



# PDPF<sup>Q&As</sup>

Privacy and Data Protection Foundation

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**QUESTION 1**

According to the GDPR, what is a mandatory topic in a DPIA report?

- A. Systematic description of the fiduciary duties to ensure compliance to all relevant laws and regulations
- B. An assessment of the necessity and proportionality of the processing operations in relation to the purposes
- C. The documentation of the risks to the rights and freedoms of the data protection officer
- D. The measures envisaged to address the privacy compliance frameworks risks

Correct Answer: B

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**QUESTION 2**

The Traffic Department of a city wants to know how many cars travel daily in order to plan the number of spaces needed to implement a rotating parking system.

To do this, cameras were installed at strategic points. Through image recognition software it is possible to capture the license plate and know how many cars traveled in the city. A monthly report is issued with the average number of cars present each day.

Signs and posters were spread around the city informing drivers and citizens what is the purpose of processing and that the data will be stored for up to five years, for future comparison.

What basic principle of legitimate processing of personal data is being violated in this case?

- A. Personal data must be kept in a way that allows the identification of data subjects for a period not longer than necessary.
- B. Personal data must be processed transparently in relation to the data subject.
- C. Personal data must be processed in a way that guarantees the appropriate security of personal data.
- D. Personal data must be collected for specific, explicit and legitimate purposes and must not be further processed for incompatible purposes.

Correct Answer: A

Here we have a very common catch in EXIN exams.

As stated "monthly a report is issued". Therefore, the report issued and with the average number of cars for each day is known, there is no longer a need to keep the license plate records. The information on the average number of cars per day is already sufficient for the planning of rotating parking as well as sufficient for a future comparison. So, there is no need to keep personal data stored for 5 years.

You may be wondering if a license plate is personal data. The answer is yes. Any information that makes it possible to identify a person is considered personal data.

A real and interesting example was a wife who identified her husband's car at a friend's house through Google Maps. The license plates on Google Maps are erased for security, but the car had a specific sticker. See that the wife gathered two pieces of information: car model and sticker, to identify her husband. In isolation neither of these two is a personal



data, but together they become, because it was possible to identify it.

Luckily for his wife, who discovered his affair with her friend.

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### QUESTION 3

The illegal collection, storage, modification, disclosure or dissemination of personal data is an offense under European law.

What kind of offense is this?

- A. An offense related to content
- B. An offense to intellectual property
- C. An economic offense
- D. An offense to privacy

Correct Answer: D

An offense to privacy, as any illegal processing of personal data is considered an offense.

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### QUESTION 4

Someone regularly receives offers from a store where he purchased something five years ago. He wants the company to stop sending offers and to wipe his personal data.

Which aspect of the rights of a data subject in the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) requires the company to comply?

- A. The right to erasure
- B. The right to rectification
- C. The right to restriction of processing
- D. The right to withdraw consent

Correct Answer: D

Reference: <https://gdpr-info.eu/art-7-gdpr/>

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### QUESTION 5

The General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) in its Article 30 legislates on the Records of treatment activities.

If requested, the controller must provide these records:

- A. To the data processor



- B. To the Data Protection Officer (DPO)
- C. The supervisory authority
- D. To the European Commission

Correct Answer: C

Article 30 in its first paragraph legislates:

1. Each controller and, where applicable, the controller's representative, shall maintain a record of processing activities under its responsibility.

Recital 82 mentions:

In order to demonstrate compliance with this Regulation, the controller or processor should maintain records of processing activities under its responsibility. Each controller and processor should be obliged to cooperate with the supervisory authority and make those records, on request, available to it, so that it might serve for monitoring those processing operations.

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