



# 1Z0-072<sup>Q&As</sup>

Oracle Database 12cR2 Administration

**Pass Oracle 1Z0-072 Exam with 100% Guarantee**

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.pass4itsure.com/1z0-072.html>

100% Passing Guarantee  
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Oracle  
Official Exam Center

-  **Instant Download** After Purchase
-  **100% Money Back** Guarantee
-  **365 Days** Free Update
-  **800,000+** Satisfied Customers



**QUESTION 1**

Your client application and Oracle database are located on different hosts. Which statement is true about establishing a connection between them?

- A. Oracle Connection Manager must be installed on the client.
- B. Net service names must be configured on both the client and database servers.
- C. The Listener Control utility must be installed on the client if you are using the default listener on the server.
- D. Only Oracle Net can be used.
- E. Oracle Net Listener is required.

Correct Answer: D

Reference: [https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E25178\\_01/server.1111/e25789/dist\\_pro.htm](https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E25178_01/server.1111/e25789/dist_pro.htm)

---

**QUESTION 2**

A user complains about poor database performance. You suspect that the user's session is losing time waiting for events to complete.

You want to verify this.

Which view reveals on what events a session has spent time waiting in the past?

- A. V\$SESSION\_WAIT\_CLASS
- B. V\$SYSTEM\_EVENT
- C. V\$SESSION
- D. V\$SESSION\_EVENT
- E. V\$SESSION\_WAIT

Correct Answer: C

Reference: <https://blogs.oracle.com/oraclemagazine/beginning-performance-tuning>

---

**QUESTION 3**

Which two are prerequisites for shrinking a table online?

- A. It must have a unique key constraint.
- B. It must not have any referential integrity constraints.
- C. It must not have any DML triggers.



- D. It must be in a tablespace that uses Automatic Segment Space Management (ASSM) .
- E. It must have row movement enabled.

Correct Answer: AB

---

#### QUESTION 4

Examine this command and its partial output:

```
LSNRCTL> start LISTENER_1

Listening Endpoints Summary...
  (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=tcp) (HOST=host01.abc.com ) (PORT=1562)))
Services Summary...
Service " DB01.abc.com " has 1 instance(s).
  Instance " DB01 ", status UNKNOWN, has 1 handler(s) for this service...
The command completed successfully
```

Why does the DB01.abc.com service show unknown status?

- A. The listener does not listen on the default port 1521.
- B. The SID\_LIST\_LISTENER section is missing in the LISTENER.ORA file.
- C. The service is dynamically registered.
- D. The service is statically registered.
- E. The LOCAL\_LISTENER parameter list does not contain LISTENER\_1.

Correct Answer: B

---

#### QUESTION 5

Which two functions are performed by a listener?

- A. creating a user session in the System Global Area (SGA)
- B. verifying the service name in an incoming user request
- C. verifying a user's authentication credentials
- D. maintaining the connection to a client's user process until the user request is completed
- E. returning the results of processing from the server process to the user process
- F. connecting a user process to a server process

Correct Answer: EF

---

**QUESTION 6**

Examine this command:

```
CREATE TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp_tbs
    TEMPFILE 'temp01.dbf' SIZE 10M
    AUTOEXTEND ON
    ONLINE
    SEGMENT MANAGEMENT AUTO;
```

Which two changes must you make so that TEMP\_TBS is created? (Choose two.)

- A. Add the EXTENT MANAGEMENT LOCAL UNIFORM clause.
- B. Add the NOLOGGING clause.
- C. Remove the SEGMENT MANAGEMENT AUTO clause.
- D. Remove the AUTOEXTEND ON clause.
- E. Remove the ONLINE clause.
- F. Add MAXSIZE for the AUTOEXTEND ON clause.

Correct Answer: AF

Reference: [https://asktom.oracle.com/pls/asktom/f?p=100:11:::::P11\\_QUESTION\\_ID:374218170986](https://asktom.oracle.com/pls/asktom/f?p=100:11:::::P11_QUESTION_ID:374218170986)

---

**QUESTION 7**

Examine this extract from the show parameters command: How are SGA and PGA memory managed by an instance using these parameter settings?



NAME		TYPE	VALUE
db_16k_cache_size	big integer	0	
db_2k_cache_size	big integer	0	
db_32k_cache_size	big integer	0	
db_4k_cache_size	big integer	0	
db_8k_cache_size	big integer	0	
db_cache_size	big integer	0	
java_pool_size	big integer	0	
large_pool_size	big integer	0	
memory_max_target	big integer	800M	
memory_target	big integer	800M	
pga_aggregate_limit	big integer	2G	
pga_aggregate_target	big integer	0	
sga_max_size	big integer	800M	
sga_min_size	big integer	0	
sga_target	big integer	0	
shared_pool_reserved_size	big integer	7130316	
shared_pool_size	big integer	0	
statistics_level	string	TYPICAL	
workarea_size_policy	string	AUTO	

- A. SGA memory is manually managed and PGA memory is managed by using Automated SQL Execution Memory Management.
- B. SGA memory is managed by using Automatic Shared Memory Management (ASMM) and PGA memory is managed by using Automated SQL Execution Memory Management.
- C. SGA and PGA memory are managed by using Automatic Memory Management (AMM).
- D. SGA memory is managed by using Automatic Shared Memory Management (ASMM) and PGA memory is manually managed.
- E. SGA and PGA memory are manually managed.

Correct Answer: C

## QUESTION 8

Which statement is true about database links?

- A. Private database link creation requires the same user to exist in both the local and the remote database.
- B. A database link can be created only between Oracle databases.
- C. A public database link can be used by a user in the local database to connect to any schema in the remote database.
- D. A database link created in a database allows a connection from that database instance to another, but not vice versa.



E. A public database link can be created only by SYS.

Correct Answer: D

Reference: [https://docs.oracle.com/cd/B28359\\_01/server.111/b28310/ds\\_concepts002.htm#ADMIN02803](https://docs.oracle.com/cd/B28359_01/server.111/b28310/ds_concepts002.htm#ADMIN02803)

---

#### QUESTION 9

In a database, the default temporary tablespace is TEMP and USER1\\'s default tablespace is DATA. Examine these parameters:

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
-----	-----	-----
TEMP_UNDO_ENABLED	boolean	TRUE
UNDO_MANAGEMENT	string	AUTO
UNDO_RETENTION	integer	900
UNDO_TABLESPACE	string	UNDOTBS1

Which tablespace stores UNDO generated by USER1\\'s DML on temporary tables?

- A. DATA
- B. SYSTEM
- C. SYSAUX
- D. TEMP
- E. UNDOTBS1

Correct Answer: D

---

#### QUESTION 10

Which two are true about undo tablespaces? (Choose two.)

- A. They can be recovered only when an instance is in MOUNT state.
- B. They are always owned by SYS.
- C. They must have only one data file.
- D. There can be multiple active undo tablespaces for a single instance database.
- E. SYSDBA users can create objects in them.

Correct Answer: CD

---

**QUESTION 11**

Which statement is true about smallfile tablespaces?

- A. Extent location metadata is stored in the data dictionary by default.
- B. The number of data files is constrained only by the size of the storage array.
- C. Maximum file size can be set to unlimited only if the logical volume manager supports striping.
- D. Segments can span multiple tablespaces.
- E. Segments can span multiple data files.

Correct Answer: E

Reference: <https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/CNCPT/logical.htm>

---

**QUESTION 12**

Your database is configured for shared server and the SGA\_TARGET parameter is set to a non-zero value.

Which three actions could help in handling a large number of concurrent users?

- A. using Automatic SGA Memory Management (ASMM)
- B. setting the LARGE\_POOL\_SIZE parameter to a non-zero value
- C. increasing the size of the PGA
- D. setting the SHARED\_POOL\_SIZE parameter to a non-zero value
- E. increasing the number of dispatchers

Correct Answer: BCD

---

**QUESTION 13**

What three are true about Oracle Flashback technology? (Choose three.)

- A. FLASHBACK TRANSACTION can be used to undo the changes made by a committed transaction.
- B. FLASHBACK TABLE can be used to rewind a table back in time.
- C. FLASHBACK DATABASE can be used to rewind a database back and forth in time.
- D. FLASHBACK TABLE can be used to undo dropping a column from a table.
- E. FLASHBACK QUERY can be used to view committed data at any given point in time.

Correct Answer: ACD

---

**QUESTION 14**

orcl.dmp contains a full export of the ORCL database.

This command is executed to load data from orcl.dmp into the TESTDB database:

```
[oracle@host01 ~] impdp system/oracle \  
> SCHEMAS=sh,oe \  
> REMAP_SCHEMA=sh:hr \  
> DUMPFILE=orcl.dmp \  
> EXCLUDE=index \  
> TABLE_EXISTS_ACTION=replace \  
> LOGFILE=impdp.log
```

Which two are true? (Choose two.)

- A. It skips only tables that exist in both ORCL:SH and TESTDB:HR.
- B. It drops and recreates tables that exist in both ORCL:SH and TESTDB:HR.
- C. It skips all indexes of ORCL:SH and ORCL:OE.
- D. It skips only indexes that exist in both ORCL:SH and TESTDB:HR.
- E. It drops and re-creates indexes that exist in both ORCL:SH and TESTDB:HR.

Correct Answer: DE

---

**QUESTION 15**

The DATA tablespace uses Automatic Segment Space Management.

Examine this query and its output:





```
SQL> SELECT tablespace_name, pct_free
       FROM user_tables
       WHERE table_name='EMP';
```

```
TABLESPACE_NAME  PCT_FREE
-----
DATA              10
```

A block in EMP is 90% full.

At what percentage of free space will INSERT operations into the block again be possible?

- A. 10%
- B. 25%
- C. 50%
- D. 75%
- E. 90%

Correct Answer: A

Reference: [https://docs.oracle.com/cd/A57673\\_01/DOC/server/doc/SCN73/ch3.htm](https://docs.oracle.com/cd/A57673_01/DOC/server/doc/SCN73/ch3.htm)

[Latest 1Z0-072 Dumps](#)

[1Z0-072 VCE Dumps](#)

[1Z0-072 Study Guide](#)