

640-722^{Q&As}

Implementing Cisco Unified Wireless Networking Essentials v2.0

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QUESTION 1

Which	Cisco	AnyConnect	module	provides	wireless	connectivity?
		,				

- A. telemetry
- B. web security
- C. VPN
- D. NAM
- E. DART
- F. posture
- G. CSSC

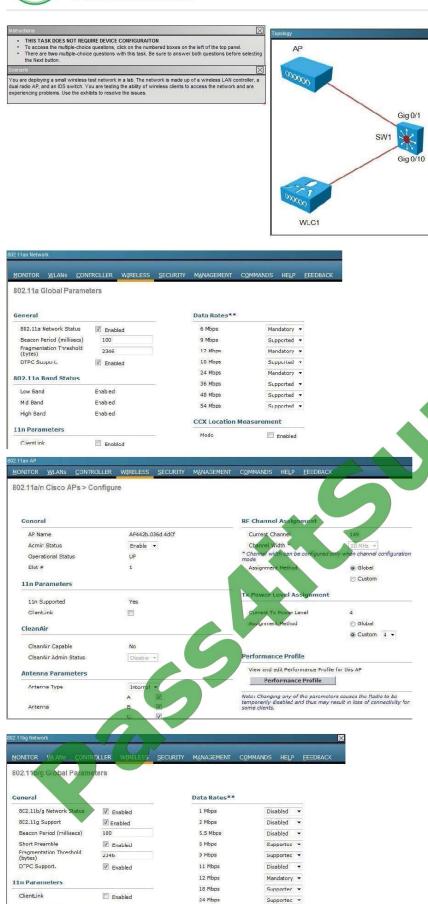
Correct Answer: D

The main components used in IUWNE are the Cisco AnyConnect Mobility Client itself, associated with the Network Access Module (NAM) used to manage existing profiles and provide the wireless connectivity. Reference: CCNA Wireless (640-722 IUWNE) Quick Reference Guide page 73

QUESTION 2



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36 Mbps

48 Mbps

54 Mbps

Mode

Enabled

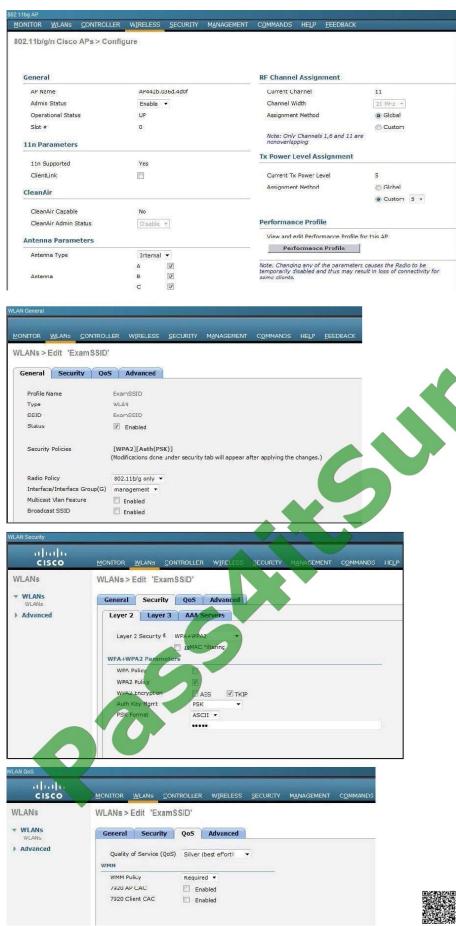
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Old 2.4-GHz wireless laptops are unable to connect. What is the most likely cause of this problem?

- A. WLAN > General properties are incorrectly configured.
- B. WLAN > QoS properties are incorrectly configured.
- C. WLAN > Security properties are incorrectly configured.
- D. WLAN > Advanced properties are incorrectly configured.
- E. Wireless > AP > 802.11 b/g/n AP is incorrectly configured.
- F. Wireless > AP > 802.11 b/g/n > Network is incorrectly configured.

Correct Answer: F

ClientLink is not enabled and should be in a mixed client environment. Many networks still support a mix of 802.11a/g and 802.11n clients. Because 802.11a/g clients (legacy clients) operate at lower data rates, the older clients can reduce the capacity of the entire network. Cisco\\'s ClientLink technology can help solve problems related to adoption of 802.11n in mixed-client networks by ensuring that 802.11a/g clients operate at the best possible rates, especially when they are near cell boundaries.

QUESTION 3

Which three options are limitations when configuring basic security on an autonomous AP when using the express security page setup? (Choose three.)

- A. You need multiple SSIDs.
- B. Delete all the SSIDs.
- C. Edit the SSIDs.
- D. Use multiple authentication servers.
- E. Use the same SSID on both radios.
- F. Use a single SSID on a single radio.

Correct Answer: CDE

The security settings in the Easy Setup Radio Configuration section are designed for simple configuration of basic security. The options available are a subset of the wireless device security capabilities. Keep these limitations in mind when using the Express Security page:

If the No VLAN option is selected, the static WEP key can be configured once. If you select Enable VLAN, the static WEP key should be disabled.

You cannot edit SSIDs. However, you can delete SSIDs and re-create them.

You cannot configure multiple authentication servers. To configure multiple authentication servers, use the Security Server Manager page.

You cannot configure multiple WEP keys. To configure multiple WEP keys, use the Security Encryption Manager page.

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You cannot assign an SSID to a VLAN that is already configured on the wireless device. To assign an SSID to an existing VLAN, use the Security SSID Manager page.

You cannot configure combinations of authentication types on the same SSID (for example, MAC address authentication and EAP authentication). To configure combinations of authentication types, use the Security SSID Manager page.

Reference: http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/wireless/access_point/15_2_4_JB/configuration/guide/scg15-2-4-Book /scg15-2-4-chap4-first.html

QUESTION 4

Access points must discover a wireless LAN controller before they can become an active part of the network. In which order does an access point try to discover a controller?

A. Layer 3 CAPWAP or LWAPP broadcast discovery DHCP option 43 Locally stored controller IP address discovery DNS controller name resolution

- B. Layer 3 CAPWAP or LWAPP broadcast discovery Locally stored controller IP address discovery DNS controller name resolution DHCP option 43
- C. Layer 3 CAPWAP or LWAPP broadcast discovery Locally stored controller IP address discovery DHCP option 43 DNS controller name resolution
- D. DNS controller name resolution DHCP option 43 Layer 3 CAPWAP or LWAPP broadcast discovery Locally stored controller IP address discovery

Correct Answer: C

The different methods by which the access point (AP) discovers the controller are:

1.

The AP issues a DHCP DISCOVER in order to obtain an address.

2.

Layer 2 attempts LWAPP WLAN controller discovery and Ethernet broadcast.

3.

Layer 3 attempts LWAPP WLAN controller discovery:

LWAPP discovery broadcast on local subnet

Over-the-air provisioning

Locally stored controller IP address(IP addresses of the controller learned from previously joined mobility group)

DHCP option 43

DNS resolution of CISCO-LWAPP-CONTROLLER.localdomain

Reference: https://supportforums.cisco.com/document/8446/how-configure-lightweight-ap-order-join-respective-wlan-controller

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QUESTION 5

What are three characteristics of the 802.11g standard? (Choose three.)

- A. speed of as much as 11 Mb/s
- B. speed of as much as 54 Mb/s
- C. backward-compatibility with 802.11a
- D. backward-compatibility with 802.11b
- E. OFDM as an additional modulation technique
- F. OFDM and CCK as additional modulation techniques

Correct Answer: BDE

802.11g is the third modulation standard for wireless LANs. It works in the 2.4 GHz band (like 802.11b) but operates at a maximum raw data rate of 54 Mbit/s. Using the CSMA/CA transmission scheme, 31.4 Mbit/s [1] is the maximum net throughput possible for packets of 1500 bytes in size and a 54 Mbit/s wireless rate (identical to 802.11a core, except for some additional legacy overhead for backward compatibility). In practice, access points may not have an ideal implementation and may therefore not be able to achieve even 31.4 Mbit/s throughput with 1500 byte packets. 1500 bytes is the usual limit for packets on the Internet and therefore a relevant size to benchmark against. Smaller packets give even lower theoretical throughput, down to 3 Mbit/s using 54 Mbit/s rate and 64 byte packets. Also, the available throughput is shared between all stations transmitting, including the AP so both downstream and upstream traffic is limited to a shared total of 31.4 Mbit/s using 1500 byte packets and 54 Mbit/s rate. 802.11g hardware is fully backwards compatible with 802.11b hardware. Details of making b and g work well together occupied much of the lingering technical process. In an 802.11g network, however, the presence of a legacy 802.11b participant will significantly reduce the speed of the overall 802.11g network. Some 802.11g routers employ a back-compatible mode for 802.11b clients called 54g LRS (Limited Rate Support). [2] The modulation scheme used in 802.11g is orthogonal frequencydivision multiplexing (OFDM) copied from 802.11a with data rates of 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, and 54 Mbit/s, and reverts to CCK (like the 802.11b standard) for 5.5 and 11 Mbit/s and DBPSK/DQPSK+DSSS for 1 and 2 Mbit/s. Even though 802.11g operates in the same frequency band as 802.11b, it can achieve higher data rates because of its heritage to 802.11a.

Reference: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/IEEE_802.11g-2003

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