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QUESTION 1

A customer has created an SVM in an 8-node cluster with only FC licensed on all nodes. The customer wants to limit the number of paths visible to each host. Which three technologies accomplish this task? (Choose three.)

A. virtual SANs (VSANs) for all FC target ports to segment specific virtual ports in mapping to the application servers

B. SLM to limit the paths from each node to the appropriate application servers

C. FC switch zoning of a subset of the target ports to each application server\\'s HBAs

D. port sets to limit the paths from each node to the appropriate application servers

E. multipathing to limit the access to the LUNs from each host

Correct Answer: BCD

You can use FC switch zoning, portsets, and Selective LUN Map (SLM) to limit the number of paths between hosts and LUNs in configurations with multiple target ports connected to the same fabric. References: https://library.netapp.com/ecm/ecm_download_file/ECMP1636036, page 20

QUESTION 2

You want to permanently reassign ownership of an aggregate to a node\\'s partner. What should you do to accomplish this task?

A. Reassign ownership of each disk in the aggregate to the partner node.

B. Execute the storage aggregate relocation start command.

C. Execute the storage failover command.

D. Move all volumes on the aggregate to an aggregate that is owned by the partner.

Correct Answer: B

To start the aggregate relocation process us the command: storage aggregate relocation start References: https://library.netapp.com/ecmdocs/ECMP1196905/html/GUID-AE98144E- 002D-405D-88C5-198DC4B05F55.html

QUESTION 3

When a two-node cluster is expanded, which cluster configuration would be supported?

A. a 4-node switched cluster

B. a 4-node switchless cluster

C. a 3-node switched cluster

D. a 3-node switchless cluster

Correct Answer: C

If you are adding nodes to a two-node switchless cluster, you must have installed and configured the cluster management and interconnect switches before adding additional nodes. The switchless cluster functionality is supported only in a two-node cluster.

References: https://library.netapp.com/ecmdocs/ECMP1636037/html/GUID-B13FF812-785E-4E62-9914-30E7A8F51A4C.html

QUESTION 4

Which two features are supported by SnapLock Enterprise but not by SnapLock Compliance? (Choose two.)

A. FlexArray

B. privileged delete

C. NetApp Volume Encryption (NVE)

D. SnapMirror

Correct Answer: BD

Features supported by SnapLock Enterprise but not by SnapLock Compliance include:

Note:

Comparison table of SnapLock Enterprise and SnapLock Compliance The SnapLock Enterprise and the SnapLock Compliance features differ in terms of the options and permissions available for both the features.

Features	SnapLock Enterprise	SnapLock Compliance
Special or exclusive license available	Yes	Yes
Write verification option available	No	Yes
Permission for the system administrator to destroy volumes irrespective of the retention setting	Yes	No
Permission for the system administrator to selectively delete the files (that are not expired) with the privileged delete feature	Yes	No
Non-NetApp disks support	Yes (as part of FlexArray)	No
Usage of a volume as a SnapLock log volume	No	Yes
Default retention period of a volume on creation (the retention period can be modified by the system administrator at any time)	snaplock_default_retention=min	snaplock_default_retention=max
Single file SnapRestore	Yes	No
SnapRestore	Yes	No
SnapMirror resynchronize support for the destination volume	Yes	No
Log information related to LockVault volumes are available	Yes	Yes
Permission to rename an aggregate or a volume	Yes	No

References: https://library.netapp.com/ecmdocs/ECMP1368820/html/GUID-9E05FE59- BF40-4C22-AD4D-ACBCB552D9A0.html

QUESTION 5

You are creating the source and destination SVMs for a new SVM disaster recovery relationship. Which SVM set of subtypes should you choose?

A. Source SVM default, Destination SVM: default

B. Source SVM default, Destination SVM: dp-destination

C. Source SVM default, Destination SVM: sync-dest

D. Source SVM default, Destination SVM: sync-dest

Correct Answer: B

A destination Storage Virtual Machine (SVM) is an SVM with the dp-destination subtype created for protecting a source SVM that serves data. A destination SVM contains replicated data and configuration of the source SVM. References: https://library.netapp.com/ecmdocs/ECMP12454817/html/GUID-62D54AB4- BAE3-49A9-8F43-98DC03BC4602.html

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