



3V0-41.19^{Q&As}

Advanced Design NSX-T Data Center 2.4

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QUESTION 1

Which two resources can be used by an NSX architect during the Assessment Phase? (Choose two.)

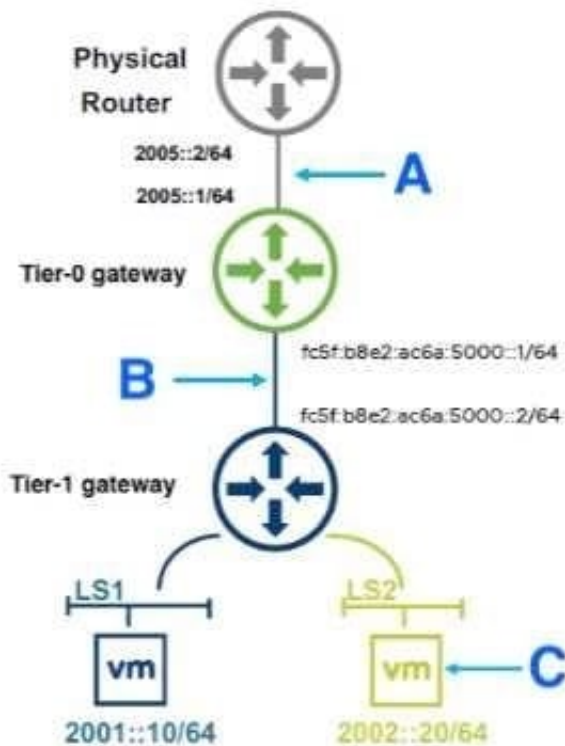
- A. vRealize Network Insight
- B. VMware customer references
- C. application licensing
- D. VMware Validated Design
- E. key stakeholder interviews

Correct Answer: AE

<https://blogs.vmware.com/management/2016/11/david-davis-vrealize-operations-post-33-vrealizenetwork-insight-vrni.html--vetted>

QUESTION 2

Refer to exhibit: An NSX architect is creating a Greenfield NSX-T Data Center solution using IPv6 addressing. This solution will form the starting point for a migration away from IPv4 addressing in the data center.



What are three correct labels for locations A, B, and C in the exhibit? (Choose three.)

- A. Static IPv4 Addresses



- B. Auto assigned from fc5f:b8e2:ac6a::/48 Unique Local
- C. Static IPv6 addresses
- D. Auto Assigned from fe:::/48 Unique Local
- E. DHCP relay for IPv4
- F. Static IPv6 addresses and DHCP Relay

Correct Answer: BCF

<https://blogs.vmware.com/networkvirtualization/2019/02/ipv6-support-in-nsx-t-2-4.html/>

QUESTION 3

An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. This information was gathered during a workshop:

1.

Migrating existing data center to KVM hosts.

2.

Redundancy and high availability are imperatives.

3.

No component can be a single point of failure.

4.

Budget is not a constraint.

Which should the architect recommend?

- A. Linux Bridge redundancy with Active/ Active Mode and single pNIC with static binding
- B. vSS / vDS in Active/ Passive Mode with necessary binding
- C. vSS/ vDS in Active/Active Mode with necessary pNICS and required binding modes
- D. Linux Bridge redundancy with Active/ Active Mode and multiple pNICs with necessary binding

Correct Answer: B

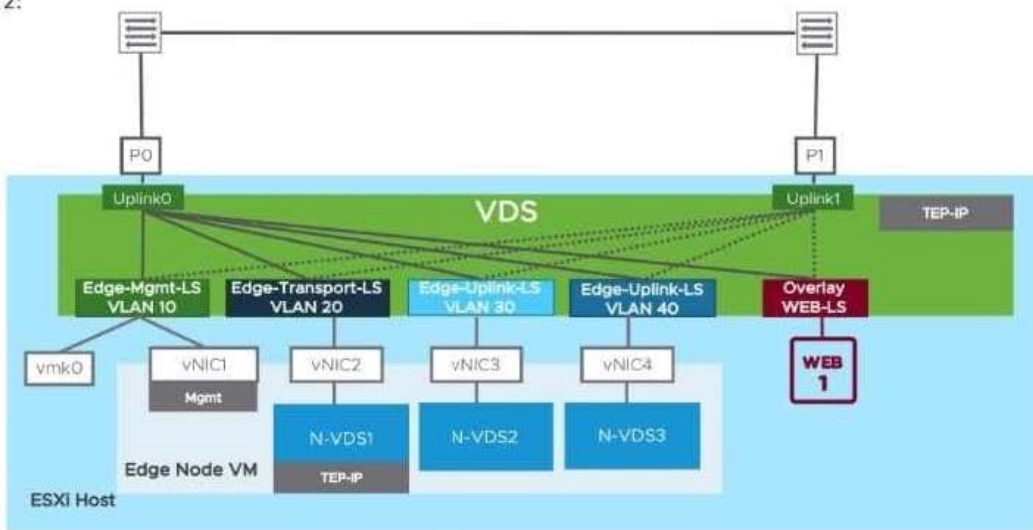
I do have to laugh that they are migrating to KVM but budget isn't a constraint, lol.

* NSX-T Edges performing bridging can only be active/standby. If this is an Edge VM then it would potentially be connected to a standard vSS/vDS, in which case (B) is the best answer

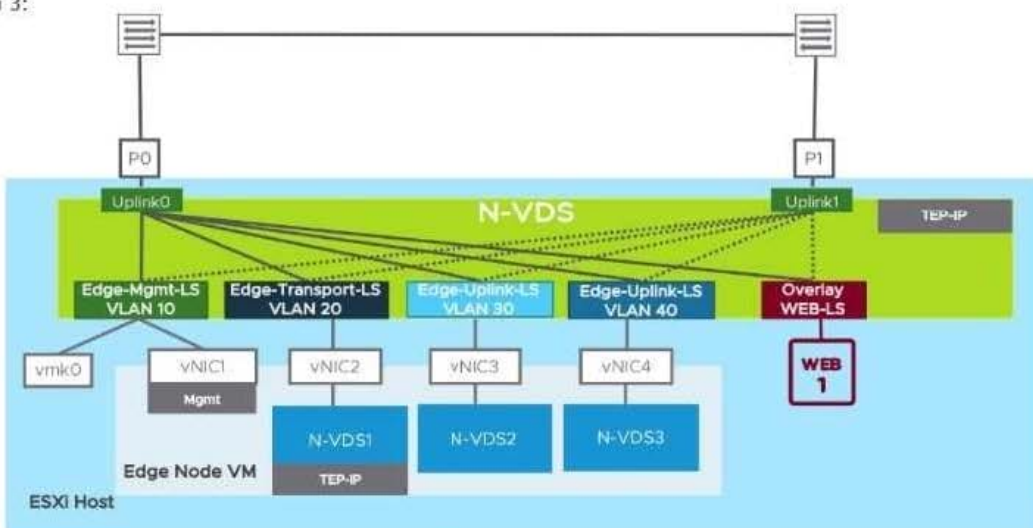
QUESTION 4



Design Option 2:

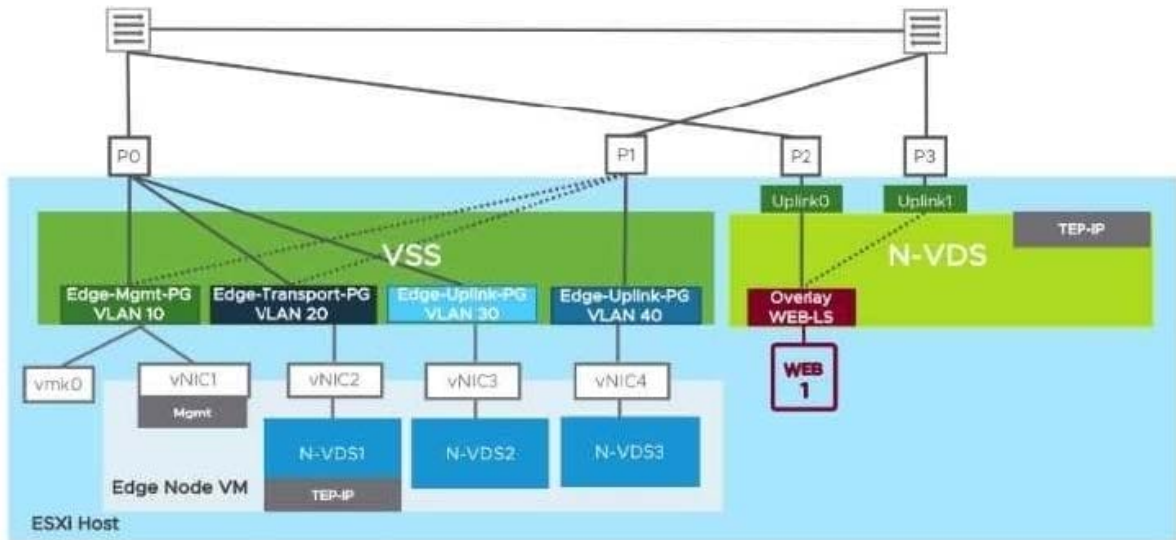


Design Option 3:





Design Option 4:



Which design option should the architect propose to the customer?

- A. Design Option 3
- B. Design Option 4
- C. Design Option 1
- D. Design Option 2

Correct Answer: A

d.option 1 and 4 are eliminated for using more than 2 pNICs. d.Option 3 doesn't work because its using just a vDS and not a N-VDS (only valid for 2.4/2.5 where as NSX-T 3.0 eliminates N-VDS and goes back to using just VDS)

QUESTION 5

An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. This information was gathered during a workshop:

1.
Current hypervisor of choice is KVM.
2.
Cost reduction is important.

Which two should the architect recommend to the organization? (Choose two.)

- A. Deploy bare metal Edge Nodes.
- B. Deploy Edge VM Nodes on KVM.



- C. Deploy NSX Manager using OVF.
- D. Deploy NSX Manager using QCOW2.
- E. Deploy Edge VM Nodes using ISO.

Correct Answer: AD

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