



AZ-120^{Q&As}

Planning and Administering Microsoft Azure for SAP Workloads

Pass Microsoft AZ-120 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.pass4itsure.com/az-120.html>

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Microsoft
Official Exam Center

-  **Instant Download** After Purchase
-  **100% Money Back** Guarantee
-  **365 Days** Free Update
-  **800,000+** Satisfied Customers





QUESTION 1

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a complex SAP environment that has both ABAP- and Java-based systems. The current on-premises landscapes are based on SAP NetWeaver 7.0 (Unicode and Non-Unicode) running on Windows Server and Microsoft SQL

Server.

You need to migrate the SAP environment to a HANA-certified Azure environment.

Solution: You migrate SAP to Azure by using Azure Site Recovery, and then you upgrade to SAP NetWeaver 7.4.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

We need upgrade to SAP NetWeaver 7.4 before the migration.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/site-recovery/vmware-azure-architecture>

QUESTION 2

HOTSPOT

You have an on-premises SAP landscape and an Azure subscription that contains a virtual network named VNET1. VNET1 has the following settings.



```
Name : VNET1
AddressSpace : {
  "AddressPrefixes": [
    "10.1.0.0/24"
  ]
}
Subnets : [
  {
    "Delegations": [],
    "Name": "subnet1",
    "AddressPrefix": [
      "10.1.0.0/25"
    ],
    "IpConfigurations": [],
    "PrivateEndpointNetworkPolicies": "Enabled",
    "PrivateLinkServiceNetworkPolicies": "Enabled",
    "IpAllocations": []
  }
]
VirtualNetworkPeerings : [
  {
    "Name": "Peering1",
    "PeeringState": "Connected",
    "AllowVirtualNetworkAccess": true,
    "AllowForwardedTraffic": false,
    "AllowGatewayTransit": false,
    "UseRemoteGateways": false,
    "RemoteVirtualNetwork": {
    },
    "RemoteVirtualNetworkAddressSpace": {
      "AddressPrefixes": [
        "10.2.0.0/24"
      ]
    },
    "ProvisioningState": "Succeeded"
  }
]
```

You plan to migrate the landscape to Azure.

You need to configure VNET1 to support the SAP landscape.

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the settings.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:



Answer Area

To configure a Site-To-Site VPN connection, you must

	▼
add a gateway subnet	
add a virtual network gateway	
increase the address space	
remove subnet1	

To allow Peering1 to route traffic via VNET1, you must

	▼
enable forwarded traffic	
enable gateway transit	
use remote gateways	

Correct Answer:

Answer Area

To configure a Site-To-Site VPN connection, you must

	▼
add a gateway subnet	
add a virtual network gateway	
increase the address space	
remove subnet1	

To allow Peering1 to route traffic via VNET1, you must

	▼
enable forwarded traffic	
enable gateway transit	
use remote gateways	

Box 1: add a virtual network gateway

Box 2: use remote gateways Each virtual network, regardless of whether peered with another virtual network, can still have its own gateway to connect to an on-premises network. When you peer virtual networks, you can also configure the gateway in the peered virtual network as a transit point to an on-premises network. In this case, the virtual network that uses a remote gateway cannot have its own gateway. A virtual network can have only one gateway that can be either a local or remote gateway (in the peered virtual network).

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/virtual-network-peering-overview>

QUESTION 3

HOTSPOT

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:



Statements	Yes	No
The Azure Extension for SAP stores performance data in an Azure Storage account.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can enable the Azure Extension for SAP on a SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 (SLES 12) server by running the <code>Set-AzVMAEMExtension</code> cmdlet.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can enable the Azure Extension for SAP on a server that runs Windows Server 2016 by running the <code>Set-AzVMAEMExtension</code> cmdlet.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Correct Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
The Azure Extension for SAP stores performance data in an Azure Storage account.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can enable the Azure Extension for SAP on a SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 (SLES 12) server by running the <code>Set-AzVMAEMExtension</code> cmdlet.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can enable the Azure Extension for SAP on a server that runs Windows Server 2016 by running the <code>Set-AzVMAEMExtension</code> cmdlet.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

QUESTION 4

You plan to deploy an SAP environment on Azure. The SAP environment will have landscapes for production, development and quality assurance.

You need to minimize the costs associated with running the development and quality assurance landscapes on Azure.

What should you do?

- A. Configure scaling for Azure App Service
- B. Create a scheduled task that runs the `stopsap` command
- C. Configure Azure virtual machine scale sets
- D. Create Azure Automation runbooks to stop, deallocate, and start Azure virtual machines

Correct Answer: D

You can optimize your Azure Costs by Automating SAP System Start – Stop using runbooks.

Reference: <https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/running-sap-applications-on-the/optimize-your-azure-costs-by-automating-sap-system-start-stop/ba-p/2120675>



QUESTION 5

HOTSPOT

You have a Recovery Services vault backup policy for SAP HANA on an Azure virtual machine as shown in the following exhibit.

The screenshot shows the configuration for a backup policy named 'HANA'. It includes options for 'Associated items', 'Modify', and 'Delete'. A link is provided to 'Learn more and get FAQs about Backup policy'. The policy is categorized into 'FULL BACKUP' and 'LOG BACKUP'. Under 'FULL BACKUP', the 'Backup Frequency' is 'Daily at 7:00 PM UTC'. It lists retention periods for daily, weekly, monthly, and yearly backup points. Under 'LOG BACKUP', the 'Backup schedule' is 'Every 1 hour' and it is 'Retained for 7 days'.

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:



The backup policy will support a recovery point objective(RPO) of [answer choice] for restoring HANA.

▼
1 hour
Placeholder
Placeholder

The HANA logs can be rolled back for up to [answer choice]

▼
7 days
Placeholder
Placeholder

Correct Answer:

The backup policy will support a recovery point objective(RPO) of [answer choice] for restoring HANA.

▼
1 hour
Placeholder
Placeholder

The HANA logs can be rolled back for up to [answer choice]

▼
7 days
Placeholder
Placeholder