



# LOOKML-DEVELOPER<sup>Q&As</sup>

LookML Developer

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**QUESTION 1**

A developer is connecting a LookML project to a remote Git repository. The developer wants to track which users are committing code changes, creating pull requests, or deploying to production when the different Git commands are initiated from within Looker.

Which type of Git connection should be utilized to meet this business requirement?

- A. A bare Git repository
- B. Multiple account HTTPS
- C. Single account HTTPS
- D. SSH

Correct Answer: D

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**QUESTION 2**

A user needs to create a report that shows a count of all orders and of orders over \$100. Which solution should the developer implement to meet these requirements?

- A. An `always_filter` parameter
- B. A front-end filter in the Explore
- C. A `sql_always_where` parameter
- D. A filtered measure

Correct Answer: B

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**QUESTION 3**

A developer needs to build a new dimension that offers an age-based cohort representation of users. Which LookML code should the developer use to meet the requirement?



- ☐ A.
- ```
dimension: age_field {  
  type: bins  
  bins_size: 30  
  style: classic  
  sql: ${age} ;;  
}
```
- ☐ B.
- ```
dimension: age_field {  
  type: groups  
  groups: [<30, 30-60, >60]  
  sql: ${age} ;;  
}
```
- ☐ C.
- ```
dimension: age_field {  
  type: string tiers: [0 to 30, 30 to 60, 60 and above]  
  style: classic  
  sql: ${age} ;;  
}
```
- ☐ D.
- ```
dimension: age_field {  
  type: tier tiers: [0, 30, 60]  
  style: classic A sql: ${age} ;;  
}
```

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: B

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#### QUESTION 4

A developer creates a derived table and wants to add persistence to it. Because the table is not used on a frequent basis, the developer wants the table to be cached for 12 hours, but only when a user has queried it.

Which persistence parameter should be added to the derived table's definition in order to satisfy this use case?

A. persist\_with: "12 hours"



B. datagroup: 12\_hours { max\_cache\_age: "12 hours" }

C. persist\_for: "12 hours"

D. sql\_trigger\_value: SELECT FLOOR{UNIX\_TIMESTAMP{} / {6\*60\*60}} ;;

Correct Answer: A

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### QUESTION 5

A developer has created a persistent derived table that tracks new or updated orders and they want to cache the results. The cache should be refreshed whenever some new order is available on the underlying datasource table mytablename or at least every 24 hours.

Which datagroup definition will refresh the cache as expected?



- Ⓐ. `datagroup: my_datagroup {  
 sql_trigger: SELECT current_date FROM my_tablename ;;  
 max_cache_age: "24 hours"  
}`
- Ⓑ. `datagroup: my_datagroup {  
 sql_trigger: SELECT max(order_id) FROM my_tablename ;;  
 max_cache_age: "24 hours"  
}`
- Ⓒ. `datagroup: my_datagroup {  
 sql_trigger: SELECT max(current_date) FROM my_tablename ;;  
 max_cache_age: "1 day"  
}`
- Ⓓ. `datagroup: my_datagroup {  
 sql_trigger: SELECT max(order_id) FROM my_tablename ;;  
 max_cache_age: "1 day"  
}`

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: A



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