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Vendor: PRMIA

Exam Code: 8002

Exam Name: PRM Certification - Exam II: Mathematical

Foundations of Risk Measurement

Version: Demo

For a quadratic equation, which of the following is FALSE?

- A. If the discriminant is negative, there are no real solutions
- **B.** If the discriminant is zero, there is only one solution
- C. If the discriminant is negative there are two different real solutions
- **D.** If the discriminant is positive there are two different real solutions

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 2

The natural logarithm of x is:

- **A.** the inverse function of exp(x)
- **B.** log(e)
- **C.** always greater than x, for x>0
- **D**. 46

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 3

When a number is written with a fraction as an exponent, such as , which of the following is the correct computation?

- A. Take the square-root of 75 and raise it to the 5th power
- **B.** Divide 75 by 2, then raise it to the 5th power
- **C.** Multiply 75 by 2.5
- **D.** Square 75, then take the fifth root of it

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 4

You invest \$2m in a bank savings account with a constant interest rate of 5% p.a. What is the value of the investment in 2 years time if interest is compounded quarterly?

- **A.** \$2,208,972
- **B.** \$2,210,342
- **C.** \$2.205,000
- **D.** None of them

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 5

Solve the simultaneous linear equations: x + 2y - 2 = 0 and y - 3x = 8

A.
$$x = 1$$
, $y = 0.5$

B.
$$x = -2$$
, $y = 2$

C.
$$x = 2$$
, $y = 0$

D. None of the above

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 6

Find the roots, if they exist in the real numbers, of the quadratic equation

- A. 4 and -2
- **B.** -4 and 2
- **C.** 1 and 0
- D. No real roots

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 7

The sum of the infinite series 1+1/2+1/3+1/4+1/5+... equals:

- **A.** 12
- **B.** Infinity
- **C.** 128
- **D**. 20

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 8

Which of the following properties is exhibited by multiplication, but not by addition?

- A. associativity
- **B.** commutativity
- C. distributivity
- **D.** invertibility

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 9

Identify the type and common element (that is, common ratio or common difference) of the following sequence: 6, 12, 24

- A. arithmetic sequence, common difference 2
- B. arithmetic sequence, common ratio 2
- C. geometric sequence, common ratio 2
- **D.** geometric sequence, common ratio 3

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 10

What is the sum of the first 20 terms of this sequence: 3, 5, 9, 17, 33, 65,...?

A. 1 048 574

- **B.** 1 048 595
- **C.** 2 097 170
- **D.** 2 097 172

QUESTION NO: 11

What is the simplest form of this expression: log2(165/2)

- **A.** 10
- **B.** 32
- $C. 5/2 + \log 2(16)$
- **D.** $\log 2 (5/2) + \log 2(16)$

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 12

For each of the following functions, indicate whether its graph is concave or convex:

$$Y = 7x2 + 3x + 9$$

$$Y = 6 \ln(3x)$$

$$Y = \exp(-4x)$$

- A. concave, concave, concave
- B. concave, convex, convex
- C. convex, concave, concave
- D. convex, convex, concave

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 13

You invest \$100 000 for 3 years at a continuously compounded rate of 3%. At the end of 3 years, you redeem the investment. Taxes of 22% are applied at the time of redemption. What is your approximate after-tax profit from the investment, rounded to \$10?

- **A.** \$9420
- **B.** \$7350
- **C.** \$7230
- **D.** \$7100

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 14

Which of the provided answers solves this system of equations?

$$2y - 3x = 3y + x$$

$$y2 + x2 = 68$$

A.
$$x = 1$$
; $y =$ square root of 67

B.
$$x = 2$$
; $y = 8$

C.
$$x = 2$$
; $y = -8$

D.
$$x = -2$$
; $y = -8$

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 15

You intend to invest \$100 000 for five years. Four different interest payment options are available. Choose the interest option that yields the highest return over the five year period.

- **A.** a lump-sum payment of \$22 500 on maturity (in five years)
- **B.** an annually compounded rate of 4.15%
- C. a quarterly-compounded rate of 4.1%
- **D.** a continuously-compounded rate of 4%

Answer: C

QUESTION NO):	1	6
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What is the 40th term in the following series: 4, 14, 30, 52, ...?

- **A.** 240
- **B.** 4598
- **C.** 4840
- **D.** 4960

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 17

Let a, b and c be real numbers. Which of the following statements is true?

- A. The commutativity of multiplication is defined by
- B. The existence of negatives is defined by
- C. The distributivity of multiplication is defined by
- **D.** The associativity of multiplication is defined by

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 18

Which of the following is not a sequence?

A. , , , ... , , ...

B.,,,,...

C. , , , , , , ...

D. 30

Answer: D

Which of the following statements is not correct?

- **A.** Every linear function is also a quadratic function.
- **B.** A function is defined by its domain together with its action.
- **C.** For finite and small domains, the action of a function may be specified by a list.
- **D.** A function is a rule that assigns to every value x at least one value of y.

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 20

Which of the following statements is true?

- **A.** Discrete and continuous compounding produce the same results if the discount rate is positive.
- **B.** Continuous compounding is the better method because it results in higher present values compared to discrete compounding.
- **C.** Continuous compounding can be thought as making the compounding period infinitesimally small.
- **D.** The constant plays an important role in the mathematical description of continuous compounding.

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 21

Let X be a random variable normally distributed with zero mean and let . Then the correlation between X and Y is:

- A. negative
- B. zero
- C. not defined

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D. positive

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 22

A typical leptokurtotic distribution can be described as a distribution that is relative to a normal distribution

- A. peaked and thin at the center and with heavy (fat) tails
- B. peaked and thin at the center and with thin tails
- C. flat and thick at the center and with heavy (fat) tails
- D. flat and thick at the center and with thin tails

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 23

Kurtosis(X) is defined as the fourth centred moment of X, divided by the square of the variance of X. Assuming X is a normally distributed variable, what is Kurtosis(X)?

A. 0

B. 3

C. 2

D. 1

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 24

Over four consecutive years fund X returns 1%, 5%, -3%, 8%. What is the average growth rate of fund X over this period?

A. 2.67%

B. 2.75%

- **C.** 2.49%
- D. None of the above

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 25

The quarterly compounded rate of return is 6% per annum. What is the corresponding effective annual return?

- **A.** 1.50%
- **B.** 6%
- **C.** 6.14%
- **D.** None of the above

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 26

If the annual volatility of returns is 25% what is the variance of the quarterly returns?

- A. 0.1250
- **B.** 0.0156
- **C.** 0.0625
- D. None of the above

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 27

I have \$5m to invest in two stocks: 75% of my capital is invested in stock 1 which has price 100 and the rest is invested in stock 2, which has price 125. If the price of stock 1 falls to 90 and the price of stock 2 rises to 150, what is the return on my portfolio?

A. -2.50%

- **B.** -5%
- **C.** 2.50%
- **D.** 5%

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 28

Suppose 60% of capital is invested in asset 1, with volatility 40% and the rest is invested in asset 2, with volatility 30%. If the two asset returns have a correlation of -0.5, what is the volatility of the portfolio?

- **A.** 36%
- **B.** 36.33%
- **C.** 26.33%
- **D.** 20.78%

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 29

Which of the following statements concerning class intervals used for grouping of data is correct?

When grouping data, attention must be paid to the following with regards to class intervals:

- 1. Class intervals should not overlap
- 2. Class intervals should be of equal size unless there is a specific need to highlight data within a specific subgroup
- 3. The class intervals should be large enough so that they not obscure interesting variation within the group
- A. Statements 2 and 3 are correct
- B. Statements 1 and 2 are correct
- C. All three statements are correct
- D. Statements 1 and 3 are correct

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Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 30

Consider an investment fund with the following annual return rates over 8 years: +6%, -6%, +12%, -12%, +3%, -3%, +9%, -9%.

What can you say about the annual geometric and arithmetic mean returns of this investment fund?

- A. The arithmetic mean return is zero and the geometric mean return is negative
- B. The arithmetic mean return is negative and the geometric mean return is zero
- **C.** The arithmetic mean return is equal to the geometric mean return
- **D.** None of the above

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 31

Which of the following statements about variance and standard deviation are correct?

- 1. When calculated based on a sample of the population data, one has to correct for any bias in the result by using the number of degrees of freedom in the calculation
- 2. Variance is in square root units of the underlying data, whereas standard deviation is in units of the underlying data
- 3. When considering independent variables, variance is additive, while standard deviation is not
- A. All three statements are correct
- **B.** Statements 1 and 2 are correct
- C. Statements 1 and 3 are correct
- D. Statements 2 and 3 are correct

Answer: C

Which of the following statements about skewness of an empirical probability distribution are correct?

- 1. When sampling returns from a time series of asset prices, discretely compounded returns exhibit higher skewness than continuously compounded returns
- 2. When the mean is significantly less than the median, this is an indication of negative skewness
- 3. Skewness is a sign of asymmetry in the dispersion of the data
- A. All three statements are correct
- B. Statements 1 and 2 are correct
- C. Statements 1 and 3 are correct
- D. Statements 2 and 3 are correct

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 33

Consider two securities X and Y with the following 5 annual returns:

X: +10%, +3%, -2%, +3%, +5%

Y: +7%, -2%, +3%, -5%, +10%

In this case the sample covariance between the two time series can be calculated as:

- **A.** 0.40729
- **B.** 0.00109
- **C.** 0.00087
- **D.** 0.32583

Answer: B

The first derivative of a function f(x) is zero at some point, the second derivative is also zero at this point. This means that:

- A. f has necessarily a minimum at this point
- B. f has necessarily a maximum at this point
- C. f has necessarily neither a minimum nor a maximum at this point
- D. f might have either a minimum or a maximum or neither of them at this point

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 35

Find the first-order Taylor approximation p(x) for the function: at the point .

A. -x

B. -x+1

C. x-1

D. x+1

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 36

At what point x does the function f(x) = x3 - 4x2 + 1 have a local minimum?

A. -0.66666667

B. 0

C. 2.66667

D. 2

Answer: C

What is the maximum value for f(x) = 8-(x+3)(x-3)?

- **A.** 8
- **B.** -1
- **C**. 17
- D. None of these

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 38

For the function f(x) = 3x-x3 which of the following is true?

- **A.** x = 0 is a minimum
- **B.** x = -3 is a maximum
- C. x = 2 is a maximum
- D. None of these

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 39

What is the maximum value of the function F(x, y)=x2+y2 in the domain defined by inequalities x = 1, y = 2, y = x = 3?

- **A.** 29
- **B.** -25
- **C.** 1
- **D.** 17

Answer: A

You work for a brokerage firm that charges its client x per share. The volume of trade of a client of type A depends on the per share commission in the following manner. If the commission is x, the client of type A will trade e-ax shares on average each week. What is the optimal commission x that maximizes the income from client A, noting that a is greater than zero?

- **A.** 1
- B. a
- **C.** 42
- **D.** a2

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 41

An indefinite integral of a polynomial function is

- A. always positive
- B. always increasing
- C. always less than the function itself
- D. none of the above

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 42

Evaluate the derivative of ln(1+x2) at the point x=1

- **A.** 0.5
- **B.** 0
- **C.** 1
- **D**. 2

QUESTION NO: 43

Evaluate the derivative of exp(x2 + 2x + 1) at the point x = -1

- **A.** 0.5
- **B.** 0
- **C.** 1
- **D**. 2

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 44

A 2-year bond has a yield of 5% and an annual coupon of 5%. What is the Macaulay Duration of the bond?

- **A.** 2
- **B.** 1.95
- **C.** 1.86
- **D.** 1.75

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 45

A 2-year bond has a yield of 5% and an annual coupon of 5%. What is the Modified Duration of the bond?

- **A.** 2
- **B.** 1.95
- **C.** 1.86
- **D.** 1.75

QUESTION NO: 46

A bond has modified duration 6 and convexity 30. Find the duration-convexity approximation to the percentage change in bond price when its yield increases by 5 basis points

- A. 10 basis point rise
- B. 24 basis fall
- C. 24 basis point rise
- D. 30 basis points fall.

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 47

An underlying asset price is at 100, its annual volatility is 25% and the risk free interest rate is 5%. A European call option has a strike of 85 and a maturity of 40 days. Its Black-Scholes price is 15.52. The options sensitivities are: delta = 0.98; gamma = 0.006 and vega = 1.55. What is the delta-gamma-vega approximation to the new option price when the underlying asset price changes to 105 and the volatility changes to 28%?

A. 17.33

B. 18.75

C. 19.23

D. 20.54

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 48

An underlying asset price is at 100, its annual volatility is 25% and the risk free interest rate is 5%. A European put option has a strike of 105 and a maturity of 90 days. Its Black-Scholes price is 7.11. The options sensitivities are: delta = -0.59; gamma = 0.03; vega = 19.29. Find the delta-gamma approximation to the new option price when the underlying asset price changes to 105

- **A.** 6.49
- **B.** 5.03
- **C.** 4.59
- **D.** 4.54

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 49

You are given the following values of a quadratic function f(x): f(0)=0, f(1)=-2, f(2)=-5. On the basis of these data, the derivative f'(0) is ...

- **A.** in the interval]-2.5,-2[
- B. equal to -2
- **C.** in the interval]-2,+[
- **D.** in the interval]-,-2.5]

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 50

Suppose that f(x) and g(x,y) are functions. What is the partial derivative of f(g(x,y)) with respect to y?

- A. f'(g(x,y))
- **B.** f(dg/dy)
- C. f(g(x,y)) dg/dy
- **D.** f'(g(x,y)) dg/dy

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 51

What is the total derivative of the function f(x,y) = ln(x+y), where ln() denotes the natural logarithmic function?

- **A.** 1/(x+y)
- **B.** (x + y) / (x+y)
- C. -x/(x+y) y/(x+y)
- **D.** ln(x+y) x + ln(x+y) y

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 52

What is the indefinite integral of the function f(x) = ln(x), where ln(x) denotes the natural logarithmic function?

- $A. \times ln(x) x$
- **B.** ln(x) x
- **C.** 1/x
- \mathbf{D} . exp(x)

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 53

The Lagrangian of a constrained optimisation problem is given by L(x,y,) = 16x+8x2+4y-(4x+y-20), where is the Lagrange multiplier. What is the solution for x and y?

- **A.** x = -1, y = 0
- **B.** x = 0, y = 20
- **C.** x = 5, y = 0
- D. None of the above

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 54

Consider two functions f(x) and g(x) with indefinite integrals F(x) and G(x), respectively. The indefinite integral of the product f(x)g(x) is given by

- **A.** F(x)G(x)
- **B.** F(x)g(x) + f(x)G(x)
- C. F(x)g(x) F(x)g'(x)dx
- **D.** f(x)G(x) F(x)g'(x)dx

QUESTION NO: 55

The fundamental theorem of analysis establishes a relation between

- A. First and second derivative of a function
- **B.** The derivative of a function and the slope of its graph
- C. Integration and differentiation of functions
- D. The derivative of a function and the derivative of its inverse function

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 56

Bond convexity is closely related to ...

- A. The derivative of the bond's present value with respect to yield
- B. The second derivative of the bond's present value with respect to yield
- C. The integral of the bond's present value with respect to yield
- **D.** The sensitivity of the bond's present value with respect to yield

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 57

In a quadratic Taylor approximation, a function is approximated by:

- A. a constant
- B. a straight line

- C. a parabola
- D. a cubic polynomial

QUESTION NO: 58

Which statement regarding the matrix below is true?

- A. It is not positive definite
- B. It is positive semi-definite
- C. It is positive definite
- **D.** It is negative definite

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 59

Every covariance matrix must be positive semi-definite. If it were not then:

- A. Some portfolios could have a negative variance
- **B.** One or more of its eigenvalues would be negative
- C. There would be no Cholesky decomposition matrix
- **D.** All the above statements are true

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 60

The determinant of a matrix X is equal 2. Which of the following statements is true?

- A. det(2X) =
- **B.** det(2X) = 2 det(X)
- **C.** det(2X) = det(X)2

D. det(2X) = 4 det(X)

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 61

What is the angle between the following two three dimensional vectors: a=(1,2,3), b=(-4,2,0)?

- A. 90 degrees
- B. 180 degrees
- C. 57 degrees
- D. 45 degrees

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 62

Calculate the determinant of the following matrix:

A. 4.25

B. -4.25

C. 4

D. 2

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 63

Let A be a square matrix and denote its determinant by x. Then the determinant of A transposed is:

A. x -1

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