



# 1Z0-510<sup>Q&As</sup>

Oracle ATG Web Commerce 10 Implementation Developer Essentials

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**QUESTION 1**

How is the result set cached when a query returns repository items whose item descriptors enable both item caching and query caching?

- A. The query cache stores the repository IDs indexed by the given query and the item cache holds the corresponding repository items indexed by the repository IDs.
- B. The query cache stores both the repository IDs and the repository items. The item cache is ignored.
- C. The item cache stores the both the repository IDs and the repository items. The query cache is ignored.
- D. Item descriptors can enable either the item cache or the query cache but not both.

Correct Answer: A

Difference between Item Cache and Query cache

For each item descriptor, an SQL repository maintains two caches:

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Item caches

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Query caches

Item caches hold the values of repository items, indexed by repository IDs. Item caching can be explicitly enabled for each item descriptor.

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Query caches hold the repository IDs of items that match given queries. When a query returns repository items whose item descriptor enables query caching, the result set is cached as follows:

/ The query cache stores the repository IDs.

/ The item cache stores the corresponding repository items.

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**QUESTION 2**

In order to ensure versioning integrity, a deploying project obtains exclusive locks on its assets when deployment starts. What is the effect of these locks?

- A. Until a project's asset locks are released, other projects that share those assets cannot add the asset to the project.
- B. Until a project's asset locks are released, other projects that share those assets cannot be in author mode and are shown as locked in the BCC UI.
- C. Until a project's asset locks are released, other projects that share those Assets cannot deploy.
- D. It is a database lock and has no effect on the UI. Other projects will not get a concurrent update exception if a database



save is issued for the shared assets.

Correct Answer: C

In order to ensure versioning integrity, a deploying project obtains exclusive locks on its assets when deployment starts. It releases those locks only after deployment is complete and project assets are checked in, or when the deployment is reverted. Until a project's asset locks are released, other projects that share those assets cannot deploy.

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### QUESTION 3

The default Task for a merchandiser in ATG workflow after production deployment is complete is\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Verify Production Deployment
- B. Approve Production Deployment
- C. Close Project
- D. Revert Deployment
- E. Commit updates

Correct Answer: A

The default Manage Commerce Assets workflow includes the following tasks:

Author Content Review Approve for Production Deployment Wait for Production Deployment Completion Verify Production Deployment

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### QUESTION 4

Which actions will enable you to add new properties to a SKU? (select one)

- A. Create an XML file and add its location to the XML list in the Product Catalog repository.
- B. Create an XML file in /atg/commerce/catalog/custom/customCatalog.xml and load it via the CONFIGPATH.
- C. Create a new column in table dcs\_sku. ATG will automatically add this new property.
- D. Create a new property to the SKU object using the BCC in the context of a project and deploy it to production.
- E. ATG does not let you add new properties to an SKU.

Correct Answer: B

ATG Add Custom properties to SKU

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One step of an example is: Extend the Order Repository Definition File

Extend the Order Repository definition file, orderrepository.xml, to add the new properties in MyCommerceItemImpl to the existing commerceItem item descriptor. In this example, the new property to add is the shortDescription



property. The orderrepository.xml file is found in the CONFIGPATH at /atg/commerce/order/orderrepository.xml. To extend the file, create a new orderrepository.xml file at /atg/commerce/order/ in your localconfig directory. The new file should define the shortDescription property for the commerceltem item descriptor. During startup, the ATG platform uses XML file combination to combine the orderrepository.xml files in the CONFIGPATH into a single composite XML file.

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Another step Modify the OrderTools Configuration File The OrderTools component controls many aspects of the purchase process, such as mapping between commerce object types and class names, defining the default commerce object types, and mapping between commerce objects and item descriptors. You need to modify the OrderTools configuration file to support the new MyCommerceltemImpl class and myCommerceltem item descriptor. To modify the OrderTools configuration file, layer on a configuration file by creating an OrderTools.properties file at/atg/commerce/order/ in your localconfig directory

Note: SKU Items and SKU Links

A product is a navigational end-point in the catalog. However, customers do not actually purchase the product; they purchase a SKU (stock keeping unit). A product can have several different SKUs associated with it, representing varieties, sizes, and colors.

The properties of a SKU are used for display purposes, similar to products and category properties. The properties are also used to integrate with other ATG Commerce systems, such as pricing and fulfillment.

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## QUESTION 5

What is the primary mechanism used by ATG to record user site navigation activity on the profile?

- A. a combination of a DMS event and listening scenario that can update the profile directly
- B. setting property data directly on the user's profile using the tag
- C. Implicit. ATG monitors all activities and keeps track of all user activity.
- D. There is no out-of-the-box behavior for this. It must be built out by the implemented

Correct Answer: C

With Oracle ATG Web Commerce Business Intelligence, you can monitor, report, and analyze complete cross-process, cross-functional trends and business metrics by combining data from all e-business systems into a single, centralized reporting center.

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