



1Z0-931-22^{Q&As}

Oracle Autonomous Database Cloud 2022 Professional

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**QUESTION 1**

Data Guard is enabled for your Autonomous Database and the Lifecycle State field for the primary database indicates that it is stopped.

Which statement is true?

- A. The standby database is terminated.
- B. The standby database is also stopped.
- C. Switchover is automatically initiated.
- D. Failover is automatically initiated.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 2

Your customer has upgraded their on premise 11.2 database to 12.2. During this migration the database was migrated to a pluggable database and is now in production. How should the customer unplug their database to migrate to Autonomous Database (ADB)?

- A. Pluggable databases cannot be migrated to ADB using plug, unplug or clone.
- B. Create a database link from source database to the ADB environment and clone the PDB.
- C. Unplug to an xml file so database files and xml file can be uploaded to object storage.
- D. Unplug into a pdb archive which can be uploaded to object storage.

Correct Answer: A

Since an ADB database has some restrictions on the object types and Oracle Database Options you need to use a logical migration method rather than a physical one.

The main migration tool for migrating to ADB is Data Pump. You can export your schemas and import them into ADB using Data Pump. To sync up the additional/incremental changes on the source database during the export/import process you can use GoldenGate or GoldenGate Cloud Service to replicate those changes to ADB.

In the current release you cannot use physical migration methods like backup/restore, Data Guard, Pluggable/Unplug, database clones, and transportable tablespaces to move your existing database to ADB.

QUESTION 3



About Autonomous JSON Database



Oracle Autonomous JSON Database is Oracle Autonomous Transaction Processing, but designed for developing NoSQL-style applications that use JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) documents. You can promote an Autonomous JSON Database service to an Autonomous Transaction Processing service.

See [About Autonomous Transaction Processing](#) for a full description of the Autonomous Transaction Processing service. Autonomous JSON Database provides all of the same features, with this *important limitation*: you can store only up to 20 GB of data other than JSON document collections.^{Foot 1} There is no storage limit for JSON collections.

Development of NoSQL-style, document-centric applications is particularly flexible because the applications use *schemaless* data. This lets you quickly react to changing application requirements. There's no need to normalize the data into relational tables, and no impediment to changing data structure or organization at any time, in any way. A JSON document has internal structure, but no relation is imposed on separate JSON documents.

With Oracle Autonomous JSON Database your JSON document-centric applications typically use *Simple Oracle Document Access (SODA)*, which is a set of NoSQL-style APIs for various application-development languages and for the representational state transfer (REST) architectural style. You can use any SODA API to access any SODA collection.

SODA document collections are backed by ordinary database tables and views. To use other kinds of data, subject to the 20 GB limit, you typically need some knowledge of Structured Query Language (SQL) and how that data is stored in the database.

Which TWO statements are TRUE about using an Autonomous Database with Private Endpoints

- A. A Network Security Group is required within your Virtual Cloud Network before you can provision a Shared Autonomous Database to use Private Endpoints
- B. An Autonomous Database with privateendpoints can be accessed from the public internet by adding your ip address to an Access Control List.
- C. Private Endpoints can be configured when you clone a Shared Autonomous Database that was initially created with public endpoints.
- D. You can configure Private Endpoints for an Always Free Autonomous Database

Correct Answer: AC

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/paas/autonomous-database/adbsa/network-private-endpointchange.html#GUID-9F76DD5E-85A3-4F5E-A88D-3D4D131FC2CA>

Enabling a private endpoint for an Autonomous Database ensures that the only access path to the database is via a VCN inside your OracleCloud Infrastructure tenancy. This network configuration completely blocks access to the database from public endpoints

QUESTION 4

Which native data type is used to store spatial information?

- A. SDO_RELATE
- B. SDO_GEOMETRY
- C. SDO_LOCATION
- D. GEO_JSON



Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 5

What happened with the standby database when disabling Autonomous Data Guard?

- A. The standby database is started readwrite
- B. The standby database is transformed in a refreshable clone
- C. The standby database is terminated
- D. The standby database is started read only

Correct Answer: C

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