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**QUESTION 1**

You have a simple web application that has a single Front Controller servlet that dispatches to JSPs to generate a variety of views. Several of these views require further database processing to retrieve the necessary order object using the orderID request parameter. To do this additional processing, you pass the request first to a servlet that is mapped to the URL pattern /WEB-INF/retrieveOrder.do in the deployment descriptor. This servlet takes two request parameters, the orderID and the jspURL. It handles the database calls to retrieve and build the complex order objects and then it dispatches to the jspURL.

Which code snippet in the Front Controller servlet dispatches the request to the order retrieval servlet?

A. `request.setAttribute("orderID", orderID);request.setAttribute("jspURL", jspURL);RequestDispatcher view=context.getRequestDispatcher("/WEB-INF/retrieveOrder.do");view.forward(request, response);`

B. `request.setParameter("orderID", orderID);request.setParameter("jspURL", jspURL);Dispatcher view=request.getDispatcher("/WEB-INF/retrieveOrder.do");view.forwardRequest(request, response);`

C. `String T="/WEB-INF/retrieveOrder.do?orderID=%d&jspURL=%s";String url = String.format(T, orderID, jspURL);RequestDispatcher view= context.getRequestDispatcher(url);view.forward(request, response);`

D. `String T="/WEB-INF/retrieveOrder.do?orderID=%d&jspURL=%s";String url = String.format(T, orderID, jspURL);Dispatcher view= context.getDispatcher(url);view.forwardRequest(request, response);`

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

Click the Exhibit button.

Given the HTML form:

1.

2.

3.

4.

Name:

5.

Price:



6.

7.

8.

9.

Assume the product attribute does NOT yet exist in any scope.

Which code snippet, in submit.jsp, instantiates an instance of com.example.Product that contains the results of the form submission?

```
1. package com.example;
2.
3. public class Product {
4.     private String name;
5.     private double price;
6.
7.     public Product() {
8.         this( "Default", 0.0 );
9.     }
10.
11.    public Product( String name, double
price ) {
12.        this.name = name;
13.        this.price = price;
14.    }
15.
16.    public String getName() {
17.        return name;
18.    }
19.
20.    public void setName(String name) {
21.        this.name = name;
22.    }
23.
24.    public double getPrice() {
25.        return price;
26.    }
27.
28.    public void setPrice(double price) {
29.        this.price = price;
30.    }
31. }
```

A.

B. `#{product.name = param.i1}#{product.price = param.i2}`



C.

D.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 3

You need to store a floating point number, called Tsquare, in the session scope. Which two code snippets allow you to retrieve this value? (Choose two.)

A. `float Tsquare = session.getFloatAttribute("Tsquare");`

B. `float Tsquare = (Float) session.getAttribute("Tsquare");`

C. `float Tsquare = (float) session.getNumericAttribute("Tsquare");`

D. `float Tsquare = ((Float) session.getAttribute("Tsquare")).floatValue();`

E. `float Tsquare = ((Float) session.getFloatAttribute("Tsquare")).floatValue;`

F. `float Tsquare = ((Float) session.getNumericAttribute("Tsquare")).floatValue;`

Correct Answer: BD

QUESTION 4

The `tl:taskList` and `tl:task` tags output a set of tasks to the response and are used as follows:

11.

12.

13.

14.

15.

The `tl:task` tag supplies information about a single task while the `tl:taskList` tag does the final output. The tag handler for `tl:taskList` is `TaskListTag`. The tag handler for `tl:task` is `TaskTag`. Both tag handlers extend `BodyTagSupport`. Which allows the `tl:taskList` tag to get the task names from its nested `tl:task` children?



- A. It is impossible for a tag handler that extends BodyTagSupport to communicate with its parent and child tags.
- B. In the TaskListTag.doStartTag method, call super.getChildTags() and iterate through the results. Cast each result to a TaskTag and call getName().
- C. In the TaskListTag.doStartTag method, call getChildTags() on the PageContext and iterate through the results. Cast each result to a TaskTag and call getName().
- D. Create an addTaskName method in TaskListTag. Have the TaskListTag.doStartTag method, return BodyTag.EVAL_BODY_BUFFERED. In the TaskTag.doStartTag method, call super.getParent(), cast it to a TaskListTag, and call addTaskName().
- E. Create an addTaskName method in TaskListTag. Have the TaskListTag.doStartTag method, return BodyTag.EVAL_BODY_BUFFERED. In the TaskTag.doStartTag method, call findAncestorWithClass() on the PageContext, passing TaskListTag as the class to find. Cast the result to TaskListTag and call addTaskName().

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 5

Which two actions protect a resource file from direct HTTP access within a web application? (Choose two.)

- A. placing it in the /secure directory
- B. placing it in the /WEB-INF directory
- C. placing it in the /META-INF/secure directory
- D. creating a element within the deployment descriptor
- E. creating a element within the deployment descriptor

Correct Answer: BC

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