



RPFT^{Q&As}

Registry Examination for Advanced Pulmonary Function Technologists

Pass Test Prep RPFT Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.pass4itsure.com/rpft.html>

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

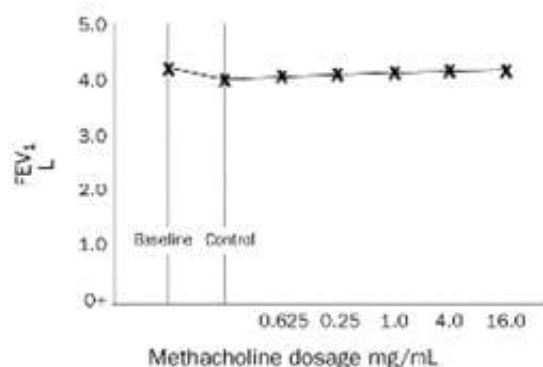
Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Test Prep
Official Exam Center

- ⚙️ **Instant Download** After Purchase
- ⚙️ **100% Money Back** Guarantee
- ⚙️ **365 Days** Free Update
- ⚙️ **800,000+** Satisfied Customers



**QUESTION 1**

The following data were obtained from a bronchial challenge test:



APC20 of 2 mg/mL was obtained the next day in another laboratory. Which of the following is the most likely explanation for these data?

- A. The two test results are within day-to-day variability.
- B. Incorrect doses of methacholine were administered.
- C. The spirometer accuracy drifted during the test.
- D. The patient's effort was inconsistent.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

A 35-year-old healthy male is performing a maximal stress test as part of an annual physical. The following data are observed:

	<u>Baseline</u>	<u>5 Minutes</u>
Work	rest	100 watts
HR	81	141
BP (mm Hg)	120/75	150/80
SpO ₂	96	81
Borg Scale	0	2

The patient denies any symptoms. Which of the following should a pulmonary function technologist do first?

- A. Obtain an arterial blood gas while continuing exercise
- B. Move the pulse oximeter sensor to another site
- C. Administer oxygen at 3-4 L/min by nasal cannula

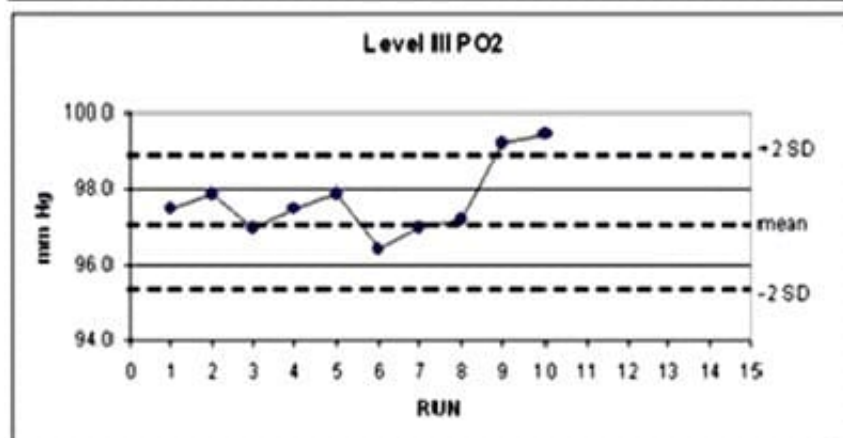
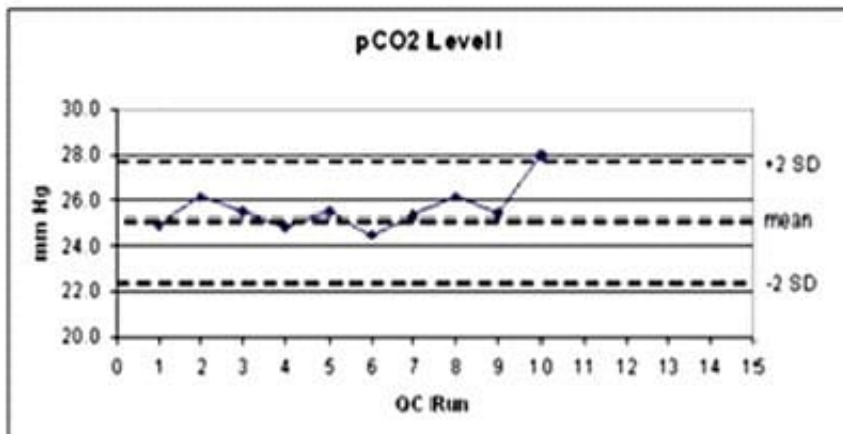
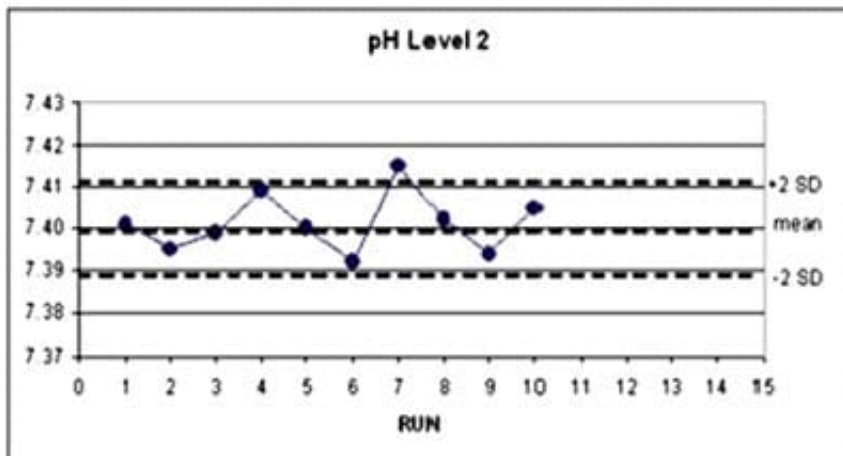


D. Terminate the test and stabilize the patient.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 3

The following Levy-Jennings charts of control values are obtained: Which of the following is the correct sequence of actions for a pulmonary function technologist to take?



1.



Replace the oxygen electrode.

2.

Check the temperature of the measuring chamber.

3.

Run protein remover through the blood gas analyzer.

4.

Replace the CO₂ electrode.

A. 3, then 1

B. 1, then 4

C. 2, then 3

D. 4, then 2

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 4

A patient's vital capacity is slightly reduced, the FEV₁/FVC is normal, and the uncorrected DL_{co} is increased. Which of the following is the most likely diagnosis?

A. diffuse pulmonary fibrosis

B. diaphragmatic hemiparesis

C. kyphoscoliosis

D. polycythemia vera

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 5

A biologic control subject has a FRC_{pleth} of 4.0 ± 0.3 L at panting frequencies between 60 and 70/min.

During a QC run, the subject pants at 55/min and a FRC_{pleth} of 3.90 L is recorded.

Which of the following is the most appropriate action to take?

A. Recalibrate the mouth pressure transducer and repeat the test.

B. Repeat the test, coaching the subject to pant more slowly.

C. Continue using the system because it is within control limits.



D. Take the plethysmograph out of service pending corrective maintenance.

Correct Answer: C

[RPFT VCE Dumps](#)

[RPFT Practice Test](#)

[RPFT Study Guide](#)