1Z0-804^{Q&As}

Java SE 7 Programmer II

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QUESTION 1

Which type of ExecutorService supports the execution of tasks after a fixed delay?

A. DelayedExecutorService

B. ScheduledExecutorService

C. TimedExecutorService

D. FixedExecutorService

E. FutureExecutorService

Correct Answer: B

The ScheduledExecutorService interface supplements the methods of its parent ExecutorService with schedule, which executes a Runnable or Callable task after a specified delay. In addition, the interface defines scheduleAtFixedRate and scheduleWithFixedDelay, which executes specified tasks repeatedly, at defined intervals.

Note: The java.util.concurrent package defines three executor interfaces:

*

 Executor, a simple interface that supports launching new tasks.

*

 ExecutorService, a subinterface of Executor, which adds features that help manage the lifecycle, both of the individual tasks and of the executor itself.

*

 ScheduledExecutorService, a subinterface of ExecutorService, supports future and/or periodic execution of tasks.

Reference: The Java Tutorials, Executor Interfaces

QUESTION 2

Given the code fragment:

public void ReadFile (String source) {

char[] c = new char [128];

int cLen = c.length;

try (FileReader fr = new FileReader (source)) {

int count = 0;

int read = 0;

```
while ((read = fr.read(c)) != -1) {

count += read;

}

System.out.println("Read: " + count + " characters.");

} catch (IOException i) {

}
```

What change should you make to this code to read and write strings instead of character arrays?

A. Change FileReader to Readers.

B. Change FileReader to DataReader.

C. Change FileReader to File.

D. Change FileReader to BufferReader.

Correct Answer: D

public class BufferedReader

extends Reader

Read text from a character-input stream, buffering characters so as to provide for the efficient reading of characters, arrays, and lines.

The buffer size may be specified, or the default size may be used. The default is large enough for most purposes.

QUESTION 3

Given:

```
public class StringSplit01 {

public static void main(String[] args) {

String names = "John-.-George-.-Paul-.-Ringo";

String[] results = names.split("-. .");

for(String str:results) {

System.out.println(str);

}

}

}
```

What is the result?

A. John?. -George-. ?Paul -. ?Ringo

B. John George Paul Ringo

C. John George

Paul Ringo

D. An exception is thrown at runtime

E. Compilation fails

Correct Answer: B

The split() method is used to split a string into an array of substrings, and returns the new array.

QUESTION 4

Given that myfile.txt contains:

First

Second

Third

Given the following code fragment:

```
public class ReadFile02 {

public static void main(String[] args) {

String fileName1 = "myfile.txt";

String fileName2 = "newfile.txt";

try (BufferedReader buffIn =

new BufferedReader(new FileReader(fileName1));

BufferedWriter buffOut =

new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter(fileName2))

) {

String line = ""; int count = 1;

line = buffIn.readLine();

while (line != null) {

buffOut.write(count + ": " + line);
```

buffOut.newLine();

count++;

line = buffIn.readLine();

}

} catch (IOException e) {

System.out.println("Exception: " + e.getMessage());

}

}

}

What is the result?

A. new file.txt contains:

1: First

2: Second

3: Third

B. new file.txt contains:

1: First 2: Second 3: Third

C. newfile.txt is empty

D. an exception is thrown at runtime

E. compilation fails

Correct Answer: A

For each line in the file myfile.text the line number and the line is written into newfile.txt.

QUESTION 5

Given:

import java.util.*;

public class CompareTest {

public static void main(String[] args) {

TreeSet set1 = new TreeSet(

new Comparator() {

```
public boolean compare(String s1, String s2) {

return s1.length() > s2.length();

}

});

set1.add("peach");

set1.add("orange");

set1.add("apple");

for (String n: set1) {

System.out.println(n);

}

}

}
```

What is the result?

A. peach orange apple

B. peach orange

C. apple orange

D. The program does not compile.

E. The program generates an exception at runtime.

Correct Answer: D

The compiler has a problem with the line:

public boolean compare(String s1, String s2) {

return s1.length() > s2.length();

error: is not abstract and does not override abstract method compare(String,String) in Comparator new Comparator() {

Error: compare(String,String) in cannot implement compare(T,T) in Comparator public boolean compare(String s1, String s2) {

return type boolean is not compatible with int where T is a type-variable:

T extends Object declared in interface Comparator

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