



# 1Z0-888<sup>Q&As</sup>

MySQL 5.7 Database Administrator

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**QUESTION 1**

Which two statements can be used to adjust the `sort_buffer_size` variable on a running MySQL server? (Choose two.)

- A. `mysql> SET GLOBAL sort_buffer_size=256000;`
- B. `mysql> SET SESSION sort_buffer_size=256000;`
- C. `mysql> CONF T; do global sort_buffer_size=256000;`
- D. `mysql> system sort_buffer_size=256000;`
- E. `mysql> SET VARIABLE sort_buffer_size=256000;`

Correct Answer: AB

`SET GLOBAL sort_buffer_size = 1000000, SESSION sort_buffer_size = 1000000;`

Reference:<https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.7/en/set-variable.html>

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**QUESTION 2**

Which statement is correct about how InnoDB storage engine uses disk space?

- A. It stores data in `.MYD` files and its index and undo information in the common tablespace.
- B. It stores data in `.MYD` files, index information in `.MYI` files, and undo information the common tablespace.
- C. It stores its data in tablespace file(s). Index and data dictionary details are stored in `.FRM` files.
- D. It stores its data, index and undo information in `.MYD` and `.MYI` files.
- E. It stores data, index and undo information in tablespace file(s).

Correct Answer: E

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**QUESTION 3**

You want to immediately stop access to a database server for remote user ``mike`@`client.example.com``. This user is currently not connected to the server.

Which two actions can you take to stop any access from the user?

- A. Use `ALTER USER `mike`@`client.example.com` PASSWORD EXPIRE;`
- B. Use `REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES FROM `mike`@`client.example.com`;`
- C. Execute the `mysql_secure_installation` command.
- D. Use `DROP USER `mike`@`client.example.com`;`
- E. Use `GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO `mike`@`client.example.com` MAX_USER_CONNECTIONS=0;`



F. Use ALTER USER `mike`@`client.example.com` ACCOUNT LOCK;

Correct Answer: DE

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#### QUESTION 4

The InnoDB tablespace is corrupted and you start the server with option `--innodb_force_recover=4`. Which backup method would you use to reload the corrupted InnoDB tables?

- A. a binary backup that uses transportable tablespaces and allows you to reload a corrupted table
- B. A text backup. A binary backup will still contain the corrupted segments.
- C. A text backup. InnoDB does not allow you to make binary backups while the server is running.
- D. a binary backup taken with MySQL Enterprise Backup that can back up even corrupted tables

Correct Answer: C

An `innodb_force_recovery` setting of 4 or greater places InnoDB in read-only mode. Reference: <https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/8.0/en/forcing-innodb-recovery.html>

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#### QUESTION 5

You have installed MySQL Server for the first time on your system. However, the data directory along with the tables in the `mysql` system database are missing. Which step do you perform to create the contents of the data directory?

- A. Run the `create_system_tables.sql` file
- B. Run the `mysql_unpack.sql` file
- C. Invoke `mysqld` with the `--initialize` option.
- D. Invoke `mysql` with the `--initialize` option.

Correct Answer: C

Reference: <https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.7/en/data-directory-initialization-mysqld.html>

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