



1Z0-882^{Q&As}

MySQL 5.6 Developer

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**QUESTION 1**

Which statement is true when working with PHP and prepared statement?

- A. The mysql extension supports only client-side emulation.
- B. The mysql1 extension support client-side emulation.
- C. The PDO_MySQL extension supports both client side and server side emulation.
- D. The PDO_MySQL extension supports only server side emulation.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

Which three view types are not updateable?

- A. A view created with the TEMPTABLE algorithm
- B. A view containing a GROUP BY clause
- C. A view containing a WHERE clause
- D. A view containing a HAVING clause
- E. A view that contains a literal column

Correct Answer: BCD

QUESTION 3

Which two code samples demonstrate valid methods for working with loops?

- A. `DECLARE I INT DEFAULT 0; Test_loop: LOOP SET i =i +1; IF i > =5 THEN LEAVE test_loop; END IF; END LOOP test_loop;`
- B. `DECLARE i INT DEFAULT 0; WHILE I`
- C. `DECLARE i INT DEFAULT 0; WHILE i`
- D. `DECLARE i INT DEFAULT 0; Test _loop; LOOP SET i =i +1; IF i >=5 THEN LEAVE; END IF; END LOOP test_loop;`

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

Given the data from table t1:



a	b
7	1
2	8
1	4
10	8

This DELETE command is executed: DELETE FROM t1 ORDER BY b.a DESC LIMIT 2; Which set of rows will be deleted by the command?

- A. (7,1) and (1,4)
- B. (2,8) and (1,4)
- C. (7,1) and (10,8)
- D. (2,8) and (10,8)

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 5

Assume your connection uses SQL mode ANSI_QUOTES. Which two statements cause a syntax error?

- A. CREATE TABLE FRIENDS (NAME CHAR (10))
- B. CREATE TABLE BINARY (PRIMARY SMALLINT)
- C. CREATE TABLE `TABLE\` (COLUMN\` INTEGER)
- D. CREATE TABLE "CONDITION" ("DESCRIBE" TEXT)
- E. CREATE TABLE INTERVAL (ELAPSED_TIME TIME)

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 6

You have two lists of values to correlate.

colors1		colors2	
id	name	id	name
2	red	1	red
4	blue	2	blue
6	green	3	green
8	gold	4	green
10	silver	5	blue

Which query lists all names in colors1 and how many total matches are there in colors2?



- A. SELECT colors1 .name.count (colors2.name) FROM colors1. Colors2 WHERE Colors1. Name = (SELECT DISTINCT name FROM colors2 WHERE colors1.name=colors2.name) GROUP BY colorse1.name,
- B. SELECT colors1.name, count(colorse2. Name) FROM colorse1 .name =colors2.name WHERE colors1. Name =colors2.name GROUP BY colors1.name,
- C. SELECT colors1. Name count (colors2.name) FROM colors1 INNER JOIN colors2 on colors1. Name =colors2. Name GROUP BY colors1 .name;
- D. SELECT colors1.name, count (colors2.name) FROM JOIN colors2 on colors1 .name =colors2.name GROUP BY colors1.name;
- E. SELECT colors1.name, count (colors2.name) FROM colors1 RIGHT JOIN colors1 on colors1 .name =colors2.name GROUP BY colors1.name;

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 7

Which three statement types can be prepared?

- A. LOAD DATA INFILE
- B. CREATE TABLE
- C. CREATE VIEW
- D. ALTER VIEW
- E. CALL

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 8

A statement exists that can duplicate the definition of the `world` table.

What is missing?

CREATE TABLE t1 _____world

- A. FROM
- B. USING
- C. COPY
- D. LIKE

Correct Answer: A

**QUESTION 9**

The city table has the following structure:

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
ID	int(11)	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
Name	char(35)	NO		NULL	
CountryCode	char(3)	YES		NULL	
District	char(20)	YES		NULL	
Population	int(11)	YES		NULL	

Consider the statement with an incorrect field name:

PREPARE countryBYID FROM `SELECT country FROM city WHERE ID=?`, What happens if a prepared statement named countryByID already exists when the above statement is executed?

- A. A duplicate name error will result because a prepared statement with the same name already exists.
- B. An unknown column error will result and the old prepared statement definition will remain in effect.
- C. An unknown column error will result and no prepared statement named countryByID will exist.
- D. A warning will result and the old prepared statement definition will remain in effect.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 10

Using the query:

SELECT Code FROM country WHERE Name = `united states` Which statement executed in the mysql client would create a prepared statement?

- A. PREPARE STATEMENT countrycode FROM `SELECT code FROM counry WHERE Name =?`;
- B. PREPARE countrycode As `SELECT code FROM country WHERE Name =?`;
- C. PREPARE countrycode FROM `SELECT code FROM country WHERE Name =?`;
- D. PREPARE STATEMENT countrycode As `SELECT code FROM country WHERE Name =?`;

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 11

Examine this table that contains over two million rows of data:

```
CREATE TABLE `news_feed` (  
  .id`bigint(20) NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
```



```
.news_sources_id\ varchar (11) NOT NULL,  
.dateline\ datetime NOT NULL,  
.headline\ varchar (256) NOT NULL,  
.story\ text NOT NULL,.tag varchar (32768) DEFAULT NULL, PRIMARY KEY (`id`)  
KEY `dateline` ( `dateline`)  
)
```

Examine this query that returns 332 rows of date:

```
SELECT *  
FROM news_feed  
WHERE DATE(dateline)= `2013-01-01`
```

Which change would show the greatest improvement in the response time of the query?

- A. Use the LIKE operator: SELECT . . .WHERE dateline LIKE `2013-10-01and`
- B. USE the DATEDIFF function: SELECT . . . WHERE DATEDIFF (dateline, `2013-01-01`) = 0
- C. Use numeric equivalents for comparing the two dates: SELECT. . .WHERE MOD(UNIX_TIMESTAMP (dateline), 86400 =UNIX_TIMESTAMP (`2013-01-01`))
- D. Use a date range comparison: SELECT . . . WHERE dateline >= `2013-01` and dateline

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 12

Consider the my_table table with two integer columns, a and b, and the contents as shown; Mysql > SELECT a, b FROM my_table;

a	b
2	2

1 row in set result of this query?

```
SELECT a--b  
FROM my_table;
```

- A. 0
- B. 2
- C. 4



D. An error message

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 13

Which Three options describe benefits of using the InnoDB memcached API?

- A. Provides a simple, well supported method for accessing and updating data.
- B. Provides a total in memory storage system that eliminates disk I/O overhead.
- C. Bypasses the SQL layer thus avoiding extra processing.
- D. Implements a fast caching mechanism to replace the query cache.
- E. Provides protection via InnoDB buffers and crash recovery.

Correct Answer: CDE

QUESTION 14

Assume the user has just connected to the MySQL server. What is the result of the query `SELECT @ a?`

- A. An error that @ a is undefined
- B. A single NULL
- C. An empty string
- D. The value of GLOBAL variable @ a

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 15

Consider the stored procedure

```
CREATE PROCEDURE param_test (  
  IN P_in INT,  
  OUT P_out INT,  
  INPUT P_inout INT)  
BEGIN  
  SELECT P_in, P_out, P_inout;  
  SET P_in, P_inout
```



END

You execute a series of commands:

```
mysql> SET @v_in = 0, @v_out = 0, @v_inout = 0;  
mysql> CALL param_test(@v_in, @v_out, @v_inout);  
mysql> SELECT @v_in, @v_out, @v_inout;
```

What is the output of the CALL and SELECT?

- A. (0,0,0) and (0,0,0)
- B. (0,0,0) and (0,200,300)
- C. (0,NULL,0) and(0,200,300)
- D. (0,NULL,0) and (100,200,300)

Correct Answer: A

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