



# HCE-3700<sup>Q&As</sup>

Hitachi Vantara Certified Expert - Performance architect

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**QUESTION 1**

A customer has several Oracle databases with different workload profiles residing on old HUS systems. The customer wants to consolidate workloads on a new VSP G800 system to increase database performance and to reduce costs.

Which configuration would you use to accomplish this task?

- A. Put all of the databases in a single HDT pool.
- B. Put each database in its own HDT pool.
- C. Put databases with the same workload profile together in their own HDT pool.
- D. Put all database tablespaces and indexes in the first HDT pool, all redo logs in the second HDT pool, and all undo logs in a third HDT pool.

Correct Answer: A

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**QUESTION 2**

When testing an external LUN with default mapping on two paths, performance appears constrained and the utilization of the RAID group in the external storage system never exceeds 35% busy no matter how many test threads are generated. You want to increase the utilization of the external RAID group.

Which two actions will accomplish this task? (Choose two.)

- A. Increase the external path LUN queue depth setting.
- B. Increase the number of LUNs mapped from the external RAID group.
- C. Change Cache Mode to "Disabled".
- D. Increase the server HBA LUN queue depth to 64.

Correct Answer: AC

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**QUESTION 3**

A VSP G800 customer has one HDT pool with three tiers and they report a high frequency of relocations up and down between Tier 1 and Tier 2, affecting the HDT pool performance.

Which two actions will help solve the issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Decrease the monitoring period of the HDT pool.
- B. Increase the size of the grey zone between Tier 1 and Tier 2.
- C. Change the HDT pool setting from Period mode to Continuous mode.



D. Increase the size of Tier 2.

Correct Answer: CD

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#### QUESTION 4

How does the HDLM Extended Round Robin algorithm impact sequential I/O?

- A. It continues to use the same path for a user-specified count of sequential I/O requests.
- B. It remembers a user-determined number of addresses to better implement sequence detection for the storage.
- C. It buffers and reorders I/O requests to improve sequence detection by the storage.
- D. It makes a path decision for every I/O request.

Correct Answer: A

References: <https://dokumen.tips/documents/dynamic-link-manager-hitachi-vantara-support-file-systems-for-hdlmwhen-volume.html>

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#### QUESTION 5

Which three key metrics are required for sizing applications? (Choose three.)

- A. cache read hit ratios
- B. IOPS
- C. I/O read/write ratios
- D. number of BED pairs
- E. port speed

Correct Answer: ABC

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