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Privacy and Data Protection Foundation

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**QUESTION 1**

One of the objectives of a data protection impact assessment (DPIA) is to strengthen the confidence of customers or citizens in the way personal data is processed and privacy is respected. How can a DPIA strengthen the confidence?

- A. The organization proves that it takes privacy seriously and aims for compliance with the GDPR.
- B. The organization minimizes the risk of costly adjustments in processes or the redesign of systems in a later stage.
- C. The organization prevents non-compliance with the GDPR and minimizes the risk of fines

Correct Answer: A

The organization minimizes the risk of costly adjustments in processes or the redesign of systems in a later stage. Incorrect. This aspect may strengthen the confidence of management, but not of customers or citizens.

The organization prevents non-compliance with the GDPR and minimizes the risk of fines. Incorrect. Preventing fines may strengthen the confidence of management, but not of customers or citizens.

The organization proves that it takes privacy seriously and aims for compliance with the GDPR. Correct. Doing a DPIA shows customers or citizens that the company is serious about data protection. (Literature: A, Chapter 8)

QUESTION 2

Personal data shall be adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed. Which data processing principle is described here?

- A. Purpose limitation
- B. Data minimization
- C. Accuracy
- D. Fairness and transparency

Correct Answer: B

Accuracy. Incorrect. Accuracy is the principle that personal data shall be accurate and kept up to date.

Data minimization. Correct. Data minimization means that personal data shall be adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary. (Literature: A, Chapter 2; GDPR Article 5(1))

Fairness and transparency. Incorrect. Fairness and transparency mean that personal data shall be processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject.

Purpose limitation. Incorrect. Purpose limitation means that personal data shall be collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes; further processing for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes shall, in accordance with GDPR Article 89(1), not be considered to be incompatible with the initial purposes.

QUESTION 3



A company wishes to use personal data of their customers. They wish to start sending all female customers a customized newsletter. What right do all data subjects have in this scenario?

- A. The right to rectification
- B. The right to compensation
- C. The right to object to profiling

Correct Answer: C

The right to compensation. Incorrect. It is unlikely that all data subjects will suffer harm that must be compensated in this scenario.

The right to object to profiling. Correct. All data subjects have a right to object to the processing of personal data for direct marketing, including profiling. This is clearly profiling. (Literature: A, Chapter 4)

The right to rectification. Incorrect. It is unlikely that the company has incorrect data on all data subjects, so the right to rectification does not apply.

QUESTION 4

What year did the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) come into force?

- A. 2016
- B. 2018
- C. 2017
- D. 2019

Correct Answer: B

The deadline for companies to adapt and comply with GDPR was May 25, 2018. This is an important date and should be memorized. It is common to have this question in this exam.

Article 99 of GDPR

1.

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

2.

It shall apply from 25 May 2018.

QUESTION 5

Important technical requirements set out in the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) are about data quality. One is the obligation to ensure appropriate security, including protection against unauthorized or unlawful processing.



What is another important technical requirement?

- A. To ascertain that personal data collection is adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes
- B. To control that data collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes is not further processed for other purposes
- C. To keep personal data accurate and up to date, ensuring that inaccurate data are erased or rectified without delay
- D. To make sure that personal data is processed lawfully, fairly and in transparent manner in relation to the data subject

Correct Answer: A

Reference: <http://www.privacy-regulation.eu/en/article-5-principles-relating-to-processing-of-personal-dataGDPR.htm>

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