



1Z0-047^{Q&As}

Oracle Database SQL Expert

Pass Oracle 1Z0-047 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.pass4itsure.com/1Z0-047.html>

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Oracle
Official Exam Center

- ⚙ **Instant Download** After Purchase
- ⚙ **100% Money Back** Guarantee
- ⚙ **365 Days** Free Update
- ⚙ **800,000+** Satisfied Customers





QUESTION 1

Which statements are correct regarding indexes? (Choose all that apply.)

- A. When a table is dropped, the corresponding indexes are automatically dropped.
- B. For each DML operation performed, the corresponding indexes are automatically updated.
- C. Indexes should be created on columns that are frequently referenced as part of an expression.
- D. A non-deferrable PRIMARY KEY or UNIQUE KEY constraint in a table automatically creates a unique index.

Correct Answer: ABD

QUESTION 2

Which three statements are true? (Choose three.)

- A. Only one LONG column can be used per table.
- B. ATIMESTAMP data type column stores only time values with fractional seconds.
- C. The BLOB data type column is used to store binary data in an operating system file.
- D. The minimum column width that can be specified for a varchar2 data type column is one.
- E. The value for a CHAR data type column is blank-padded to the maximum defined column width.

Correct Answer: ADE

QUESTION 3

Which statements are true regarding the usage of the WITH clause in complex correlated subqueries? (Choose all that apply.)

- A. It can be used only with the SELECT clause.
- B. The WITH clause can hold more than one query.
- C. If the query block name and the table name were the same, then the table name would take precedence.
- D. The query name in the WITH clause is visible to other query blocks in the WITH clause as well as to the main query block.

Correct Answer: ABD

QUESTION 4

View the Exhibit and examine the data in the PRODUCT_INFORMATION table. There are some products listed in the



PRODUCT_INFORMATION table that have no value in the LIST_PRICE column. You issued the following SQL statement to find out the PRODUCT_NAME for these products:

```
SELECT product_name, list_price
```

```
FROM product_information WHERE list_price = NULL;
```

PRODUCT_NAME	LIST_PRICE
Inkjet C8/HQ	349
LaserPro 1200/8/BW	699
LaserPro 600/6/BW	498
HD 10GB /I	453
HD 10GB /R	489
HD 10GB /S	436
HD 10GB @5400 /SE	399
HD 12GB /I	543
HD 12GB /N	567
HD 12GB /R	612
HD 12GB /S	633
HD 12GB @7200 /SE	775
HD 18.2GB @10000 /E	800
HD 18.2GB@10000 /I	850
HD 8GB /SE	
HD 8GB /SI	
HD 9.1GB @10000	

The query returns no rows. What changes would you make in the statement to get the desired result?

- A. Change the WHERE clause to WHERE list_price = 0
- B. Change the WHERE clause to WHERE list_price = '\\\\'.
- C. Change the WHERE clause to WHERE list_price IS NULL.
- D. In the WHERE clause, enclose NULL within single quotation marks.
- E. In the WHERE clause, enclose NULL within double quotation marks.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

View the Exhibit and examine the data in EMP and DEPT tables.

In the DEPT table, DEPTNO is the PRIMARY KEY.

In the EMP table, EMPNO is the PRIMARY KEY and DEPTNO is the FOREIGN KEY referencing the DEPTNO column in the DEPT table.

What would be the outcome of the following statements executed in the given sequence?

```
DROP TABLE emp;
```

```
FLASHBACK TABLE emp TO BEFORE DROP;
```



INSERT INTO emp VALUES (2,COTT 10);

INSERT INTO emp VALUES (3,ING 55);

DEPT	
DEPTNO	DEPTNAME
10	IT
20	HR

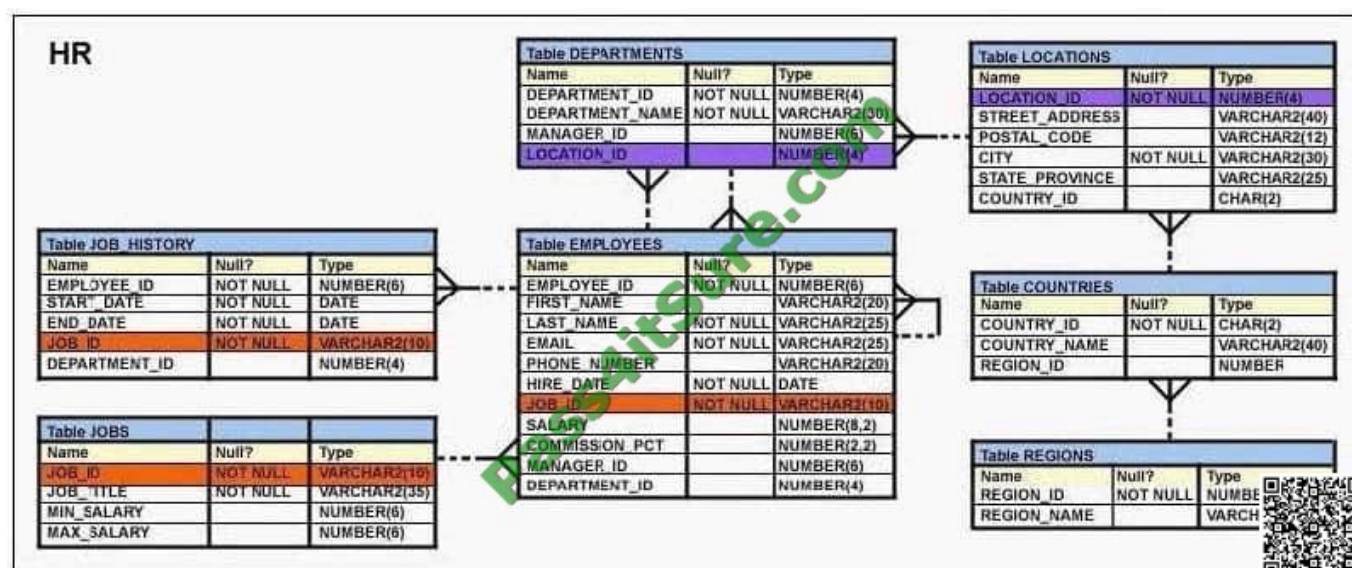
EMP		
EMPNO	ENAME	DEPTNO
1	KING	10
2	HARI	20

- A. Both the INSERT statements would fail because all constraints are automatically retrieved when the table is flashed back.
- B. Both the INSERT statements would succeed because none of the constraints on the table are automatically retrieved when the table is flashed back.
- C. Only the first INSERT statement would succeed because all the constraints except the primary key constraint are automatically retrieved after a table is flashed back.
- D. Only the second INSERT statement would succeed because all the constraints except referential integrity constraints that reference other tables are retrieved automatically after the table is flashed back.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 6

View the Exhibit and examine the data in the DEPARTMENTS tables.



Evaluate the following SQL statement:



SELECT department_id "DEPT_ID", department_name , '\b\ ' FROM departments WHERE department_id=90 UNION
SELECT department_id, department_name DEPT_NAME, '\a\ ' FROM departments WHERE department_id=10

Which two ORDER BY clauses can be used to sort the output of the above statement? (Choose two.)

- A. ORDER BY 3;
- B. ORDER BY '\b\ ';
- C. ORDER BY DEPT_ID;
- D. ORDER BY DEPT NAME;

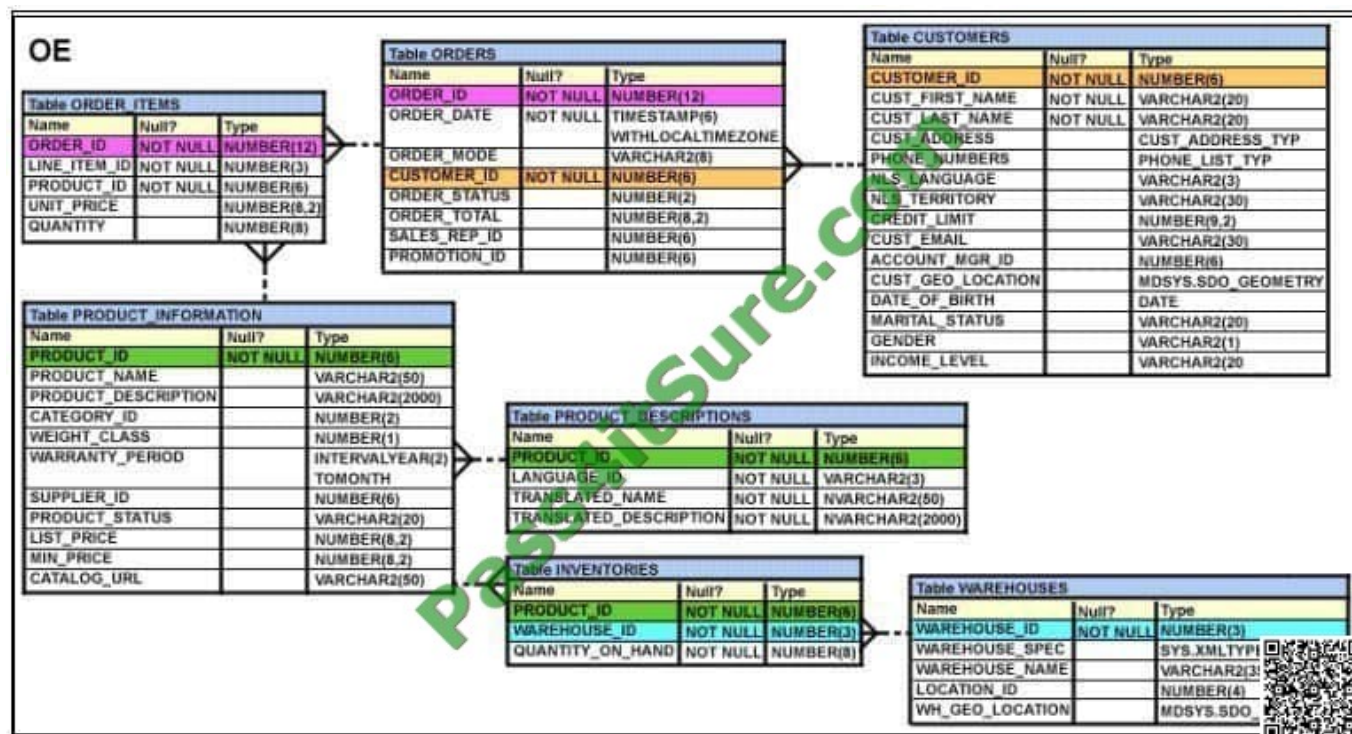
Correct Answer: AC

QUESTION 7

View the Exhibit and examine the structure of the PRODUCT_INFORMATION and INVENTORIES tables.

You have a requirement from the supplies department to give a list containing PRODUCT_ID, SUPPLIER_ID, and QUANTITY_ON_HAND for all the products wherein QUANTITY_ON_HAND is less than five.

Which two SQL statements can accomplish the task? (Choose two.)



- A. SELECT product_id, quantity_on_hand , supplier_id FROM product_information NATURAL JOIN inventories AND quantity_on_hand
- B. SELECT i.product_id, i.quantity_on_hand , pi.supplier_id FROM product_information pi JOIN inventories i USING (product_id) AND quantity_on_hand
- C. SELECT i.product_id, i.quantity_on_hand , pi.supplier_id FROM product_information pi JOIN inventories i ON (pi.



product_id=i. product_id) WHERE quantity_on_hand

D. SELECT i.product_id, i.quantity_on_hand, pi.supplier_id FROM product_information pi JOIN inventories i ON (pi.product_id=i. product_id) AND quantity_on_hand

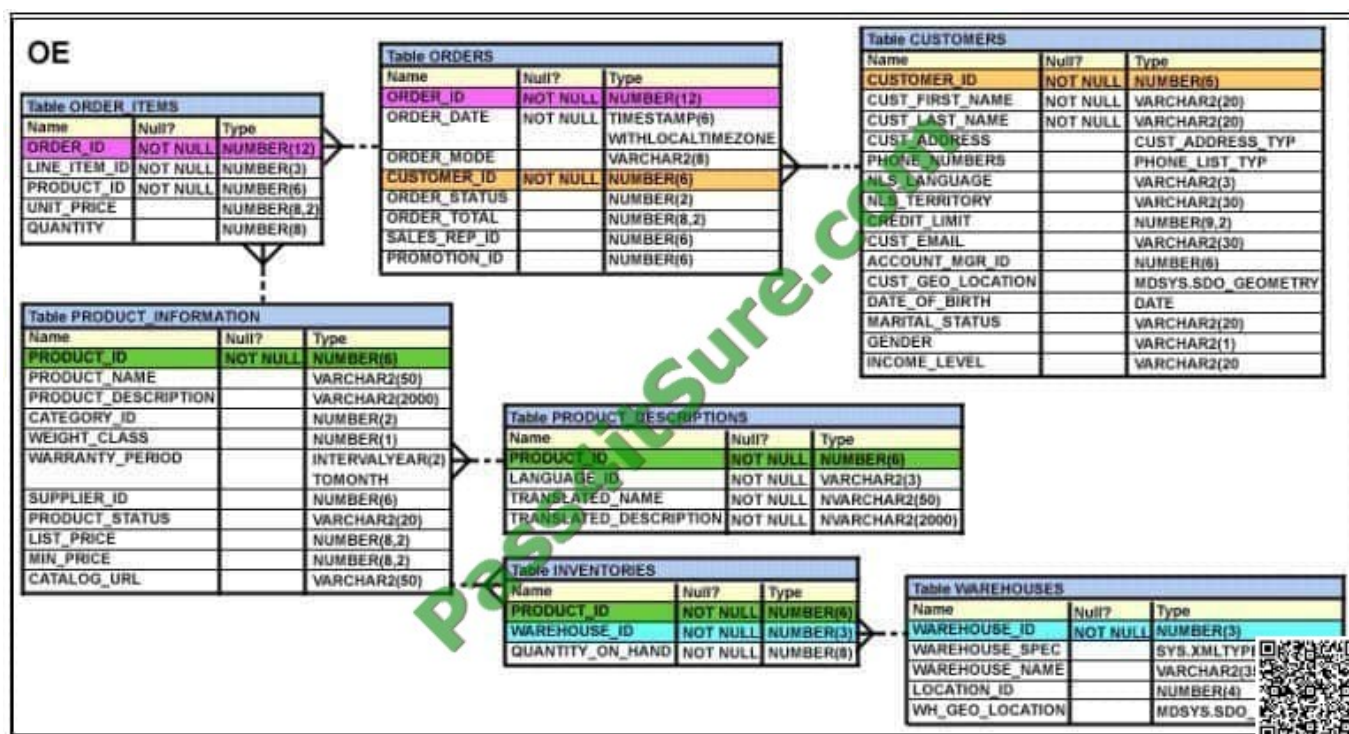
Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 8

View the Exhibit and examine the details of the PRODUCT_INFORMATION table.

Evaluate the following SQL statement:

```
SELECT TO_CHAR(list_price, '$9,999') FROM product_information;
```



Which two statements would be true regarding the output for this SQL statement? (Choose two.)

- A. The LIST_PRICE column having value 1123.90 would be displayed as \$1,124.
- B. The LIST_PRICE column having value 1123.90 would be displayed as \$1,123.
- C. The LIST_PRICE column having value 11235.90 would be displayed as \$1,123.
- D. The LIST_PRICE column having value 11235.90 would be displayed as #####.

Correct Answer: AD

QUESTION 9



Evaluate the following statements:

```
CREATE TABLE digits
```

```
(id NUMBER(2),
```

```
description VARCHAR2(15));
```

```
INSERT INTO digits VALUES (1, 'ONE');
```

```
UPDATE digits SET description = 'TWO' WHERE id=1;
```

```
INSERT INTO digits VALUES (2, 'TWO');
```

```
COMMIT;
```

```
DELETE FROM digits;
```

```
SELECT description FROM digits
```

```
VERSIONS BETWEEN TIMESTAMP MINVALUE AND MAXVALUE;
```

What would be the outcome of the above query?

- A. It would not display any values.
- B. It would display the value TWO once.
- C. It would display the value TWO twice.
- D. It would display the values ONE, TWO, and TWO.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 10

View the Exhibit and examine the data in EMP and DEPT tables.

DEPT	
DEPTNO	DEPTNAME
10	IT
20	HR

EMP		
EMPNO	ENAME	DEPTNO
1	KING	10
2	HARI	20

In the DEPT table, DEPTNO is the PRIMARY KEY.

In the EMP table, EMPNO is the PRIMARY KEY and DEPTNO is the FOREIGN KEY referencing the DEPTNO column in the DEPT table.



What would be the outcome of the following statements executed in the given sequence?

DROP TABLE emp;

FLASHBACK TABLE emp TO BEFORE DROP;

INSERT INTO emp VALUES (2,COTT 10);

INSERT INTO emp VALUES (3,ING 55);

A. Both the INSERT statements would fail because all constraints are automatically retrieved when the table is flashed back.

B. Both the INSERT statements would succeed because none of the constraints on the table are automatically retrieved when the table is flashed back.

C. Only the first INSERT statement would succeed because all the constraints except the primary key constraint are automatically retrieved after a table is flashed back.

D. Only the second INSERT statement would succeed because all the constraints except referential integrity constraints that reference other tables are retrieved automatically after the table is flashed back.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 11

View the Exhibit and examine the details of the EMPLOYEES table.

Evaluate the following SQL statements:

Statement 1:

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, job_id, manager_id FROM employees
```

```
START WITH employee_id = 101 CONNECT BY PRIOR employee_id = manager_id AND manager_id != 108 ;
```

Statement 2:

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, job_id, manager_id FROM employees WHERE manager_id != 108
```

```
START WITH employee_id = 101 CONNECT BY PRIOR employee_id = manager_id;
```

Which two statements are true regarding the above SQL statements? (Choose two.)

A. Statement 2 would not execute because the WHERE clause condition is not allowed in a statement that has the START WITH clause.

B. The output for statement 1 would display the employee with MANAGER_ID 108 and all the employees below him or her in the hierarchy.

C. The output of statement 1 would neither display the employee with MANAGER_ID 108 nor any employee below him or her in the hierarchy.

D. The output for statement 2 would not display the employee with MANAGER_ID 108 but it would display all the employees below him or her in the hierarchy.

Correct Answer: CD

**QUESTION 12**

View the Exhibit and examine the description of the ORDER_ITEMS and PRODUCT_INFORMATION tables.

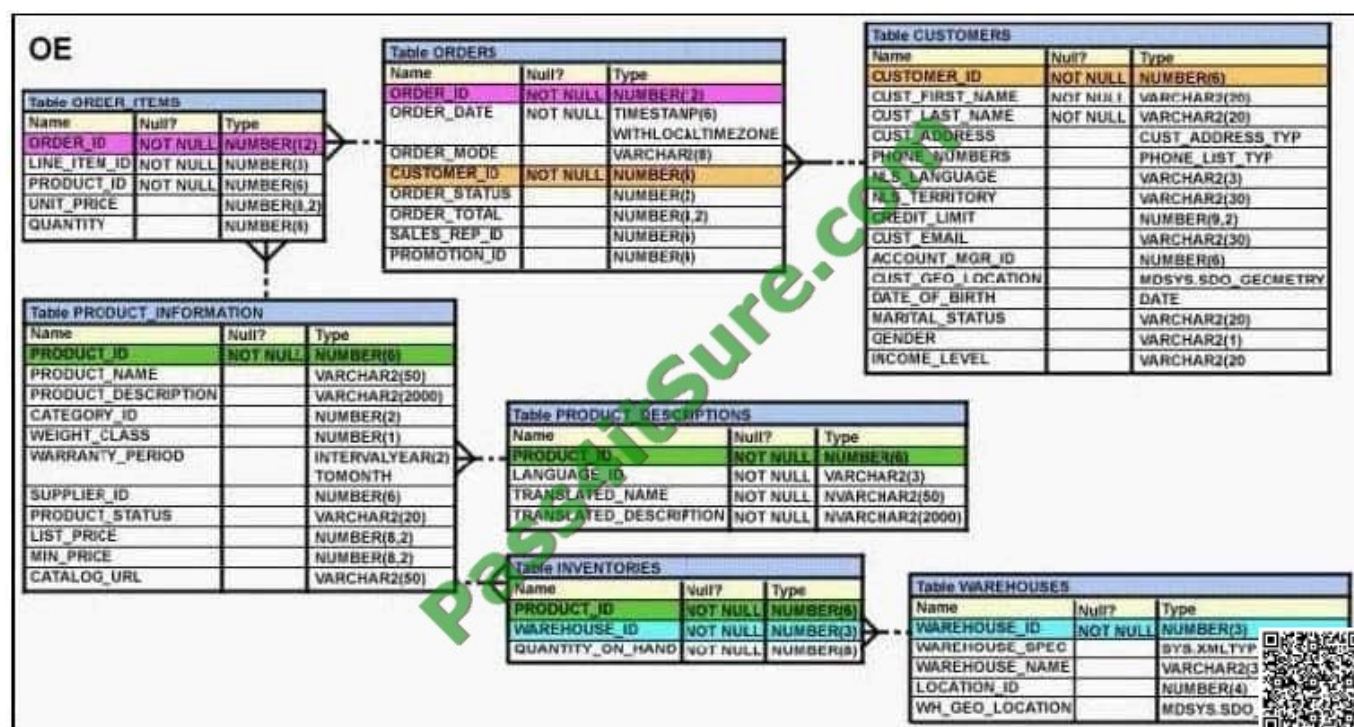
The ORDER_ITEM table has records pertaining to details for each product in an order. The PRODUCT_INFORMATION table has records for all the products available for ordering.

Evaluate the following SQL statement:

```
SELECT oi.order_id, pi.product_id
```

```
FROM orderitems oi RIGHT OUTER JOIN product_information pi ON (oi.product_id=pi.Product_id);
```

Which statement is true regarding the output of this SQL statement?



- A. The query would return the ORDER_ID and PRODUCT_ID for only those products that are ordered.
- B. The query would return the ORDER_ID and PRODUCT_ID for the products that are ordered as well as for the products that have never been ordered.
- C. The query would return the ORDER_ID and PRODUCT_ID for the products that are ordered but not listed in the PRODUCT_INFORMATION table.
- D. The query would return the ORDER_ID and PRODUCT_ID for those products that are ordered as well as for the products that have never been ordered, and for the products that are not listed in the PRODUCT INFORMATION table.

Correct Answer: B

[Latest 1Z0-047 Dumps](#)

[1Z0-047 Practice Test](#)

[1Z0-047 Study Guide](#)



To Read the [Whole Q&As](#), please purchase the [Complete Version](#) from [Our website](#).

Try our product !

100% Guaranteed Success

100% Money Back Guarantee

365 Days Free Update

Instant Download After Purchase

24x7 Customer Support

Average 99.9% Success Rate

More than 800,000 Satisfied Customers Worldwide

Multi-Platform capabilities - [Windows](#), [Mac](#), [Android](#), [iPhone](#), [iPod](#), [iPad](#), [Kindle](#)

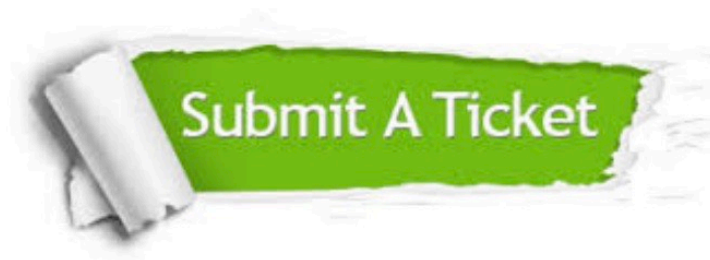
We provide exam PDF and VCE of Cisco, Microsoft, IBM, CompTIA, Oracle and other IT Certifications. You can view Vendor list of All Certification Exams offered:

<https://www.pass4itsure.com/allproducts>

Need Help

Please provide as much detail as possible so we can best assist you.

To update a previously submitted ticket:



 One Year Free Update Free update is available within One Year after your purchase. After One Year, you will get 50% discounts for updating. And we are proud to boast a 24/7 efficient Customer Support system via Email.	 Money Back Guarantee To ensure that you are spending on quality products, we provide 100% money back guarantee for 30 days from the date of purchase.	 Security & Privacy We respect customer privacy. We use McAfee's security service to provide you with utmost security for your personal information & peace of mind.
---	---	--

Any charges made through this site will appear as Global Simulators Limited.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Copyright © pass4itsure, All Rights Reserved.