authenticated sender.
- C. Recipient verification is not working properly.
- D. The session is matching an Access Control Rule with action "Reject".

Answer: A

Explanation:

Question No: 14

Which of the following FortiMail profile types apply to IP-based policies only?

- A. Session profile
- B. Content profile
- C. IP pool
- D. Antispam profile

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

Question No: 15

According to the Message Header printed below, which antispam technique detected this email as spam:

Return-Path: user1@external.lab

(SquirrelMail authenticated user user1)

by 172.16.78.8 with HTTP;

X-FEAS-HASH:

6ef419f0a0608b1655xxxxe68080df3cb12fc38f1118d2f085985eeb000274d7

Sat, 18 Apr 2009 15:53:06 +0200 (CEST)

Message-ID: <3029.192.168.3.101.1240062786.squirrel@172.16.78.8>

Date: Sat, 18 Apr 2009 15:53:06 +0200 (CEST)

Subject: [SPAM] Sales

From: user1@external.lab

To: user1@training1.lab

User-Agent: SquirrelMail/1.4.10a-1.fc6

MIME-Version: 1.0

Content-Type: text/plain; charset=iso-8859-1

Content-Transfer-Encoding: 8bit

X-Priority: 3 (Normal)

Importance: Normal

X-Original-To: user1@training1.lab

Delivered-To: user1@training.lab

Received: from fm.sub.training1.lab (fm.sub.training1.lab [192.168.11.101])

by mail.training.lab (Postfix) with ESMTP id A9160187073

for <user1@training1.lab>; Sun, 19 Apr 2009 16:58:48 +0200 (CEST)

Received: from mail.external.lab ([172.16.78.8])

by fm.sub.training1.lab with ESMTP id n3LEPHWu001093

for <user1@training1.lab>; Tue, 21 Apr 2009 10:25:17 -0400

Received: from 172.16.78.8 (localhost [127.0.0.1])

by mail.external.lab (Postfix) with ESMTP id 247D9BF893

for <user1@training1.lab>; Sat, 18 Apr 2009 15:53:06 +0200 (CEST)

Received: from 192.168.3.101

- A. DNSBL scan
- B. Dictionary scan
- C. Banned Word scan
- D. FortiGuard checksum

Answer: D

Explanation:

Question No: 16

Which of the following statements is true regarding Session-based antispam techniques?

- **A.** The entire mail content is inspected.
- **B.** They are enabled in the session profile only.
- C. SMTP commands, sender domain and IP address are checked.
- **D.** They are checked after application-based antispam techniques.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Question No: 17

Which of the following statements regarding the FortiMail unit's Greylisting feature is NOT correct?

- **A.** The FortiMail unit tracks the /32 bit host address of the sender.
- **B.** When an email is received from a new sender IP address, envelope sender and envelope recipient addresses, the FortiMail unit will initially send a temporary failure message.
- **C.** After the initial temporary fail message is sent, the message must be retransmitted between the Greylisting period expiry and initial expiry time periods.
- **D.** Pass-through is allowed until the configured TTL expires.
- **E.** An ACL with action Relay bypasses Greylisting.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Question No: 18

Which of the following is an advantage of using Banned Word scanning instead of Dictionary scanning?

- **A.** Mail Headers are inspected.
- **B.** It is easier to configure.
- C. Regular Expressions can be used.
- **D.** Non-ASCII characters are supported.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Question No: 19

Which operation is performed by the Forged IP scanning technique?

- **A.** DNS PTR record lookup on the sender's IP address then A record lookup on the canonical hostname
- B. DNS A record lookup on the sender's IP address then PTR record lookup
- C. DNS MX record lookup on the sender canonical hostname
- D. DNS TXT record lookup

Answer: A

Explanation:

Question No: 20

When using Sender Reputation on a FortiMail unit, which of the following actions can be taken against a source IP address generating spam or invalid email messages?

- A. Delay the email messages from that source IP address with a temporary fail.
- **B.** Reject the email messages from that source IP address with a permanent fail.
- **C.** Quarantine all the email messages from that source IP address.
- **D.** Limit the number of email messages allowed from that source IP address.

Answer: A,B,D Explanation:

Question No: 21

Which of the following statements is true regarding oversized emails?

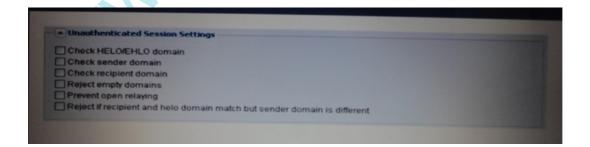
- A. The default maximum message size defined on the FortiMail unit is 10 MB.
- **B.** By default there is no maximum message size value defined on the FortiMail unit.
- **C.** The session profile parameter "Cap message size" can be used to increase the maximum message size.
- **D.** By default oversized emails are delivered at 0.00 local time.

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

Question No: 22

The option Prevent open relaying is shown in the exhibit. Which of the following statements is true regarding this option?



- **A.** Prevent open relaying is only available in Transparent mode.
- **B.** Prevent open relaying is only available in Server Mode.
- **C.** Prevent open relaying blocks all unauthenticated sessions.

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