

351-001^{Q&As}

CCIE Routing and Switching Written

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QUESTION 1

Which statement about the BGP originator ID is true?

- A. The route reflector always sets the originator ID to its own router ID.
- B. The route reflector sets the originator ID to the router ID of the route reflector client that injects the route into the AS.
- C. The route reflector client that injects the route into the AS sets the originator ID to its own router ID.
- D. The originator ID is set to match the cluster ID.

Correct Answer: B

An RR reflecting the route received from a RR-Client adds:

Originator ID- a 4-byte BGP attribute that is created by the RR. This attribute carries the Router ID of the originator of the route in the local AS. If the update comes back to the originator, it ignores the update. Cluster List- A Cluster List is a list

of Cluster IDs that an update has traversed. When a route reflector sends a route received from a client to a non-client, it appends the local Cluster ID. If a route reflector receives a route whose Cluster List contains the local Cluster ID, it

ignores the update.

Reference: https://sites.google.com/site/amitsciscozone/home/bgp/bgp-route-reflectors

QUESTION 2

In a nonbackbone OSPF area, all traffic that is destined to the Internet is routed by using a default route that is originated by the ABR. Which change in the configuration of the OSPF area type causes traffic from that area that is destined to the Internet to be dropped?

- A. The OSPF area changes from NSSA to totally stubby area.
- B. The OSPF area changes from NSSA to regular area.
- C. The OSPF area changes from stub area to totally stubby area.
- D. The OSPF area changes from stub area to NSSA.

Correct Answer: D

The ABR for the NSSA generates the default route, but not by default. To force the ABR to generate the default route, use the area nssa default- information originate command. The ABR generates a Type 7 LSA with the link-state ID 0.0.0.0 and is advertised inside the NSSA. This default route will be propagated inside the NSSA as Type 7 LSA

Reference: http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/ip/open-shortest-path-first- ospf/13692-21.html#nssas

QUESTION 3

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You are configuring CoS-to-DSCP mappings with three requirements:

AF 13 mist be marked with COS 1. AF 22must be marked with COS 2. EF must be marked with COS 5.

Which configuration command can you use to implement the requirements?

A. mls gos map cos-dscp 0 14 20 24 32 46 48 56

B. mls qos map cos-dscp 0 10 18 24 32 46 48 56

C. mls qos map cos-dscp 0 12 18 24 32 40 46 56

D. mls qos map cos-dscp 0 12 18 24 32 46 48 56

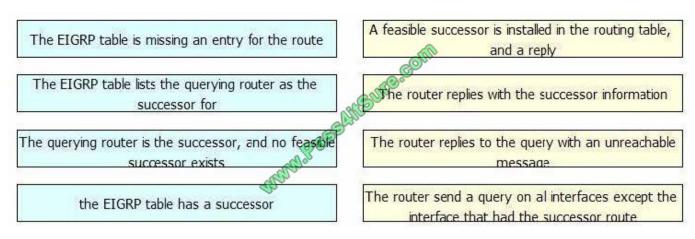
Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

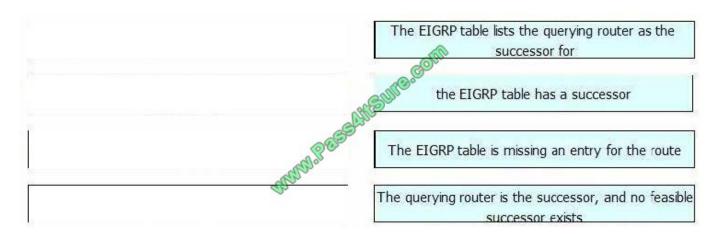
DRAG DROP

Drag and drop the EIGRP query condition on the left to the corresponding action taken by the router on the right.

Select and Place:



Correct Answer:



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QUESTION 5

Which statement is true about MLD?

- A. MLD v1 gives hosts the ability to receive multicast packets from specific source addresses.
- B. All MLD messages are sent with a link-local IPv6 source address of FF02::D.
- C. The multicast address field is cleared to zero when sending an MLD report message.
- D. MLD is used by IPv6 routers to discover multicast listeners on a directly attached link.

Correct Answer: D

IPv6 Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) is used by IPv6 devices to discover multicast listeners (nodes that want to receive multicast packets destined for specific multicast addresses) on directly attached links. There are two versions of MLD. MLD version 1 is based on version 2 of the IGMP for IPv4, and MLD version 2 is based on version 3 of the IGMP for IPv4. IPv6 multicast for Cisco software uses both MLD version 2 and MLD version 1.

Reference: http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/ipmulti_lsm/configuration/xe- 3s/imc-lsm-xe-3s-book/ipv6-mcast-mld-xe.html

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