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### QUESTION 1

Narrow or weak AI can be useful to robots.

Which of the following is an example of narrow AI?

- A. Conscious simulation.
- B. Artificial General AI.
- C. Conscious integration.
- D. NLP - Natural Language Processing.

Correct Answer: D

NLP - Natural Language Processing is an example of narrow AI. It is a type of AI system that is able to understand, interpret, and generate natural language. NLP has become increasingly popular over the past few years, as it has been used

to create applications such as chatbots, virtual assistants, and search engines. NLP systems are able to learn language and the context in which it is used, and they are able to understand the nuances of language and its different meanings.

References:

BCS Foundation Certificate In Artificial Intelligence Study Guide, <https://bcs.org/certifications/foundation-certificates/artificial-intelligence/>

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### QUESTION 2

What does Prof David Chalmers describe the hard consciousness problem to be as complex as?

- A. Psychology.
- B. Turbulence.
- C. Quantum mechanics.
- D. The universe.

Correct Answer: D

Prof David Chalmers describes the hard consciousness problem to be as complex as the universe. He argues that understanding consciousness is as hard as understanding the universe itself, due to the number of variables and dimensions

involved. He has compared the complexity of the problem to that of turbulence, quantum mechanics, and psychology, but believes that the problem of consciousness is even more complex than all of these.

References:

[1] <https://www.bcs.org/upload/pdf/foundation-certificate-ai-syllabus-v1.pdf>



[2] <https://www.apmg-international.com/en/qualifications-and-certifications/bc-foundation-certificate-in-artificial-intelligence/>

[3] <https://www.exin.com/en/certifications/bc-foundation-certificate-in-artificial-intelligence/>

[4] David J. Chalmers, "The Hard Problem of Consciousness", in J. Shear (ed.), Explaining Consciousness: The "Hard Problem", MIT Press, 1997.

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### QUESTION 3

Which of the following is an advantage of a machine based system?

- A. Able to judge ambiguous and unknown situations.
- B. Capable of sympathising with humans.
- C. Undertakes monotonous tasks reliably and accurately.
- D. Can explain the output of an AI system

Correct Answer: C

One of the main advantages of a machine-based system is its ability to reliably and accurately undertake monotonous and repetitive tasks. This is especially useful for tasks that require a high level of accuracy and precision, such as data

entry or analysis. Machine-based systems are also able to process large amounts of data quickly, meaning that they are able to complete tasks more quickly and efficiently than humans. Additionally, machine-based systems can be

programmed to take certain decisions and actions based on the input data, allowing them to automate certain processes without the need for human intervention.

References:

BCS Foundation Certificate In Artificial Intelligence Study Guide (2019), AI Systems, Chapter 8. <https://www.apmg-international.com/en/al-adoption/advantages-of-al/>

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### QUESTION 4

How could machine learning make a robot autonomous?

- A. Use OCR, optical character recognition, to read documents
- B. Use NLP (Natural Language Processing) to listen
- C. Use actuators to modify its environment
- D. Learn from sensor data and plan to carry out a task.

Correct Answer: D

Machine learning can be used to make robots autonomous by allowing them to learn from sensor data and plan how to carry out a task. This involves using algorithms to analyze data from sensors and use this data to make decisions and



take actions. By using machine learning, robots can learn from their environment and become more autonomous.

References:

[1] BCS Foundation Certificate In Artificial Intelligence Study Guide, "Robotics", p.98.

[2] APMG-International.com, "Foundations of Artificial Intelligence"

[3] EXIN.com, "Foundations of Artificial Intelligence"

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## QUESTION 5

Splitting data into Training and Test data sets is part of what?

- A. Machine learning data preparation.
- B. Batch learning.
- C. Machine learning post processing.
- D. High performance computing strategy.

Correct Answer: A

Splitting data into training and test data sets is an important step in the machine learning data preparation process. This process involves splitting the data into subsets, usually in a 70:30 ratio, to create a training set and a test set. The training set is used to train the machine learning model, while the test set is used to evaluate the model's performance. This process allows for the model to be tested and evaluated on data that it has not seen before, in order to ensure that it is accurate and able to generalize to new data. References: BCS Foundation Certificate In Artificial Intelligence Study Guide, <https://bcs.org/certifications/foundation-certificates/artificial-intelligence/>

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