



98-365^{Q&As}

Windows Server Administration Fundamentals

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QUESTION 1

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

Answer Area

Yes No

A forest is a complete instance of Active Directory.

A leaf can have child objects.

A domain is a logical structure used for delegating authority over a collection of objects.

Correct Answer:

Answer Area

Yes No

A forest is a complete instance of Active Directory.

A leaf can have child objects.

A domain is a logical structure used for delegating authority over a collection of objects.

Domains can also be defined as: Containers within a forest Units of Policy Units of Replication Authentication and Authorization Boundaries Units of Trust References: What Are Domains and Forests? https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc759073%28v=ws.10%29.aspx#w2k3tr_logic_what_yokf

QUESTION 2



Mark works as a Network Administrator for NetTech Inc. The company has a Windows 2016 domain-based network. The network has a file server that uses a RAID-5 volume. The RAID-5 volume is configured with five hard disk drives. Over the weekend, a drive in the RAID-5 volume fails.

What will Mark do to restore the RAID-5 volume?

- A. Replace the failed drive with a new one, use FDISK, select a new area of free space, and then regenerate the volume.
- B. Replace the failed drive with a new one, use Disk Management, select a new area of free space, and then regenerate the volume.
- C. Use Disk Management, select the failed drive, and then regenerate the volume.
- D. Use FDISK to delete the RAID-5 volume, and then restore data from the tape backup.

Correct Answer: B

In order to restore the RAID-5 volume, Mark will have to replace the failed drive with a new one, use Disk Management, select a new area of free space, and then regenerate the volume. When a member of a mirrored volume or a RAID-5 volume fails, it becomes an orphan. Data for the orphaned member can be regenerated from the remaining members. A new area of free space that is of the same size or larger than the other members of the RAID-5 volume should be selected in Disk Management and then the data should be regenerated. The fault-tolerance driver reads the information from the stripes on the other member disks, and then re-creates the data of the missing member and writes it to the new member on restarting the computer. The volume must be locked by the operating system to regenerate a RAID-5 volume. All network connections to the volume will be lost when a volume is regenerated.

QUESTION 3

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

Answer Area

	Yes	No
AppCmd.exe allows detailed command-line administration of an IIS 7.5 webserver.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Inetmgr.exe allows detailed graphical administration of an IIS 7.5 webserver.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Web Management Service (WMSVC) is a required service to administer IIS on a local computer.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Correct Answer:



Answer Area

Yes No

AppCmd.exe allows detailed command-line administration of an IIS 7.5 webserver.

Inetmgr.exe allows detailed graphical administration of an IIS 7.5 webserver.

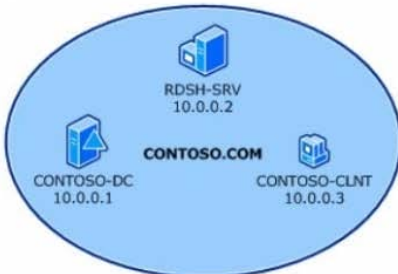
Web Management Service (WMSVC) is a required service to administer IIS on a local computer.

IIS Manager is a graphical interface for configuring your application pools or your Web, FTP, SMTP, or NNTP sites. With IIS Manager, you can configure IIS security, performance, and reliability features. You can add or delete sites; start, stop, and pause sites; back up and restore server configurations; and create virtual directories for better content management, to name only a few of the administrative capabilities.

QUESTION 15
HOTSPOT

You create a user account named user1 and an Active Directory Domain Services group named RDGroup in Active Directory Domain Services. The lab environment is shown in the following image:

Computer name	Operating system	Applications and services
RDSH-SRV	Windows Server 2008 R2	RD Session Host
CONTOSO-DC	Windows Server 2008 R2	Active Directory Domain Services, Domain Name System (DNS)
CONTOSO-CLNT	Windows® 7	Remote Desktop Connection



QUESTION 4

An external storage unit that is self-contained and provides shared file-level access is referred to as:

- A. Small Computer System Interface (SCSI).
- B. Storage Area Network (SAN).
- C. Network Attached Storage (NAS).
- D. Direct Attached Storage (DAS).

Correct Answer: C

Network-attached storage (NAS) is file-level computer data storage connected to a computer network providing data access to a heterogeneous group of clients. NAS not only operates as a file server, but is specialized for this task either by its hardware, software, or configuration of those elements. NAS is often manufactured as a computer appliance ?a



specialized computer built from the ground up for storing and serving files rather than simply a general purpose computer being used for the role.

QUESTION 5

What permissions are directly assigned to a file or folder?

- A. explicit permissions
- B. inherited permissions
- C. assigned permissions
- D. booted permissions

Correct Answer: A

Two types of permissions are used in NTFS. Explicit permissions are those granted directly to a file or folder.

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