



C8010-241^{Q&As}

IBM Sterling Order Management V9.2 Solution Design

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**QUESTION 1**

A customer would like a purchase order (PO) to be "Created", but it should only treat 80% of future supply as available. This should happen until the PO receives a status update that indicates its been "Approved", at which point 90% of the future supply can be considered for promising. Future supply can be considered when scheduling orders but should not be considered when releasing the pick instructions to the fulfillment center. In order to model this requirement with MINIMAL custom logic, the solution design must:

A. 1. Create an extended status of PO "Created" which is "Approved".2. Create a new supply type corresponding to the "Inbound approved" status.3. Map the PO status "Approved" to the supply type "Inbound approved" and status "Created" to supply type "Purchase order placed".4. Set up the appropriate safety factor of 80% for supply type "Purchase order placed" and 90% for supply type "Inbound approved".5. Use Inventory considerations to map the demand type corresponding to schedule transaction to future supplies.6. Use Inventory considerations to map the demand type corresponding to release transaction to use only onhand supplies.

B. 1. Create an extended status of PO "Created" which is "Approved".2. Create a new supply type corresponding to the "Inbound approved" status.3. Map the PO status "Approved" to the supply type "Inbound approved" and status "Created" to supply type "Purchase order placed".4. Set up the appropriate safety factor of 80% for demand type "Scheduled" and 90% for demand type "Released".5. Use Inventory considerations to map the demand type corresponding to schedule transaction to future supplies.6. Use Inventory considerations to map the demand type corresponding to release transaction to use only onhand

supplies.

C. 1. Create an extended status of PO "Created" which is "Approved".2. Create a new supply type corresponding to the "Inbound approved" status.3. Map the PO status "Approved" to the supply type "Inbound approved" and status "Created" to supply type "Purchase order placed".4. Use Inventory considerations to map the demand type corresponding to schedule transaction to future supplies.5. Use Inventory considerations to map the demand type corresponding to release transaction to use only onhand supplies.6. Implement the Supply corrections user exit to only show 80% or 90% of supply as applicable.

D. 1. Create an extended status of PO "Created" which is "Approved".2. Create a new supply type corresponding to the "Inbound approved" status.3. Map the PO status "Approved" to the supply type "Inbound approved" and status "Created" to supply type "Purchase order placed".4. Use Inventory considerations to map the demand type corresponding to schedule transaction to future supplies.5. Use Inventory considerations to map the demand type corresponding to release transaction to use only onhand supplies.6. Implement the Availability corrections user exit to only show 80% or 90% of supply as applicable.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 2

A retailer's delivery rules do not allow shipping for an open box television (TV) that is more than 150 miles away. However, they do support moving this TV through a network of stores that are spread throughout the country, until it reaches a store that supports delivery to the customer. The retailer needs to configure such a multi-hop transfer of inventory through the supply chain and provide an accurate promise date to a customer who is over 1000 miles away from the store with the open box TV. In order to do so, Sterling Order Management considers all the following configuration settings EXCEPT for:

A. Receiving store calendar.

B. Receipt Processing Time.



- C. Delivery resource pool capacity.
- D. Transfer relationship across stores.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 3

A business needs to configure a drop ship from a vendor to a customer directly with visibility into the purchase order (PO) created by the vendor and status updates on the PO. What should be done to meet this requirement?

- A. 1. Model the vendor as a seller and node, where the organization does not have a hierarchical relation with the seller organization on the order.2. Do not check "Suppress chained order creation even if seller requires" setting.3. Run Chained_Order_Create to create the purchase order.PO getting shipped will result in the corresponding sales order line being shipped.
- B. 1. Model the vendor as a seller and node, where the organization has a hierarchical relation with the seller organization on the order.2. Check the "Suppress chained order creation even if seller requires" setting.3. Run Chained_Order_Create to create the purchase order.PO getting shipped will result in the corresponding sales order line being shipped.
- C. 1. Model the vendor as a seller and node, where the organization has a hierarchical relation with the seller organization on the order.2. Check the "Suppress chained order creation even if seller requires" setting.3. Run Chained_Order_Create to create the PO. Place custom logic on PO "Shipped" event to update the corresponding sales order status to "Shipped".
- D. 1. Model the vendor as a seller and node, where the organization does not have a hierarchical relation with the seller organization on the order.2. Implement a listener on the PO pipeline that updates the sales order pipeline.3. Implement custom logic to stamp the PO's delivery location as customer's address.PO getting shipped will result in the corresponding sales order line being shipped.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 4

Refer to the following image for details on ORDER number "Y10001"

Item	Quantity	Merchandize Tax	Shipping Charge
X	7	12.00	10.00
Y	4	10.00	5.00

A customer wants to return three quantities of an item to a business. The business requirement is that 50% of the shipping charge should be refunded for any partial return.

How can a solution designer model the refund upfront and monitor the receipt of goods?

- A. Call repriceOrder API for the return order document type.
- B. Implement YFSOrderRepricingUE for the return order document type.



- C. Call getOrderPrice API and invoke YPMCalculateShippingCharge user exit at order level.
- D. Out of the box configuration is available in Sterling Order Management.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 5

A business has implemented Sterling Order Management and inventory is maintained within the system with a daily update from Sterling Warehouse Management System (WMS). In some cases, the inventory picture published by the warehouse is incorrect. For example: the evening update to Sterling Order Management indicated that the warehouse had 100 of item X, when in fact the warehouse only had 1. Once a warehouse sends notification that a particular item is on backorder or not available, the business does not want any more orders for that item to be sent to that warehouse (regardless of whether the Sterling inventory picture indicates inventory is available). How can this requirement be BEST met?

- A. Configure the "When line is backordered, backorder against the highest priority ship node" rule.
- B. Configure the "Put inventory on hold for Sourcing on Backorder from Node" rule for the seller's inventory organization.
- C. Implement a call to changeOrder API to populate OrderLineSourcingControls element to indicate node inventory picture is incorrect.
- D. Implement the INVGetSupplyCorrectionsUE to override the inventory picture at the warehouse when WMS notifies Sterling Order Management of a BackOrder from Node scenario.

Correct Answer: B

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