

# 1Z0-1072-21<sup>Q&As</sup>

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure 2021 Architect Associate

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## **QUESTION 1**

Which statement is true about a pre-authenticated request in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Object Storage?

- A. You can create only 1, 000 pre-authenticated requests per bucket.
- B. You can create a pre-authenticated request only for public buckets.
- C. You cannot retire a pre-authenticated request before it expires.
- D. You cannot extend the expiration date on a pre-authenticated request.

## Correct Answer: D

https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/iaas/Content/Object/Tasks/usingpreauthenticatedrequests.htm You can create an unlimited number of pre-authenticated requests. You can\\'t edit a pre-authenticated request. If you want to change user access options in response to changing requirements, you must create a new pre-authenticated request. URL: https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/iaas/Content/Object/Tasks/ managingbuckets.htm You can change a bucket\\'s access from public to private or from private to public. Changing the type of access doesn\\'t affect existing pre-authenticated requests still work.

# **QUESTION 2**

You have been asked to create an Identity and Access Management (IAM) user that will authenticate to

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) API endpoints. This user must not be given credentials that would allow

them to log into the OCI console.

Which two authentication options can you use? (Choose two.)

- A. SSL certificate
- B. API signing key
- C. SSH key pair
- D. PEM Certificate file
- E. Auth token
- Correct Answer: BE

Reference: https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Identity/Tasks/managingcredentials.htm

# **QUESTION 3**

Your company has decided to move a few applications to Oracle Cloud Infrastructure and you have been asked to design it for Disaster Recovery (DR). One of the items of your design is to deploy the DR at least 300 miles from the home site and minimize the network latency as much as possible. Based on that, what will be the recommended deployment?



- A. Deploy applications in two separated VCNs in different Availability Domains and use VCN Remote Peering
- B. Deploy applications in different regions and have them connected using VCN Remote Peering
- C. Deploy applications in two separated VCNs in different regions and use VCN Local Peering
- D. Deploy applications on the same region splitting workloads across Availability Domains.

Correct Answer: B

## **QUESTION 4**

Which three types of credentials are used to manage Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Identity and Access Management (IAM)? (Choose three.)

- A. Windows Password
- B. API Signing Key
- C. Swift Password
- D. SSH Key
- E. Console Password
- Correct Answer: BCE

References: https://cloud.oracle.com/iaas/whitepapers/best-practices-for-iam-on-oci.pdf You manage the following types of credentials with Oracle Cloud Infrastructure IAM: Console password: For signing in to the Console, which is the user interface for interacting with Oracle Cloud Infrastructure API signing key (in PEM format): For sending API requests, which require authentication Swift password: For using a Swift client with Recovery Manager (RMAN) to back up an Oracle Database System (DB System) database to Object Storage

#### **QUESTION 5**

You are running several Linux based operating systems in your on .premises environment that you want to import to OCI as custom images. You can launch your imported images as OCI compute Virtual machines. Which two modes below can be used to launch these imported Linux VMs?

- A. Native
- B. Mixed
- C. Paravirtualized
- D. Emulated
- Correct Answer: CD

You can use the Console or API to import exported images from Object Storage. To import an image, you

need read access to the Object Storage object containing the image.



during the Import you can select the Launch mode:

For custom images where the image format is .oci, Oracle Cloud Infrastructure selects the applicable

launch mode based on the launch mode for the source image. For custom images exported from Oracle

Cloud Infrastructure where the image type is QCOW2, select Native Mode.

To import other custom images select Paravirtualized Mode or Emulated Mode. For more information, see

Bring Your Own Image (BYOI).



These Linux distributions support custom image import:

Linux Distribution	Supported Versions	Preferred Launch Mode
CentOS	7 or later	Paravirtualized
	4.0, 4.8, 5.11, 6.9	Emulated
CoreOS Container Linux Note: The end-of-support date for CoreOS Container Linux is May 26, 2020. You should migrate your workloads to another operating system to remain secure.	2345.3.0 or later	Paravirtualized
Debian	8 or later	Paravirtualized
	5.0.10, 6.0, 7	Emulated
FreeBSD	12 or later	Paravirtualized
	8, 9, 10, 11	Emulated
openSUSE Leap	15.1	Paravirtualized
Gracle Linux	7 or later	Paravirtualized
	4.5, 4.8, 5.8, 5.11, 6.2, 6.5	Emulated
RHEL	7 or later	Paravirtualized
	4.5, 5.5, 5.6, 5.9, 5.11, 6.5, 6.9	Emulated
SUSE	12.2 or later	Paravirtualized
	11, 12.1	Emulated
Ubuntu	13.04 or later	Paravirtualized
	12.04	Emulated



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