

S90.09^{Q&As}

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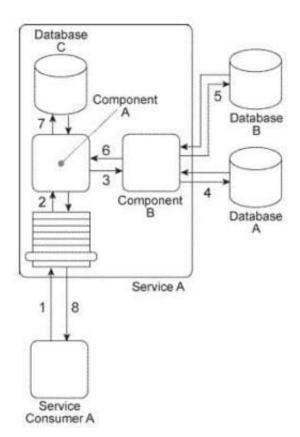
QUESTION 1

Service Consumer A sends Service A a message containing a business document (1). The business document is received by Component A, which keeps the business document in memory and forwards a copy to Component B (3). Component B first writes portions of the business document to Database A (4).

Component B writes the entire business document to Database B and then uses some of the data values from the business document as query parameters to retrieve new data from Database B (5).

Next, Component B returns the new data back to Component A (6), which merges it together with the original business document it has been keeping in memory and then writes the combined data to Database C (7). The Service A service capability invoked by Service Consumer A requires a synchronous request-response data exchange. Therefore, based on the outcome of the last database update, Service A returns a message with a success or failure code back to Service Consumer A (8).

Databases A and B are shared and Database C is dedicated to the Service A service architecture.



There are several problems with this architecture: First, the response time of Database A is often poor, resulting in Component B taking too much time to provide a response to Component A. This results in Component A consuming too many runtime resources while it holds the business document in memory and it also causes unreasonable delays in responding to Service Consumer A. Additionally, Database B is being replaced with a different database product that supports a proprietary file format. This will disable the current interaction between Component B and the new Database B. What steps can be taken to solve these problems?

A. The State Repository pattern is applied so that Component A can defer the business document data to a state database while it waits for a response from Component B. The Service Data Replication pattern is applied so that Component B can interact with a database that is replicated from the shared Database A. This will improve performance and reliability that will affect both Component A and Service Consumer A. Finally, the Legacy Wrapper pattern is applied

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so that Database B is wrapped in a standardized contract. This will establish a new wrapper utility service that will allow Database B to be replaced with a different database product without affecting Service A . Furthermore, the Data Format

Transformation pattern can be applied within the new wrapper utility service to enable it to convert to

and from the new proprietary file format.

- B. The State Repository pattern is applied so that Component A can defer the business document data to a state database while it waits for a response from Component B. The Asynchronous Queuing pattern can be applied so that a messaging queue is established between Service Consumer A and Service A, thereby guaranteeing delivery and avoiding Service Consumer A from being tied up too long waiting for Service A to respond. Finally, the Data Format Transformation pattern can be applied to enable Component B to convert to and from the new proprietary file format introduced by the database product that is replacing Database B.
- C. The Legacy Wrapper pattern is applied so that Database B is wrapped in a standardized contract. This will establish a new wrapper utility service that will allow Database B to be replaced with a different database product without affecting Service A . The Data Format Transformation pattern can be applied within the new wrapper utility service to enable it to convert to and from the new proprietary file format. The Service Data Replication pattern is applied so that Component B can interact with a database that is replicated from the shared Database B, regardless of what database product is used to replace Database B. The Service Abstraction principle can be further applied to hide the implementation details, including the changes mentioned in this solution, from Service Consumer A.

D.	None	of the	above.
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Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 2

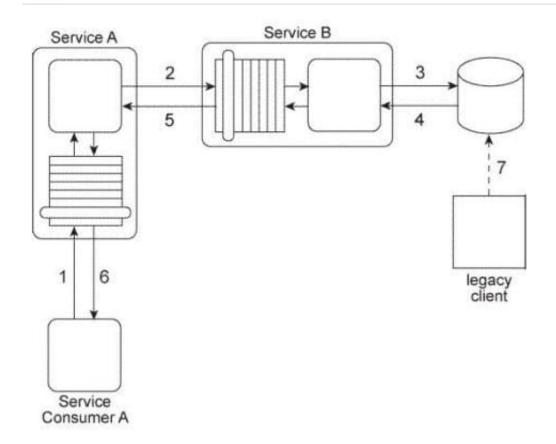
Service A is an entity service that provides a Get capability that returns a data value that is frequently changed.

Service Consumer A invokes Service A in order to request this data value (1). For Service A to carry out this request, it must invoke Service B (2), a utility service that interacts (3.4) with the database in which the data value is stored. Regardless of whether the data value changed, Service B returns the latest value to Service A (5), and Service A returns the latest value to Service Consumer A (6).

The data value is changed when the legacy client program updates the database (7) When this change happens is not predictable. Note also that Service A and Service B are not always available at the same time.

Any time the data value changes. Service Consumer A needs to receive it as soon as possible. Therefore, Service Consumer A initiates the message exchange shown in the Figure several times a day. When it receives the same data value as before, the response from Service A is ignored. When Service A provides an updated data value, Service Consumer A can process it to carry out its task.

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The current service composition architecture is using up too many resources due to the repeated invocation of Service A by Service Consumer A and the resulting message exchanges that occur with each invocation. What steps can be taken to solve this problem?

A. The Event-Driven Messaging pattern can be applied by establishing a subscriber- publisher relationship between Service A and Service B. This way, every time the data value is updated, an event is triggered and Service B, acting as the publisher, can notify Service A, which acts as the subscriber. The Asynchronous Queuing pattern can be applied between Service A and Service B so that the event notification message sent out by Service B will be received by Service A, even when Service A is unavailable.

B. The Event-Driven Messaging pattern can be applied by establishing a subscriber- publisher relationship between Service Consumer A and Service A. This way, every time the data value is updated, an event is triggered and Service A, acting as the publisher, can notify Service Consumer A, which acts as the subscriber. The Asynchronous Queuing pattern can be applied between Service Consumer A and Service A so that the event notification message sent out by Service A will be

received by Service Consumer A, even when Service Consumer A is unavailable.

- C. The Asynchronous Queuing pattern can be applied so that messaging queues are established between Service A and Service B and between Service Consumer A and Service A . This way, messages are never lost due to the unavailability of Service A or Service B.
- D. None of the above.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 3

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Currently, due to the increasing amount of concurrent access by service consumers, the runtime performance of both the Client and Vendor services has worsened and has therefore reduced their effectiveness as service composition members. Additionally, a review of the logic of both services has revealed that some of the business rules used by the Client and Vendor services are actually the same. What steps can be taken to improve performance and reduce redundant business rule logic?

- A. The Rules Centralization pattern can be applied by extracting the business rule logic from the Client and Vendor services and placing it into a new Rules service, thereby reducing the redundancy of business rules logic. The Redundant Implementation pattern can then be applied to establish a scalable Rules service that is capable of supporting concurrent access from many service consumers.
- B. The Redundant Implementation pattern can be applied to the Client and Vendor services, thereby establishing duplicate service implementations that can be accessed when a service reaches its runtime usage threshold. The Intermediate Routing pattern can be further applied to provide load balancing logic that can, at runtime, determine which of the redundant service implementations is the least busy for a given service consumer request.
- C. The Rules Centralization pattern can be applied to isolate business rules logic into a central and reusable Rules service. Additionally, the Service Abstraction principle can be applied to hide the implementation details of new the Rules service.
- D. None of the above.

Correct Answer: A

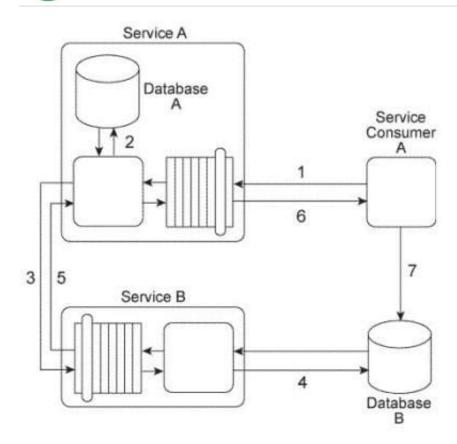
QUESTION 4

Service Consumer A sends a message with a business document to Service A (1), which writes the business document to Database A (2). Service A then forwards the business document to Service B (3), which writes the business document to Database B (4).

Service B then responds to Service A with a message containing a failure or success code (5) after which Service A responds to Service Consumer A with a message containing a failure or success code (6). Upon receiving the message, Service Consumer A updates a log table in Database B (7). The log entry is comprised of the entire business document.

Database A is dedicated to the Service A service architecture and Database B is a shared database.

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There are two problems with this service composition architecture that you are asked to address: First, both Service Consumer A and Service B need to transform the business document data from an XML format to a proprietary Comma Separated Value (CSV) in order to write the data to Database B. This has led to redundant data format transformation logic that has been difficult to keep in synch when Database B changes. Secondly, Service A is an entity service that is being reused by several other service compositions. It has lately developed reliability problems that have caused the service to become unavailable for extended periods. What steps can be taken to solve these problems?

A. The Legacy Wrapper pattern can be applied so that data access to Database B is separated into a new wrapper utility service. This way, the Data Format Transformation pattern only needs to be applied within the logic of this new service which will expose a standardized contract that both Service Consumer A and Service B can access. The Asynchronous Queuing pattern can be applied so that messaging queues are established between Service Consumer A and Service A and between Service A and Service B. The Service Autonomy principle can be further applied to Service A in order to establish a more isolated and reliable surrounding infrastructure.

- B. The Legacy Wrapper pattern can be applied so that data access to Database B is separated into a new wrapper utility service. This way, the Data Format Transformation pattern only needs to be applied within the logic of this new service which will expose a standardized contract that both Service Consumer A and Service B can access. The Reliable Messaging pattern can be applied so that acknowledgements are passed between Service Consumer A and Service A and between Service A and Service B. The Service Composability principle can be further applied to Service A in order to optimize its service architecture for improved participation in multiple service compositions.
- C. The service composition can be redesigned with the application of the Contract Centralization pattern so that instead of writing the business document to Database B, Service Consumer A sends the business document to Service B instead. This way, Service B would provide the only location where data format transformation logic for Database B needs to be carried out, which further supports the application of the Service Reusability principle. The Reliable Messaging pattern can be applied so that acknowledgements are passed between Service Consumer A and Service A and between Service A and Service B. The Service Composability principle can be further applied to Service A in order to optimize its service architecture for improved participation in multiple service compositions.

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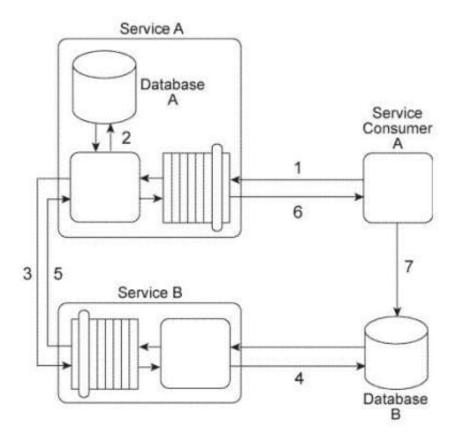
D. None of the above.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 5

Service Consumer A sends a message with a business document to Service A (1), which writes the business document to Database A (2). Service A then forwards the business document to Service B (3), which writes the business document to Database B (4).

Service B then responds to Service A with a message containing a failure or success code (5) after which Service A responds to Service Consumer A with a message containing a failure or success code (6). Upon receiving the message, Service Consumer A updates a log table in Database B (7). The log entry is comprised of the entire business document. Database A is dedicated to the Service A service architecture and Database B is a shared database.



You are told that the database updates performed by Service A and Service B must be either both successful or they cannot happen at all. The database update performed by Service Consumer A must happen after it is given the outcome of the database updates performed by Service A and Service B. Given that Service Consumer A must also update Database B as part of this service composition architecture, how is it possible to fulfill these requirements?

A. The State Repository pattern can be applied so that Service A writes the business document data to a separate state database until it receives a response message from Service B. If the response message contains a success code, Service A writes the business document to Database A. If the response contains a failure code, Service A discards the data that was written to the state database.

B. The Service Data Replication pattern can be applied to Service Consumer A and Service B so that separate dedicated databases can be established allowing Service Consumer A to make updates independently of Service B.



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Service A is simply redesigned to not write the business document to Database A until after it receives a message containing a success code from Service B.

C. The Atomic Service Transaction pattern can be applied to encompass Service A, Service B and Service Consumer A. This will guarantee that all of the actions performed by the service composition participants will either be successful or will be rolled back if anyone is not successful.

D. None of the above.

Correct Answer: D

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