



## Microsoft Azure Administrator

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#### **QUESTION 1**

You have an Azure subscription. The subscription contains a storage account named storage1 that has the lifecycle management rules shown in the following table.

Name	If base blobs were last modified more than (days)	Then
Rule1	5 days	Move to cool storage
Rule2	5 days	Delete the blob
Rule3	5 days	Move to archive storage

On June 1, you store a blob named File1 in the Hot access tier of storage1. What is the state of File1 on June 7?

A. stored in the Archive access tier

B. stored in the Hot access tier

- C. stored in the Cool access tier
- D. deleted

Correct Answer: D

If you define more than one action on the same blob, lifecycle management applies the least expensive action to the blob. For example, action delete is cheaper than action tierToArchive. Action tierToArchive is cheaper than action tierToCool.

https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/lifecycle-management-overview

#### **QUESTION 2**

#### HOTSPOT

You have an Azure subscription. The subscription contains virtual machines that run Windows Server 2016 and are configured as shown in the following table.

Name	Virtual network	DNS suffix configured in Windows Server
VM1	VNET2	Contoso.com
VM2	VNET2	None
VM3	VNET2	Adatum.com

You create a public Azure DNS zone named adatum.com and a private Azure DNS zone named contoso.com. You create a virtual network link for contoso.com as shown in the following exhibit.



lin	<b>c1</b> so.com		ΠX
	ave 🗙 Discard 💼 Delete 🎭 Access Control (IAM) 🛷 Tags		
Link link	name		
	state npleted		
	visioning state seeded		
Virte	ual network details ual network id ubscriptions/8372f433-2dcd-4361-b5ef-5b188fed87d0/resourceGroups	/RG2/prov	vi 🕒
Virte	ual network T2		
-	figuration inable auto registration ③		
For ea	ch of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.		
Hot Ar	ea:		
An	swer Area		
	Statements	Yes	No
	When VM1 starts, a record for VM1 is added to the contoso.com DNS zone.	0	0
	When VM2 starts, a record for VM2 is added to the contoso.com DNS zone.	0	0
	When VM3 starts, a record for VM3 is added to the adatum.com DNS zone.	0	0

Correct Answer:



### Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
When VM1 starts, a record for VM1 is added to the contoso.com DNS zone.	0	0
When VM2 starts, a record for VM2 is added to the contoso.com DNS zone.	0	0
When VM3 starts, a record for VM3 is added to the adatum.com DNS zone.	0	0

Reference: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/virtual-networks-name-resolution-for-vms-and-role-instances https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/dns/private-dns-autoregistration

#### **QUESTION 3**

HOTSPOT

You have an Azure subscription.

You need to implement a custom policy that meet the following requirements:

\*Ensures that each new resource group in the subscription has a tag named organization set to a value of Contoso.

\*Ensures that resource group can be created from the Azure portal. \*Ensures that compliance reports in the Azure portal are accurate. How should you complete the policy? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answers area.

Hot Area:



"policyRule":{ "if":{ "allOf":{ ł "field":"type", "equals":

4

"Microsoft.Resources/deployments" "Microsoft.Resources/subscriptions" "Microsoft.Resources/subscriptions/resourceGroups"

}, { "not":{		
	['organization']", ontoso"	
} } ]		
}, "then":{		-
"effect":	"Append",	
"details": [	"Deny",	
{	"DeployifNotExists",	
"field":"tags "value": "Co } ] } }	['organization']", ontoso"	

Correct Answer:



"policyRule":{ "if":{ "allOf":{ "field":"type". "equals":

▼ "Microsoft.Resources/deployments" "Microsoft.Resources/subscriptions" "Microsoft.Resources/subscriptions/resourceGroups"

}, {		
"not":{		
	['organization']", ontoso"	
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"effect":		
	"Append",	
"details": [	"Deny",	
{	"DeployifNotExists",	
"field":"tags "value": "Co } ] }	s['organization']", ontoso"	

Box 1: "Microsoft.Resources/subscriptions/resourceGroups" To create a new resource group in a subscription, account have at least the this permission.

Box 2: "Append" Append adds fields to the resource when the if condition of the policy rule is met. If the append effect would override a value in the original request with a different value, then it acts as a deny effect and rejects the request. To append a new value to an existing array, use the [\*] version of the alias



Reference: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/concepts/definition-structure https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/role-based-access-control/custom-roles https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/concepts/effects

#### **QUESTION 4**

You need to implement a backup solution for App1 after the application is moved.

What should you create first?

A. a recovery plan

B. an Azure Backup Server

C. a backup policy

D. a Recovery Services vault

Correct Answer: D

A Recovery Services vault is a logical container that stores the backup data for each protected resource, such as Azure VMs. When the backup job for a protected resource runs, it creates a recovery point inside the Recovery Services vault.

Scenario:

There are three application tiers, each with five virtual machines.

Move all the virtual machines for App1 to Azure.

Ensure that all the virtual machines for App1 are protected by backups.

Reference:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/backup/quick-backup-vm-portal

#### **QUESTION 5**

You are the global administrator for an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenet named adatum.com. You need to enable two-step verification for Azure users. What should you do?

- A. Create a sign-in risk policy in Azure AD Identity Protection
- B. Enable Azure AD Privileged Identity Management.
- C. Create and configure the Identity Hub.
- D. Configure a security policy in Azure Security Center.

Correct Answer: A

Identity Protection analyzes signals from each sign-in, both real-time and offline, and calculates a risk score based on the probability that the sign-in wasn\\'t performed by the user. Administrators can make a decision based on this risk



score signal to enforce organizational requirements. Administrators can choose to block access, allow access, or allow access but require multi-factor authentication. If risk is detected, users can perform multi-factor authentication to self-remediate and close the risky sign-in event to prevent unnecessary noise for administrators. With Azure Active Directory Identity Protection, you can:

1.

require users to register for multi-factor authentication

2.

handle risky sign-ins and compromised users

References: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/identity-protection/flows

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