



1Z0-052^{Q&As}

Oracle Database 11g: Administration Workshop I

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**QUESTION 1**

You plan to implement the distributed database system in your company. You invoke Database Configuration Assistant (DBCA) to create a database on the server. During the installation, DBCA prompts you to specify the Global Database Name.

What must this name be made up of?

- A. It must be made up of a database name and a domain name.
- B. It must be made up of the value in ORACLE_SID and HOSTNAME.
- C. It must be made up of the value that you plan to assign for INSTANCE_NAME and HOSTNAME.
- D. It must be made up of the value that you plan to assign for ORACLE_SID and SERVICE_NAMES.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 2

View the Exhibit and examine the undo tablespace attributes. Your database instance is experiencing a large volume of transactions from non-DBA users in the last one hour. The undo tablespace UNDOTBS1 is full with transactions and no transaction was committed more than one hour ago. The database has two more undo tablespaces.

What happens to the new DML operations in this scenario?

Exhibit:

Undo Retention Settings		Undo Tablespace for this Instance	
Undo Retention (minutes)	60	Tablespace	UNDOTBS1
Retention Guarantee	Yes		Change Tablespace
		Size (MB)	115
		Auto-Extensible	No

- A. The DML commands will fail
- B. The undo data generated by the DML is stored in one of the two other undo tablespace
- C. The undo data generated by the DML will overwrite the extents that contain committed undo data
- D. The undo data generated by the DML is stored in the SYSTEM undo segment of the SYSTEM tablespace

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 3

Which two statements are true about Shared SQL Area and Private SQL Area? (Choose two.)



- A. Shared SQL Area will be allocated in the shared pool
- B. Shared SQL Area will be allocated when a session starts
- C. Shared SQL Area will be allocated in the large pool always
- D. The whole of Private SQL Area will be allocated in the Program Global Area (PGA) always
- E. Shared SQL Area and Private SQL Area will be allocated in the PGA or large pool
- F. The number of Private SQL Area allocations is dependent on the OPEN_CURSORS parameter

Correct Answer: AF

QUESTION 4

You have a large amount of historical data in a flat file. Some analysts in your organization need to query this data in the file. The file is too large to load the data in it into your current database.

Which is the most effective method to access this data in your database?

- A. Use the database link.
- B. Use the SQL*Loader utility.
- C. Use the Oracle Data Pump utility.
- D. Create an external table and leave the data in the flat file.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 5

You are managing an Oracle Database 11g database. You configured the database to run in ARCHIVELOG mode.

Which two statements are true in this scenario? (Choose two.)

- A. You must shut down the database instance to perform the backups.
- B. You must configure the Flash Recovery Area (FRA) for the database.
- C. You can perform complete database backups without closing the database.
- D. All the previous closed database backups including control files become invalid after you configure the database to ARCHIVELOG mode.

Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 6

Which tablespaces are mandatory in an Oracle database for it to be operational? (Choose all that apply.)



- A. Undo tablespace
- B. USERS tablespace
- C. SYSAUX tablespace
- D. SYSTEM tablespace
- E. Temporary tablespace

Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 7

Which statements are true regarding the creation of an incident package file by using the EM Workbench Support? (Choose all that apply.)

- A. You can add SQL test cases to the incident package.
- B. You can add or remove the trace files to the package.
- C. You cannot create an incremental incident package when the physical files are purged from the ADR.
- D. You can create the incremental incident package ZIP file for new or modified diagnostic information for the incident package already created.

Correct Answer: ABD

QUESTION 8

You are managing an Oracle Database 11g database with the following backup strategy:

1.

On Sunday, an incremental level 0 tape backup is performed

2.

Monday through Saturday, a cumulative incremental level 1 tape backup is performed Which two statements are true regarding the backups performed? (Choose two.)

- A. The backup performed in step 1 backs up all blocks that have ever been in use in the database
- B. The backup performed in step 2 copies all the blocks changed since the most recent level 0 backup
- C. The backup performed in step 1 backs up all the blocks changed since the most recent level 1 backup
- D. The backup performed in step 2 backs up all blocks that have changed since the most recent incremental backup at level 1

Correct Answer: AB

**QUESTION 9**

Which two statements are true about standard database auditing? (Choose two.)

- A. DDL statements can be audited.
- B. Statements that refer to standalone procedure can be audited.
- C. Operations by the users logged on as SYSDBA cannot be audited.
- D. Only one audit record is ever created for a session per audited statement even though it is executed more than once.

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 10

Examine these components: Execution plan for a non-embedded SQL statement Local, global, and package variables for a session Execution plan for a SQL statement contained in a PL/SQL program unit Results of executed queries and query fragments PL/SQL function result sets

Which of these are stored in the shared SQL area?

- A. 1, 2, 4, and 5
- B. 1, 2, and 3
- C. 1 and 4
- D. 1 and 3

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 11

The session of user SCOTT receives the following error after executing an UPDATE command on the EMP table:

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-00060: deadlock detected while waiting for resource

On investigation, you find that a session opened by user JIM has a transaction that caused the deadlock.

Which two statements are true regarding the session of SCOTT in this scenario? (Choose two.)

- A. The session is terminated after receiving the error and JIM can continue with his transaction.
- B. SCOTT should perform a COMMIT or ROLLBACK to allow JIM to continue with his transaction.
- C. The session is rolled back after receiving the error and JIM can continue with his transaction.



D. SCOTT has to reexecute the last command in the transaction after he commits the transaction.

Correct Answer: BD

QUESTION 12

You are managing an Oracle Database 11g database. You want to ensure the recovery of the database to the point of failure. Which configuration will you do to accomplish the task?

- A. Multiplex all database files.
- B. Configure the Flash Recovery Area.
- C. Configure the database instance for ARCHIVELOG mode.
- D. Configure the FAST_START_MTTR_TARGET initialization parameter.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 13

You want to access employee details contained in flat files as part of the EMPLOYEE table. You plan to add a new column to the EMPLOYEE table to achieve this.

Which data types would you use for the new column?

- A. CLOB
- B. BLOB
- C. BFILE
- D. LONG RAW

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 14

In a database, EXAMPLE is the default tablespace and DEFERRED_SEGMENT_CREATION is FALSE. Examine these commands executed by SYS:

```
SQL> CREATE USER u1 IDENTIFIED BY oracle;  
SQL> CREATE TABLE u1.tab1 (c1 number);
```

What will be the outcome and why?

- A. U1.TAB1 will be created
- B. It will fail because U1 has no quota on EXAMPLE



- C. It will fail because U1 has no default tablespace
- D. It will fail because U1 does not have the CREATE TABLE privilege
- E. It will fail because U1 does not have the CREATE SESSION privilege

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 15

Which is true about the Automatic Diagnostic Repository (ADR)?

- A. It only contains the alert log and trace files for background processes
- B. Its location is always set by the ORACLE_BASE variable
- C. It is used only if the DISGNOSTIC_DEST parameter is manually configured
- D. It includes diagnostic data for critical errors for each server and background process

Correct Answer: A

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