1Z0-533 Q&As

Oracle Hyperion Planning 11 Essentials

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QUESTION 1

Identify the two true statements about a sparse Entity dimension In Hyperion Planning.

A. You cannot build alternate rollups or assign custom attributes.

B. Base currencies are assigned to entity members.

C. Exchange rates are assigned to entity members.

D. Entity along with Scenario and Period make up a planning unit.

E. Entity along with Scenario and Version make up a planning unit.

Correct Answer: BE

E: The Scenario and Version dimensions represent the broadest categories of data in your application. Scenario describes the type of data that a plan includes, such as budget, actual, or forecast, as well as the time span that the plan covers.

Version allows for flexibility and iterative planning cycles. For example, your application could have two versions, Working and Final, for each scenario. You can also use versions to model possible outcomes based on different assumptions

about interest rates, growth rates, and so on. For example, your application an have a Best Case and Worst Case version for each scenario.

Note:

Essbase maximizes performance by dividing the Essbase - Standard dimensions of an application into two types:

dense dimensions

sparse dimensions.

Sparse and dense are a property of the values of an attribute.

Sparse

Data is normally stored in sparse form. If no value exists for a given combination of dimension values, no row exists in the fact table. For example, if not every product is sold in every market. In this case, Market and Product are sparse

dimensions.

It\\'s why in the reporting tool Obiee for instance, by default, data are considered sparse.

Dense

Most multidimensional databases may also contain dense dimensions. A fact table is considered to have dense data if it has (of a high probability to have) one row for every combination of its associated dimension levels.

QUESTION 2

What are the two possible effects on the database when the data storage property of a parent member in the sparse Entity dimension is set to Dynamic Calc?

A. Essbase data block size decrease.

B. The member is not available for process management.

C. Retrieval performance could be slower when referencing the parent entity member.

D. Data cannot be input to the parent in target versions.

Correct Answer: AC

Dynamic Calc members in a block storage outline that Essbase calculates only at retrieval time. Essbase discards calculated values after completing the retrieval request.

QUESTION 3

As a Planning end user, you need to add additional commentary to your plan, documenting assumptions and other notes.

What are the six available options to add this information?

A. Supporting detail

B. Planning unit annotations

C. Cell text

D. Free form text (if defined by your Planning administrator)

E. Smart Lists (if defined by your Planning administrator)

F. Attach a document to a data form from Workspace (if enabled by your Planning administrator)

G. Financial Reporting Annotations in a Financial Reporting document (against the Planning application)

Correct Answer: ABCDFG

Incorrect answer:

With a smart list you can only select from pre-defined options in a list-

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QUESTION 4

Why is the Create Blocks function in calc scripts and Business Rules important in Planning?

A. Data may not exist for the combination of dense members so you have to create the block before calculating the data value for the block.

B. Data may not exist for the combination of sparse members so you have to create the block before calculating the data value for the block.

C. Data may not exist for the combination of dense members so you have to create the block before block loading data to the block.

D. Data may not exist for the combination of sparse members so you have to create the block before loading data value to the block.

Correct Answer: D

You can use the Create Blocks action to make sure that blocks are created in the database for sparse member combinations in a specified slice of data. Since there is a potential for a large increase in the database size when creating blocks,

be careful when adding this action to your business rule. To help you get an idea of the size, the system displays a calculation of the block size and maximum possible blocks that would exist for the specified data slice after the business rule

is launched. Since some blocks may exist in the database, this calculation does not represent the exact amount of the increase.

Note: You can choose from four possible actions to include in a graphical business rule:

Aggregate

Data, Copy Data, Clear Data, and Create Blocks.

*

Create Blocks--Use to specify a data slice to ensure that blocks are created for all sparse member combinations in that slice.

*

Aggregate Data--Use to calculate your database by specifying which dimensions to calculate and what calculation options you want to use during the aggregation.

*

Copy Data--Use to copy data from one part of your database to another. You select the source data to copy and specify the target or destination value.

*

Clear Data--Use to define a subset of data that will be cleared from the database before a new value is added. You can choose to clear cells or to clear blocks of data.

Reference: Hyperion Business Rules, Administrative Guide, Release 9.3.1, Adding a Create Blocks Actio

QUESTION 5

What four read or write security assignments allow end users to be able to view at least some data?

A. At least one member in the Scenario dimension

B. At least one member In the Version dimension

C. At least one member in the Period dimension

D. At least one member in the Account dimension

E. At least one member in the Entity- dimension

F. If security has been assigned for a Custom dimension, at least one member in the user-defined custom dimension

Correct Answer: ABEF

Scenario,Version and Entity make up a planning unit so security needs to be applied here and then also to the custom dimension if it has security.

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