



NSE7_SDW-7.0^{Q&As}

Fortinet NSE 7 - SD-WAN 7.0

Pass Fortinet NSE7_SDW-7.0 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

https://www.pass4itsure.com/nse7_sdw-7-0.html

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Fortinet Official Exam Center

-  **Instant Download** After Purchase
-  **100% Money Back** Guarantee
-  **365 Days** Free Update
-  **800,000+** Satisfied Customers



**QUESTION 1**

Which two configuration tasks are required to use SD-WAN? (Choose two.)

- A. Add one or more members to an SD-WAN zone.
- B. Configure at least one firewall policy for SD-WAN traffic.
- C. Specify the outgoing interface routing cost.
- D. Specify the incoming interfaces in SD-WAN rules.

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 2

Refer to the exhibit.

```
# diagnose firewall shaper traffic-shaper list name VoIP_Shaper
name VoIP_Shaper
maximum-bandwidth 6250 KB/sec
guaranteed-bandwidth 2500 KB/sec
current-bandwidth 93 KB/sec
priority 2
overhead 0
tos ff
packets dropped 0
bytes dropped 0
```

Which two conclusions for traffic that matches the traffic shaper are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The traffic shaper drops packets if the bandwidth is less than 2500 KBps.
- B. The measured bandwidth is less than 100 KBps.
- C. The traffic shaper drops packets if the bandwidth exceeds 6250 KBps.
- D. The traffic shaper limits the bandwidth of each source IP to a maximum of 6250 KBps.

Correct Answer: BC

QUESTION 3

Refer to exhibits.



Exhibit A

Exhibit B

Edit Policy

Name	Internet Access
Incoming interface	port3
Outgoing interface	SD-WAN
Source	all
Destination	all
Schedule	always
Service	ALL
Action	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ACCEPT <input type="checkbox"/> DENY
Inspection Mode	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Flow-based <input type="checkbox"/> Proxy-based

Firewall / Network Options

NAT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
IP Pool Configuration	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Use Outgoing Interface Address <input type="checkbox"/> Use Dynamic
Preserve Source Port	<input type="checkbox"/>
Protocol Options	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PRX <input type="checkbox"/> default



Exhibit A

Exhibit B

Edit Traffic Shaping Policy

Name

Status Enabled Disabled

Comments 0/255

If Traffic Matches:

Source

+

Destination

+

Schedule

Service

+

Application

+

URL Category

Then:

Action Apply Shaper Assign Shaping Class ID

Outgoing interface

+

Shared shaper

Reverse shaper

Per-IP shaper



Exhibit A shows the firewall policy and exhibit B shows the traffic shaping policy.

The traffic shaping policy is being applied to all outbound traffic; however, inbound traffic is not being evaluated by the shaping policy.

Based on the exhibits, what configuration change must be made in which policy so that traffic shaping can be applied to inbound traffic?

- A. The reverse shaper option must be enabled and a traffic shaper must be selected
- B. The guaranteed-10mbps option must be selected as the reverse shaper option.
- C. A new firewall policy must be created and SD-WAN must be selected as the incoming interface.
- D. The guaranteed-10mbps option must be selected as the per-IP shaper option

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 4

Which CLI command do you use to perform real-time troubleshooting for ADVPN negotiation?

- A. get router info routing-table all
- B. diagnose debug application ike
- C. diagnose vpn tunnel list
- D. get ipsec tunnel list

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 5

Refer to the exhibits. Exhibit A Exhibit B



Edit Performance SLA

Name: Level3_DNS

IP Version: **IPv4** IPv6

Probe Mode: **Active** Passive Prefer Passive

Protocol: **Ping** TCP ECHO UDP ECHO HTTP TW

Server: 4.2.2.1
4.2.2.2

Participants: All SD-WAN Members **Specify**

port1
port2 2 Entries

Enable Probe Packets:

SLA Targets ⓘ

+ Add Target

Link Status

Interval: 500 Milliseconds

Failure Before Inactive: 3 (max 3600)

Restore Link After: 2 (max 3600)

Action When Inactive

Update Static Route:

Cascade Interfaces:



```
branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan member | grep port
Member(1): interface: port1, flags=0x0 , gateway: 192.2.0.2, priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
Member(2): interface: port2, flags=0x0 , gateway: 192.2.0.10, priority: 0 1024, weight: 0

branch1_fgt # get router info routing-table all | grep port
S*      0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 192.2.0.2, port1
        [1/0] via 192.2.0.10, port2
S       8.8.8.8/32 [10/0] via 192.2.0.11, port2
C       10.0.1.0/24 is directly connected, port5
S       172.16.0.0/16 [10/0] via 172.16.0.2, port4
C       172.16.0.0/29 is directly connected, port4
C       192.2.0.0/29 is directly connected, port1
C       192.2.0.8/29 is directly connected, port2
C       192.168.0.0/24 is directly connected, port10

branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan health-check status Level3_DNS
Health Check(Level3_DNS):
Seq(1 port1): state(alive), packet-loss(0.000%) latency(1.919), jitter(0.137), bandwidth-
up(10238), bandwidth-dw(10238), bandwidth-bi(20476) sla_map=0x0
Seq(2 port2): state(alive), packet-loss(0.000%) latency(1.509), jitter(0.101), bandwidth-
up(10238), bandwidth-dw(10238), bandwidth-bi(20476) sla_map=0x0
```

Exhibit A shows the SD-WAN performance SLA and exhibit B shows the SD-WAN member status, the routing table, and the performance SLA status. If port2 is detected dead by FortiGate, what is the expected behavior?

- A. Port2 becomes alive after three successful probes are detected.
- B. FortiGate removes all static routes for port2.
- C. The administrator manually restores the static routes for port2, if port2 becomes alive.
- D. Host 8.8.8.8 is reachable through port1 and port2.

Correct Answer: B

This is due to Update static route is enable which removes the static route entry referencing the interface if the interface is dead

[NSE7_SDW-7.0 VCE Dumps](#)

[NSE7_SDW-7.0 Exam Questions](#)

[NSE7_SDW-7.0 Braindumps](#)