



CWNA-108^{Q&As}

Certified Wireless Network Administrator

Pass CWNP CWNA-108 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.pass4itsure.com/cwna-108.html>

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by CWNP
Official Exam Center

- ⚙️ **Instant Download** After Purchase
- ⚙️ **100% Money Back** Guarantee
- ⚙️ **365 Days** Free Update
- ⚙️ **800,000+** Satisfied Customers





QUESTION 1

In a mesh BSS (MBSS), according to the 802.11-2016 standard, what device connects the mesh to an Ethernet network?

- A. Mesh Gate
- B. Mesh Switch
- C. Mesh Router
- D. Mesh Portal

Correct Answer: A

Reference https://www.cwnp.com/uploads/802-11s_mesh_networking_v1-0.pdf

QUESTION 2

What 802.11 network configuration would result in multiple stations broadcasting Beacon frames with the same BSSID but with different source addresses?

- A. A single AP supports multiple BSSs with different SSIDs.
- B. An SCA network is in use.
- C. Multiple APs have been loaded with the same configuration from an image file.
- D. An IBSS is used instead of a BSS.

Correct Answer: D

Reference <https://www.safaribooksonline.com/library/view/80211-wireless-networks/0596100523/ch04.html>

QUESTION 3

Which unit of measurement, as formally defined, is an absolute unit that is used to quantify received signal power levels on a logarithmic scale?

- A. SNI
- B. VSWR
- C. dBm
- D. dBi

Correct Answer: C

Explanation: The unit of measurement that is an absolute unit and is used to quantify received signal power levels on a logarithmic scale is dBm. dBm stands for decibel-milliwatt and represents the power level relative to 1 milliwatt (mW).



dBm is an absolute unit because it has a fixed reference point and does not depend on the input power level. dBm is used to measure the received signal power levels on a logarithmic scale because it can express large variations in power levels with small numbers and make calculations easier. For example, a 10 dB increase in power level means a 10-fold increase in power, and a 20 dB increase means a 100-fold increase in power. References: [CWNP Certified Wireless Network Administrator Official Study Guide: WNA-107], page 66; [CWNA: Certified Wireless Network Administrator Official Study Guide: WNA-106], page 56.

QUESTION 4

You must plan for POE in an office environment. Which one of these devices is least likely to be a POE PSE?

- A. Midspan multi-port injector
- B. Switch
- C. VoIP Phone
- D. Midspan injector

Correct Answer: C

A VoIP phone is least likely to be a POE PSE of the devices listed. POE stands for Power over Ethernet, which is a technology that allows devices to receive both power and data over a single Ethernet cable. A POE PSE stands for Power Sourcing Equipment, which is a device that provides power to other devices over Ethernet. A POE PD stands for Powered Device, which is a device that receives power from a PSE over Ethernet. A midspan multi-port injector, a switch, and a midspan injector are examples of POE PSEs, as they can supply power to multiple devices over Ethernet cables. A VoIP phone is an example of a POE PD, as it can receive power from a PSE over an Ethernet cable. However, some VoIP phones can also act as POE PSEs for other devices, such as IP cameras or wireless access points, but this is not very common. References: CWNA-109 Study Guide, Chapter 8: Wireless LAN Access Points, page 2411

QUESTION 5

When using an RF splitter to connect one transceiver to sector antennas loss is incurred. What is this loss called?

- A. Conversion loss
- B. Intentional loss
- C. Through loss
- D. Active loss

Correct Answer: C

[CWNA-108 VCE Dumps](#)

[CWNA-108 Exam Questions](#)

[CWNA-108 Braindumps](#)