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AWS Certified Cloud Practitioner

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QUESTION 1

Elasticity in the AWS Cloud refers to which of the following? (Choose two.)

- A. How quickly an Amazon EC2 instance can be restarted
- B. The ability to rightsize resources as demand shifts
- C. The maximum amount of RAM an Amazon EC2 instance can use
- D. The pay-as-you-go billing model
- E. How easily resources can be procured when they are needed

Correct Answer: BE

Pay-as-you-go Pricing: Cloud elasticity lets organizations connect their IT spending to current demand. This means they only pay for the resources they use at any given time.

QUESTION 2

Which company needs to apply security rules to a subnet for Amazon EC2 instances.

Which AWS service or feature provides this functionality?

- A. Network ACLs
- B. Security groups
- C. AWS Certificate Manager (ACM)
- D. AWS Config

Correct Answer: A

Explanation: Network ACLs (network access control lists) are an AWS service or feature that provides the functionality of applying security rules to a subnet for EC2 instances. A subnet is a logical partition of an IP network within a VPC (virtual private cloud). A VPC is a logically isolated section of the AWS Cloud where the company can launch AWS resources in a virtual network that they define. A network ACL is a virtual firewall that controls the inbound and outbound traffic for one or more subnets. The company can use network ACLs to allow or deny traffic based on protocol, port, or source and destination IP address. Network ACLs are stateless, meaning that they do not track the traffic that flows through them. Therefore, the company must create rules for both inbound and outbound traffic.

QUESTION 3

Which AWS service will help a company identify the user who deleted an Amazon EC2 instance yesterday?

- A. Amazon CloudWatch
- B. AWS Trusted Advisor



C. AWS CloudTrail

D. Amazon Inspector

Correct Answer: C

Explanation: The correct answer is C because AWS CloudTrail is a service that will help a company identify the user who deleted an Amazon EC2 instance yesterday. AWS CloudTrail is a service that enables users to track user activity and API usage across their AWS account. AWS CloudTrail records the details of every API call made to AWS services, such as the identity of the caller, the time of the call, the source IP address of the caller, the parameters and responses of the call, and more. Users can use AWS CloudTrail to audit, monitor, and troubleshoot their AWS resources and actions. The other options are incorrect because they are not services that will help a company identify the user who deleted an Amazon EC2 instance yesterday. Amazon CloudWatch is a service that enables users to collect, analyze, and visualize metrics, logs, and events from their AWS resources and applications. AWS Trusted Advisor is a service that provides real-time guidance to help users follow AWS best practices for security, performance, cost optimization, and fault tolerance. Amazon Inspector is a service that helps users find security vulnerabilities and deviations from best practices in their Amazon EC2 instances. Reference: AWS CloudTrail FAQs

QUESTION 4

A cloud practitioner is analyzing Amazon EC2 instance performance and usage to provide recommendations for potential cost savings.

Which cloud concept does this analysis demonstrate?

A. Auto scaling

B. Rightsizing

C. Load balancing

D. High availability

Correct Answer: B

Explanation: Rightsizing is the cloud concept that this analysis demonstrates. Rightsizing is the process of optimizing the performance and cost of your AWS resources by selecting the most appropriate type, size, and configuration based on your workload requirements and usage patterns. Rightsizing can help you achieve potential cost savings by reducing the over-provisioning or under-utilization of your resources. You can use various AWS tools and services, such as AWS Cost Explorer, AWS Compute Optimizer, and AWS Trusted Advisor, to analyze your resource utilization and performance metrics, and receive recommendations for rightsizing.

QUESTION 5

A company has a centralized group of users with large file storage requirements that have exceeded the space available on premises. The company wants to extend its file storage capabilities for this group while retaining the performance

benefit of sharing content locally.

What is the MOST operationally efficient AWS solution for this scenario?

A. Create an Amazon S3 bucket for each user. Mount each bucket by using an S3 file system mounting utility.



- B. Configure and deploy an AWS Storage Gateway file gateway. Connect each user's workstation to the file gateway.
- C. Move each user's working environment to Amazon WorkSpaces. Set up an Amazon WorkDocs account for each user.
- D. Deploy an Amazon EC2 instance and attach an Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) Provisioned IOPS volume. Share the EBS volume directly with the users.

Correct Answer: B

AWS Storage Gateway is a hybrid storage service

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