

# MAGENTO-CERTIFIED-PROFESSION AL-CLOUD-DEVELOPER Q&As

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#### **QUESTION 1**

After deploying to Staging for the first time with the Fastly module installed, you notice that Fastly is not caching pages. Page caching works properly in a local development environment.

What two steps are required to make Fastly cache pages? (Choose two.)

- A. Activate the module by setting Caching Application to Fastly CDN.
- B. Connect the Fastly shield using the Shield setting in the Magento admin.
- C. Enable the Fastly connection by running magento-cloud fastly:setup.
- D. Populate VCL in Fastly by clicking on Upload VCL to Fastly in the Magento admin.

Correct Answer: AD

Reference: https://devdocs.magento.com/cloud/cdn/configure-fastly.html

#### **QUESTION 2**

You are tasked to improve the user experience of the most visited product pages after deploying releases to Production. The aim is to reduce initial page load times.

How do you achieve this?

- A. Create a custom build command and use CURL to cache the page
- B. Use the Magento Admin to configure Fastly to cache the pages after deployment
- C. Modify the post\_deploy hook in the .magento.app.yaml file to include the URLs as arguments to the ece-tools command
- D. Use the WARM\_UP\_PAGES variable in the .magento.env.yaml file to cache the pages during post\_deploy

Correct Answer: C

Reference: https://devdocs.magento.com/cloud/project/project-conf-files\_magento-app.html

#### **QUESTION 3**

You are testing an integration to an external service that requires you to configure an access key in an environment variable. You created a new environment to validate the functionality. The variable must only impact this environment.

How do you configure the variable?

- A. Use the magento-cloud CLI utility with the environment, inheritable and level flags
- B. Add the variable to the variables section under Project Settings specifying inheritance level
- C. Add the variable to the .magento.env.yaml file specifying the environment and inheritable



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D. Use vendor/bin/ece-tools to generate a local config.php file and commit the setting

Correct Answer: C

Reference: https://devdocs.magento.com/cloud/env/variables-deploy.html

#### **QUESTION 4**

You need to directly access the database that belongs to your Integration environment from your local environment.

How do you achieve this?

- A. Find the connection information from the env.php file and connect with your local MySQL client
- B. Collect the SSH connection details using magento-cloud ssh --pipe and connect with your local MySQL client
- C. Add the ece-tools db-expose command to your deploy hook
- D. Use the magento-cloud db:sql command

Correct Answer: C

#### **QUESTION 5**

A client has an in-house design team which manages content on their Magento Commerce Cloud project. This content is rapidly changing and they would like the ability to maintain their own stylesheets in a structured way without affecting site uptime.

How do you achieve this on the Integration branch?

- A. Modify the writeable directories on the Integration Environment by using the .magento.env.yaml file.
- B. Add a custom command to the build hook in the .magento.app.yaml file to retrieve the stylesheets from a client hosted location.
- C. The Magento Infrastructure Team needs to create a writable directory in which the stylesheets can be uploaded.
- D. Use the .magento.app.yaml file to create a mount in the pub directory.

Correct Answer: D

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