



1Z0-066^{Q&As}

Oracle Database 12c: Data Guard Administrator

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**QUESTION 1**

Which two are true about the usage of DBMS_ROLLING?

- A. The leading group contains the original primary database.
- B. The trailing group contains the original primary database.
- C. The background process DMON must be enabled on all database instances that take part in the rolling release upgrade process.
- D. At least one logical standby database must be part of the initial Data Guard configuration
- E. The trailing group can contain standby databases that will protect the original primary database during the rolling release upgrade process.

Correct Answer: DE

QUESTION 2

Which four factors can influence the rate of SQL apply on a logical standby database?

- A. the size of the undo tablespace on the logical standby database
- B. the number of full table scans performed by SQL apply
- C. the number of coordinator processes on the standby database instance
- D. the size of the shared pool
- E. the number of APPLIER processes
- F. the number of PREPARER processes

Correct Answer: BDEF

QUESTION 3

Examine the Data Guard configuration: DGMGRL> show configuration Configuration-Animals Protection Mode: MaxAvailability Databases: Sheep- Primary database Warning: ORA-16817: unsynchronized fast-start failover configuration Dogs - (*) Physical standby database (disabled) ORA-16661: the standby database needs to be reinstated Fast-Start Failover: ENABLED Configuration Status: WARNING And the fast-start failover configuration: DGMGRL> show fast_start failover; Fast-Start Failover: ENABLED Threshold: 30 seconds Target: dogs

Observer: 017.example.com Lag Limit: 30 seconds (not in use) Shutdown Primary: TRUE Auto-reinstate: TRUE Observer Reconnect 10 seconds Observer Override: FALSE Configurable Failover Conditions Hearth Conditions: Corrupted Controlfile YES Inaccessible Logfile NO Stuck Archiver NO Datafile Offline YES Oracle error Conditions ORA-01578: ORACLE data block corrupted (file # %s, block # %s) And finally the reason for the fail over: SQL> select last_failover_reason from v\$fs_failover_stats; LAST_FAILOVER_REASON ORA-01578: ORACLE data block corrupted (file # %s, block # %s) Identify the task, or sequence of tasks, to bring the configuration into the SUCCESS state.



- A. Bring Dogs to the NOMOUNT state and let the broker reinstate Dogs automatically.
- B. MOUNT DOGS and issue '\\\\'reinststate database dogs:" at the DGMGRL prompt while connected to Dogs.
- C. MOUNT DOGS and issue "reinststate database dogs:" at the DGMGRL prompt while connected to Sheep
- D. Open Dogs and let the broker reinstate Dogs automatically.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

A Data Guard environment has this configuration and these attributes:

1.

The primary database prima is in the local region.

2.

A physical standby database physt1 is in the local region.

3.

A physical standby database physt2 is in a remote region.

4.

The primary ships redo to physt1.

5.

physt1 ships redo physt2.

6.

physt1 and physt2 have Real-Time Query enabled

A sequence has been created with this SQL statement in the primary database: CREATE SEQUENCE a NOCACHE SESSION: Which two statements are true?

- A. The sequence is usable on physt1 and physt2
- B. The sequence is usable on physt1 but not usable on physt2.
- C. The sequence is usable on physt2 if physt1 becomes unavailable, but only if an alternative redo destination has been configured on the primary database.
- D. physt2 will no longer receive redo if physt1 becomes unavailable, unless LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_n has the ALTERNATE attribute specified on the primary database.
- E. physt2 will no longer receive redo if physt1 becomes unavailable, unless LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_n has the ALTERNATE attribute specified on physt1.

Correct Answer: CE



QUESTION 5

A customer has these requirements for their potential Data Guard implementation:

1. Zero data loss must still be guaranteed through the loss of any one configuration component.
2. The primary database must be protected against a regional disaster
- 3.

Performance overheads on the primary should be minimized as much as possible given these requirements.

4.

Downtime on the primary database for any reason must be kept to a minimum.

Components referred to in the broker commands are: Which Data Guard broker commands are needed to implement these requirements?

| | |
|--------|--|
| prima | the primary database |
| fs1 | the Far Sync instance in the primary region |
| physt | a physical standby database in a remote region |
| physt1 | a physical standby database in the primary |
| physt2 | a physical standby database in a remote region |

A. EDIT DATABASE prima SET PROPERTY REDOROUTES=' (LOCAL: physt1, FASTSYNC)'; EDIT DATABASE prima SET PROPERTY REDOROUTES=' (LOCAL: fs1 SYNC)'; EDIT FAR_SYNC fs1 SET PROPERTY REDORUOTES=' (pnma: physt2 SYNC)'; EDIT CONFIGURATION SET PROTECTION MODE AS MAXAVAILABILITY

B. EDIT DATABASE prima SET PROPERTY REDOROUTES=' (LOCAL: fs1 ASYNC)'; EDIT FAR_SYNC fs1 SET PROPERTY REDORUOTES=' (prima physt FASTSYNC)'; EDIT CONFIGURATION SET PROTECTION MODE AS MAXPROTECTION

C. EDIT DATABASE prima SET PROPERTY REDOROUTES=' (LOCAL: fs1 SYNC)'; EDIT FAR_SYNCfs1 SET PROPERTY REDORUOTES=' (prima physt ASYNC)'; EDIT CONFIGURATION SET PROTECTION MODE AS MAXAVAILABILITY;

D. EDIT DATABASE prima SET PROPERTY REDOROUTES=' (LOCAL: physt1, FASTSYNC)'; EDIT DATABASE prima SET PROPERTY REDOROUTES= (LOCAL: fs1. FASTSYNC)'; EDIT FAR_SYNC fs1 SET PROPERTY REDORUOTES=' (prima: physt2 ASYNC)'; EDIT CONFIGURATION SET PROTECTION MODE AS MAXAVAILABILITY;

Correct Answer: A