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Privacy and Data Protection Foundation

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**QUESTION 1**

A company CEO travels to a meeting in another city. He takes a notebook with information about the company's new projects and acquisitions, which will be the subject of discussion at this meeting. These are the only data stored on the notebook.

The notebook accidentally falls into the hotel's pool and all data is lost.

What happened, considering the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)?

- A. A security incident
- B. A vulnerability
- C. A data breach
- D. A security risk

Correct Answer: A

The purpose of GDPR is to protect personal data. In the case of this issue there was no loss of personal data, so it is not a data breach.

Important

A data breach is whenever something happens that has not been planned with the personal data, be it improper processing, improper sharing, loss of data, deletion, etc. That is, personal data must be used for a specific purpose, respecting the life cycle (from collection to exclusion), any situation that escapes this cycle must be reported as a data breach.

QUESTION 2

What is the main objective of the "Lifecycle Protection" principle?

- A. All appropriate measures shall be taken to ensure that inaccurate data, taking into account the purposes for which they are processed, are erased or rectified without a delay.
- B. The processing of data must take place in a manner that ensures its security, including protection against unauthorized or unlawful processing and accidental loss, destruction or damage.
- C. Security measures should be in place from the moment data are collected until they are deleted.
- D. Data must be collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and may not be further processed in a manner incompatible with those purposes.

Correct Answer: C

Data Life Cycle Management (DLM)

It aims to manage data flow throughout the lifecycle, from collection, processing, sharing, storage and deletion.

Having the knowledge where the data travels, who is responsible, who has access, helps a lot to implement security measures.

**QUESTION 3**

According to the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), which category of personal data is considered to be sensitive data?

- A. Labor union association
- B. Passport number
- C. Credit card details
- D. Social security number

Correct Answer: A

Article 9: Processing of special categories of personal data:

1. Processing of personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, and the processing of genetic data, biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual orientation shall be prohibited.

QUESTION 4

A secretary at a pediatric cardiology clinic instead of sending the doctor the list of patients scheduled for the day, sends it to all those responsible registered for the children with scheduled appointments.

According to the GDPR, does the Supervisory Authority need to be notified? And those responsible for the data holders?

- A. The Supervisory Authority must be notified, but there is no need to notify those responsible for the data subjects, as whoever had access to the data is also someone in the same situation.
- B. The Supervisory Authority must be notified and also those responsible for the holders who had their data exposed.
- C. There is no need to notify the Supervisory Authority, however those responsible for the holders who had their data exposed must be notified.
- D. There is no need to notify the Supervisory Authority or those responsible for the data subjects, as whoever had access to the data is also someone in the same situation.

Correct Answer: B

This is an issue that addresses two very important points ?sensitive data and data from minors.

As these are, it is necessary to inform the Supervisory Authority and those responsible for the data subjects.

Article 34 mentions:

1. When the personal data breach is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the controller shall communicate the personal data breach to the data subject without undue delay.

Recital 38 says:



Children merit specific protection regarding their personal data, as they may be less aware of the risks, consequences and safeguards concerned and their rights in relation to the processing of personal data.

Such specific protection should, in particular, apply to the use of personal data of children for the purposes of marketing or creating personality or user profiles and the collection of personal data with regard to children when using services offered directly to a child. The consent of the holder of parental responsibility should not be necessary in the context of preventive or counselling services offered directly to a child.

QUESTION 5

What is considered a personal data processing for the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)?

- A. Analysis of data regarding the cause of death in the last 10 years.
- B. Creating a backup with records of names, addresses, enrollment of students.
- C. Conducting analysis of personal data related to health issues, but which have previously been anonymized.
- D. Statistical publication with intention to vote, help anonymously.

Correct Answer: B

Anonymized data is not under the scope of the GDPR, nor are data from deceased persons. Organizations that handle only this type of data do not need to conform to the GDPR.

Anonymized data reads data that is not possible to reverse in order to identify the data subject. There is also pseudonymized data, in which case it is possible to perform the reversal and identify the data holder.

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