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**QUESTION 1**

Nonpharmacological pain management involves all of the following except _____.

- A. hypnosis alone.
- B. psychological care, including support groups.
- C. physical and psychological modalities.
- D. pain-reducing drugs only.

Correct Answer: D

All physical and psychosocial therapies can be used concurrently with drugs and other modalities to manage pain.

These interventions can be carried out by the nurse with the client and family.

QUESTION 2

The difference between spirituality and religion is that spirituality is _____.

- A. a belief about a higher power
- B. an individual's relationship with a higher power
- C. organized worship
- D. a belief in an invisible energy or ideal

Correct Answer: B

Religion can be considered a system of beliefs, practices, and ethical values about a divine or superhuman power or powers worshipped as the creator(s) and ruler(s) of the universe. Spirituality is a belief in or relationship with some higher power, creative force, driving being, or infinite source of energy.

QUESTION 3

A nurse is giving shift report off to the oncoming LPN.

Which of these is an inappropriate shift report?

- A. The nurse gives report to the oncoming LPN, checking a wound vac and dressing together.
- B. The nurse reports in SBAR format, noting that the patient was noncompliant with their diet during the shift.
- C. The nurse reports in the hallway, SBAR format, and alerts the oncoming LPN about how rude the patient was throughout the shift.



D. The nurse reports at bedside with the oncoming LPN and discusses the patient's concerns after the chart has been reviewed.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

A client who has a known history of cardiac problems and is still smoking enters the clinic complaining of sudden onset of sharp, stabbing pain that intensifies with a deep breath. The pain is occurring on only one side and can be isolated upon general assessment.

The nurse concludes that this description is most likely caused by _____.

- A. pleurisy
- B. pleural effusion
- C. atelectasis
- D. tuberculosis

Correct Answer: A

Pleurisy is an inflammation of the pleura and is often accompanied by abrupt onset of pain.

Symptoms of pleurisy are abrupt pain that is usually unilateral and localized to a specific portion of the chest. The pain is sharp, stabbing, and might radiate to the neck or shoulder. Pressure changes caused by breathing, movement, or coughing intensify the pain.

Other symptoms might include fever, cough (dry, hacking), localized tenderness, diminished breath sounds, tachypnea, and pleural friction rub.

QUESTION 5

While repositioning a comatose client, the nurse senses a tingling sensation as she lowers the bed.

What action should she take?

- A. Unplug the bed's power source.
- B. Remove the client from the bed immediately.
- C. Notify the biomedical department at once.
- D. Turn off the oxygen.

Correct Answer: A

Shutting off the bed's electricity should be the initial step.



The nurse should not touch the client until the bed is checked for faulty grounding.

An electrician should assess the equipment.

Oxygen should be discontinued until the equipment is cleared.

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