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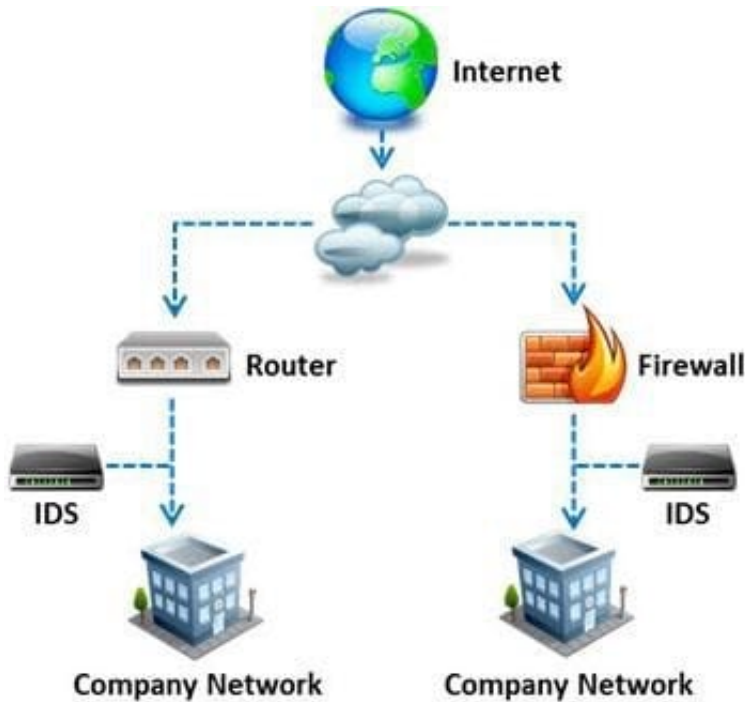
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QUESTION 1

What is a difference between host-based intrusion detection systems (HIDS) and network-based intrusion detection systems (NIDS)?

A. NIDS are usually a more expensive solution to implement compared to HIDS.

B. Attempts to install Trojans or backdoors cannot be monitored by a HIDS whereas NIDS can monitor and stop such intrusion events.

C. NIDS are standalone hardware appliances that include network intrusion detection capabilities whereas HIDS consist of software agents installed on individual computers within the system.

D. HIDS requires less administration and training compared to NIDS.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

Which of the following password cracking techniques is used when the attacker has some information about the password?

A. Hybrid Attack

B. Dictionary Attack

C. Syllable Attack

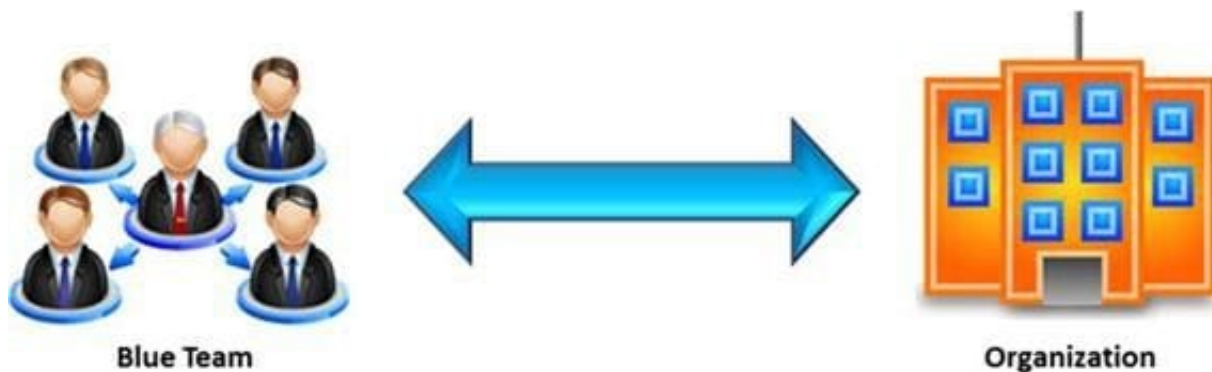D. Rule-based Attack

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 3

Which of the following attacks is an offline attack?

A. Pre-Computed Hashes

B. Hash Injection Attack

C. Password Guessing

D. Dumpster Diving

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 4

In the context of penetration testing, what does blue teaming mean?

A. A penetration test performed with the knowledge and consent of the organization\\\'s IT staff

B. It is the most expensive and most widely used

C. It may be conducted with or without warning

D. A penetration test performed without the knowledge of the organization\\\'s IT staff but with permission from upper management

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 5

Packet filtering firewalls are usually a part of a router. In a packet filtering firewall, each packet is compared to a set of criteria before it is forwarded. Depending on the packet and the criteria, the firewall can: i)Drop the packet ii)Forward it or send a message to the originator At which level of the OSI model do the packet filtering firewalls work?
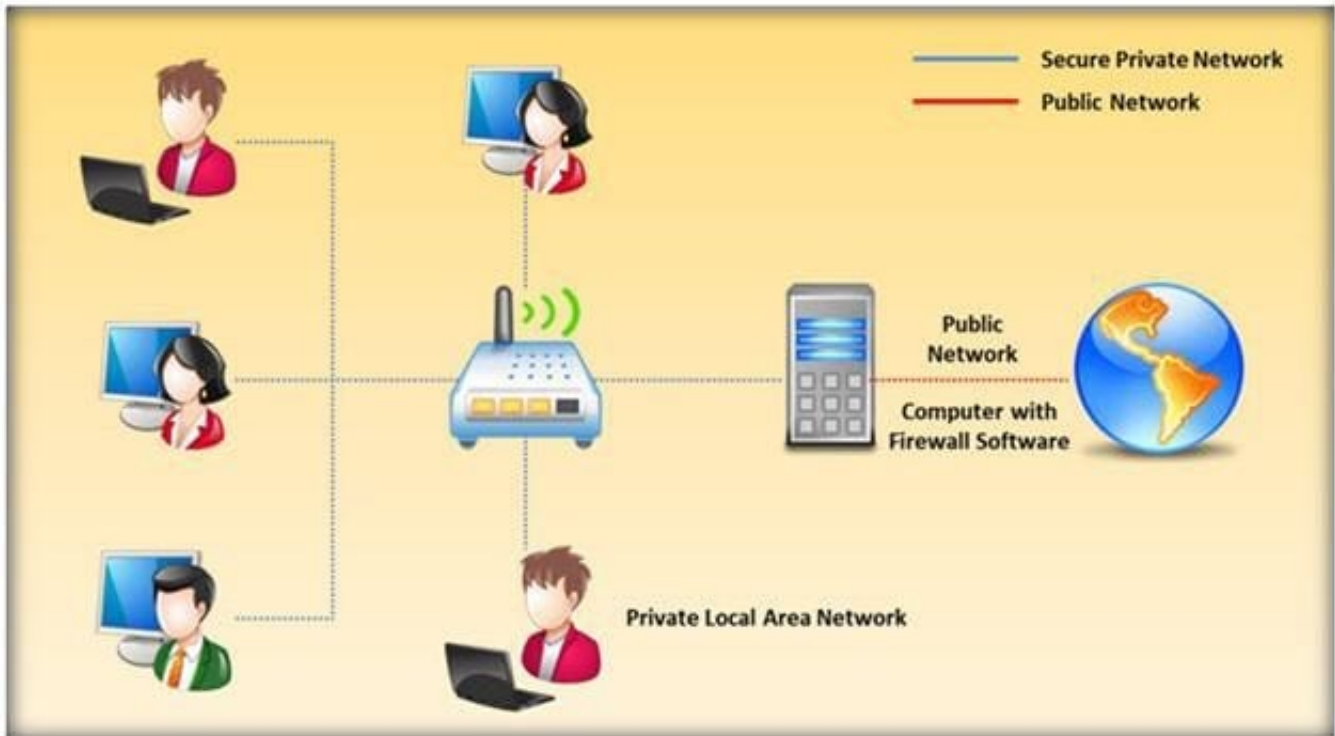
A. Application layer

B. Physical layer

C. Transport layer

D. Network layer

Correct Answer: D

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