



# PGCES-02<sup>Q&As</sup>

PostgreSQL CE 8 Silver

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**QUESTION 1**

Select two suitable statements regarding the following SQL statement: CREATE TRIGGER trigger\_1 AFTER UPDATE ON sales FOR EACH ROW EXECUTE PROCEDURE write\_log();

- A. It is defining a trigger "trigger\_1".
- B. Every time `UPDATE` is executed on the "sales" table, the "write\_log" function is called once.
- C. The "write\_log" function is called before `UPDATE` takes place.
- D. `UPDATE` is not executed if "write\_log" returns NULL.
- E. `DROP TRIGGER trigger_1 ON sales;` deletes the defined trigger.

Correct Answer: AE

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**QUESTION 2**

Select three SQL statements which return NULL.

- A. `SELECT 0 = NULL;`
- B. `SELECT NULL != NULL;`
- C. `SELECT NULL IS NULL;`
- D. `SELECT NULL;`
- E. `SELECT NULL::TEXT;`

Correct Answer: ABD

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**QUESTION 3**

Select an incorrect statement regarding prepared statements, and `PREPARE` / `EXECUTE` commands.

- A. `PREPARE` / `EXECUTE` is mainly used to optimize performance.
- B. `PREPARE` creates a plan for the prepared statement.
- C. `PREPARE` can only specify `SELECT` as a prepared statement.
- D. `EXECUTE` executes the plan defined by `PREPARE`.
- E. `DEALLOCATE` deallocates prepared statements.

Correct Answer: C

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#### QUESTION 4

Given the following two table definitions, select one SQL statement which will cause an error.

```
CREATE TABLE sample1 (id INTEGER, data TEXT);
```

```
CREATE TABLE sample2 (id INTEGER);
```

- A. SELECT id AS data, data FROM sample1;
- B. SELECT id, id FROM sample1;
- C. SELECT s1.id, s2.id FROM sample1 AS s1, sample1 AS s2;
- D. SELECT s1.id, s2.id FROM sample1 s1, sample2 s2;
- E. SELECT s1.id, s2.data FROM sample1 s1, sample2 s2;

Correct Answer: E

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#### QUESTION 5

Select the correct SQL statement to define a new data type.

- A. CREATE CLASS
- B. CREATE FUNCTION
- C. CREATE OPERATOR
- D. CREATE DATABASE
- E. CREATE TYPE

Correct Answer: E

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