

C2090-616^{Q&As}

DB2 11.1 Fundamentals for LUW

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QUESTION 1

Which of the following editions of DB2 include support for Federation with Oracle database?

- A. DB2 Express-C
- B. DB2 Developer Edition
- C. DB2 Enterprise Server Edition
- D. DB2 Workgroup Server Edition

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

Shadow tables are a special kind of Materialized Query Table, but what makes them different? (Choose two.)

- A. Shadow tables cannot be queried directly
- B. Shadow tables do not store their data on disk
- C. Shadow tables must be organized by column
- D. Shadow tables must be maintained by replication
- E. You cannot join shadow tables to other kinds of tables

Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 3

Which of the following is TRUE about DB2 OLAP functions?

- A. They return scalar values and not array values
- B. There are no DB2 monitor elements specific to OLAP functions
- C. OLAP functions are not supported in a common table expression (CTE)
- D. OLAP aggregation functions are not supported with column organized tables

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

What is the maximum precision for the DECIMAL data type?

A. 7



B. 15

C. 23

D. 31

Correct Answer: D

A decimal number is a packed decimal number with an implicit decimal point. The position of the decimal point is determined by the precision and the scale of the number. The scale, which is the number of digits in the fractional part of the number, cannot be negative or greater than the precision. The maximum precision is 31 digits.

Reference https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/en/SSEPEK_11.0.0/intro/src/tpc/db2z_numericdatatypes.html__

QUESTION 5

How can you tell what privileges on a table or view have been granted to a user? (Choose two.)

- A. db2look with the -x option
- B. db2pd with the -auth option
- C. Query the SYSCAT.DBAUTH view
- D. Query the SYSCAT.TABLES view
- E. Query the SYSCAT.TABAUTH view

Correct Answer: CE

QUESTION 6

Which locking event occurs when two applications lock rows that are needed by the other, such that neither application can continue executing?

- A. Deadlock
- B. Lock timeout
- C. Lock escalation
- D. Lock conversion

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 7



Which constraint can be used to ensure that identical values are never stored in a set of columns in a table?

- A. NOT NULL
- B. Foreign key
- C. Primary key
- D. Informational constraint
- Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 8

Consider the following query and the resulting set of data:

SELECT empno, lastname FROM emp WHERE empno BETWEEN `000020\\' and `000070\\'

Result:

If the query below is executed, how many rows will be returned?

SELECT empno FROM emp WHERE empno > `000020\\' AND empno `000070\\'

A.
B. 0
C. 1
D. 3
E. 5
Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 9

Which of the following is TRUE about indexes on column organized tables?

- A. No indexes are allowed
- B. Indexes are only allowed on numeric columns
- C. Indexes are automatically created to enforce unique constraints
- D. An index is only allowed on the synopsis table supporting a column organized table

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 10



What happens when you run the following statement if MYUSER holds no privileges on table MYTABLE? REVOKE SELECT ON TABLE mytable FROM USER myuser

- A. An error is returned
- B. An entry is mane in SYSCAT.TABAUTH
- C. The REVOKE statement succeeds with no effect
- D. All privileges are granted to user MYUSER on MYTABLE

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 11

Which database object can be locked explicitly?

- A. Row
- B. View
- C. Index
- D. Table
- Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 12

Which of the following is TRUE about a COMMIT statement executed at the end of the T1 unit of work?

A. A ROLLBACK command executed just after the COMMIT command cancels that COMMIT.

B. Save points defined during transaction T1 are released only if there is a RELEASE SAVEPOINT command executed after the COMMIT command.

C. It finishes the current T1 unit of work and a new one is initiated, however it is possible to ROLLBACK to the latest SAVEPOINT before COMMIT.

D. It finishes the current T1 unit of work and a new one is initiated. All changes made by UPDATE and DELETE commands during unit of work T1 are committed.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 13

A user executes the following statements:

REATE TABLE t1 (c1 INT, c2 INT);



CREATE ALIAS a1 FOR t1;

What will be the result if the user executes the following statement?

DROP ALIAS a1;

- A. The alias A1 will be dropped
- B. The table T1 will be dropped
- C. Both T1 and A1 will be dropped
- D. Nothing, the statement will result in an error

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 14

The application owners say they need to be able to query a table and previous versions of that table. Which type of table is appropriate to satisfy this requirement?

- A. Shadow Table
- B. Temporal Table
- C. Range-Partitioned Table
- D. Multidimensional Clustered Table

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 15

Which of the following is TRUE regarding user switching in a trusted context?

- A. You cannot switch user id in a trusted context.
- B. You can issue a switch-user request within a transaction.
- C. The new user must have the connect-privilege on the database for it to succeed.
- D. No password is ever required for the new user as an authentication is established in the trusted connection.

Correct Answer: D

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