

# 100% Money Back Guarantee

**Vendor:** Oracle

**Exam Code:** 1Z0-870

**Exam Name:** MySQL 5.0, 5.1 and 5.5 Certified Associate Exam

**Version:** Demo

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**QUESTION: 1**

You work as a Database Administrator for . You have created a table named Student. You want to create a view named student\_view for this table. Which of the following syntaxes will you use to accomplish the task?

- A. CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW My\_view...
- B. CREATE VIEW student\_view...
- C. Insert VIEW student\_view...
- D. CREATE student\_view VIEW...

**Answer: B**

**QUESTION: 2**

Which of the following are the attributes of a simple view? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. It fetches data from two or more tables.
- B. It does not have any usage of SQL group functions or grouping of data.
- C. It fetches data from one database table only.
- D. DML operations are allowed on the view.

**Answer: B, C, D**

**QUESTION: 3**

Which of the following statements is true about the UNION operator?

- A. The UNION operator is similar to the OUTER JOIN operator.
- B. The UNION operator cannot be used for more than two tables.

- C. The UNION operator is based on the relationship between the two tables.
- D. The UNION operator is used to combine the result-sets.

**Answer:** D

**QUESTION: 4**

You work as a Database Administrator for Iteexamworld.com. The company uses MySQL as its database. You have created a table named Employee in the Sales database. Under unavoidable circumstances, you have to change the structure of the Employee table. Before changing the structure, you want to copy the data to a new table. For this, you have created a table named NewEmp with the same structure. Which of the following statements will you use to copy all the data from Employee to NewEmp?

- A. INSERT NewEmp SELECT \* FROM Employee;
- B. INSERT INTO NewEmp FROM Employee;
- C. INSERT NewEmp FROM Employee;
- D. INSERT INTO NewEmp SELECT \* FROM Employee;

**Answer:** D

**QUESTION: 5**

You work as a Database Administrator for Iteexamworld.com. The company uses MySQL as its database. You want to use group functions, so you have decided to put an alias of group functions as 'GP'. Which of the following are the correct ways to use group functions? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. GP1(group\_item) = result
- B. GP1(GP2(GP3(group\_item))) = result
- C. GP1(GP2(group\_item)) = result
- D. GP1(GP2(GPn(group\_item))) = result

**Answer:** A, C

**QUESTION: 6**

You work as a Database Administrator for . The company uses MySQL as its database. The database contains a table named Employees. You want to remove an index named

Emp\_name\_idx from the Employees table. Which of the following statements should you use to accomplish the task?

- A. DELETE INDEX Emp\_name\_idx;
- B. CANCEL INDEX Emp\_name\_idx;
- C. REMOVE INDEX Emp\_name\_idx;
- D. DROP INDEX Emp\_name\_idx;

**Answer:** D

**QUESTION: 7**

You work as a Database Administrator for . The company uses the MySQL database. You have created a table named Employees. The table contains the following structure The company has three departments. A task has been assigned to you to calculate the sum of the average length of employees' last name per department. Which of the following queries will you execute to accomplish the task?

emp_id	department name	emp first name	emp last name
111	Marketing	Adam	S
112	Sales	Xavier	Alex
113	Marketing	Andrew	Peterson
114	Production	Maria	Sheren
115	Production	Jenny	Ford

- A. SELECT SUM(AVG(LENGTH(last\_name))) FROM Employees ORDER BY department\_id;
- B. SELECT SUM(AVG(LENGTH(last\_name))) FROM Employees WHERE department\_id=NOT NULL;
- C. SELECT SUM(AVG(LENGTH(last\_name))) FROM Employees HAVING department\_id;
- D. SELECT SUM(AVG(LENGTH(last\_name))) FROM Employees GROUP BY department\_id;

**Answer:** D

**QUESTION: 8**

Which of the following terms is described in the statement below? "It is procedural code that is automatically executed in response to certain events on a particular table or view in a database."

- A. Database trigger
- B. Datetime data type
- C. Table

D. Data type

**Answer:** A

**QUESTION:** 9

You work as a Database Administrator for . You have created a table named Employees and an index named emp\_index. You find that the index is not working properly and thus you want to remove it. Which of the following statements will you use to accomplish the task?

- A. DELETE INDEX emp\_index
- B. REMOVE INDEX emp\_index
- C. CANCEL INDEX emp\_index
- D. DROP INDEX emp\_index

**Answer:** D

**QUESTION:** 10

You work as a Database Administrator for . You have created a table named Students in a database. You want to add a PRIMARY KEY constraint to the Student\_ID column of the Students table. Which of the following statements will you use to accomplish the task?

- A. UPDATE TABLE Students ADD CONSTRAINT Stu\_ID\_pk PRIMARY KEY (Student\_ID);
- B. MODIFY CONSTRAINT Stu\_ID\_pk PRIMARY KEY (Student\_ID);
- C. ALTER TABLE Students ADD CONSTRAINT Stu\_ID\_pk PRIMARY KEY (Student\_ID);
- D. ADD CONSTRAINT Stu\_ID\_pk PRIMARY KEY (Student\_ID);

**Answer:** C

**QUESTION:** 11

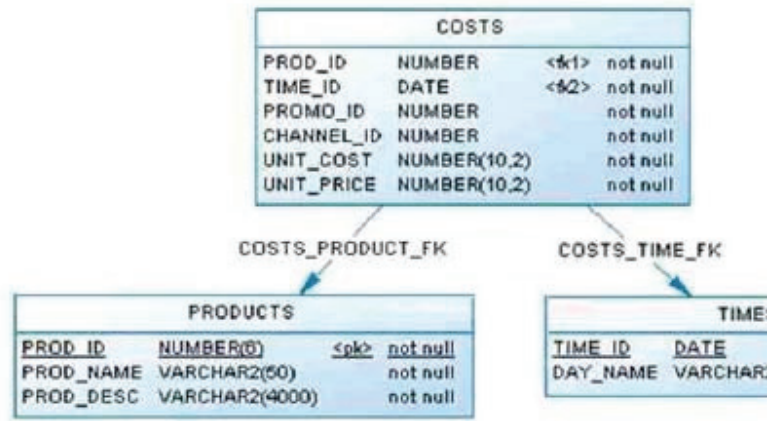
What kind of join automatically joins two or more tables based on common column names?

- A. Equi-join
- B. Inner Join
- C. Self Join
- D. Natural Join

**Answer:** D

**QUESTION:** 12

Review the following ER diagram:



Which of the following queries will properly display the average unit\_cost (rounded to two decimal places) for a given product on a Saturday and Order the results by the PROD\_NAME column?

- A. SELECT a.prod\_name, AVG(b.unit\_cost) FROM products a, costs b, times c WHERE a.prod\_id=b.prod\_id AND c.time\_id=b.time\_id AND c.day\_name='Saturday' GROUP BY a.prod\_name ORDER BY a.prod\_name;
- B. SELECT a.prod\_name, ROUND(AVG(b.unit\_cost),2) FROM products a, costs b, times c WHERE a.prod\_id=b.prod\_id AND c.time\_id=b.time\_id AND c.day\_name='Saturday';
- C. SELECT a.prod\_name, ROUND(AVG(b.unit\_cost),2) FROM products a, costs b, times c WHERE a.prod\_id=b.prod\_id AND c.time\_id=b.time\_id AND c.day\_name='Saturday'
- D. GROUP BY a.prod\_name ORDER BY ROUND(AVG(b.unit\_cost),2);
- E. SELECT a.prod\_name, ROUND(AVG(b.unit\_cost),2) FROM products a, costs b, times c WHERE a.prod\_id=b.prod\_id AND c.time\_id=b.time\_id AND c.day\_name='Saturday' GROUP BY a.prod\_name ORDER BY a.prod\_name;
- F. SELECT a.prod\_name, ROUND(AVG(b.unit\_cost),2) FROM products a, costs b, times c WHERE a.prod\_id=b.prod\_id AND c.time\_id=b.time\_id AND c.day\_name='Saturday' ORDER BY a.prod\_name;

**Answer:** D

**QUESTION:** 13

Which of the following is the correct syntax for the DESCRIBE command?

- A. DESC[RIBE] {[schema.] Object. table\_name}
- B. DESC[RIBE] {[schema.] Object [@net\_service\_name]}
- C. DESC[RIBE] {[schema.] table\_name}
- D. DESC[RIBE] {[schema.entity] WHERE [@net\_service\_name]}

**Answer:** B

**QUESTION:** 14

Which of the following are true about UPDATE statements? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. You can use co-related sub query in UPDATE statements to update data from other tables.
- B. If you don't use the WHERE clause then the UPDATE will not update any rows in the table.
- C. You use the SET clause to update multiple columns of a table separated by commas.
- D. You can use the WHERE clause to have your update affects a specific set of rows.

**Answer:** A, C, D

**QUESTION:** 15

Which of the following INSERT statements is correct?

- A. INSERT INTO Employees VALUES (1001, 'Maria', '100 Park Street', '17-JUN-99');
- B. INSERT INTO Employees VALUES (1001, 'Maria', '100 Park Street', '17-JUN-99')
- C. INSERT Employees (1001, 'Maria', '100 Park Street', '17-JUN-99');
- D. INSERT INTO Employees VALUES (1001, Maria, 100 Park Street, '17-JUN-99');

**Answer:** A

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