VCE & PDF
Pass4itSure.com

1Z0-063^{Q&As}

Oracle Database 12c: Advanced Administration

Pass Oracle 1Z0-063 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

https://www.pass4itsure.com/1z0-063.html

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Oracle
Official Exam Center

⚙ **Instant Download** After Purchase

⚙ **100% Money Back** Guarantee

⚙ **365 Days** Free Update

⚙ **800,000+** Satisfied Customers

QUESTION 1

Examine the following set of RMAN commands:

```
RMAN> CONFIGURE CHANNEL dc1 DEVICE TYPE DISK FORMAT '/u02/backup/%U';
RMAN> RUN
  {
   ALLOCATE CHANNEL ch1 DEVICE TYPE DISK;
   EXECUTE SCRIPT arc_backup;
  }
```

Which statement is true about the RMAN run block execution?

A. The script is executed and both DC1 and CH1 channels are used for script execution.

B. The execution of the script fails because multiple channels cannot exist simultaneously.

C. The persistent configuration parameter, DC1, is overridden because a new channel is allocated in the RMAN RUN block.

D. The new channel, CH1, is ignored because a channel has been configured already.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

One of your multitenant container databases (CDB) contains multiple pluggable databases (PDBs). You

connect to CDB$ROOT as SYS and execute these commands successfully:

SQL> CREATE USER C##ADMIN IDENTIFIED BY orcl123;

SQL> CREATE ROLE C##CONNECT;

SQL> GRANT CREATE SESSION, CREATE TABLE, SELECT ANY TABLE TO C##CONNECT;

SQL> GRANT C##CONNECT to C##ADMIN CONTAINER=ALL;

Which three are true? (Choose three.)

A. The C##CONNECT role can be granted different roles and privileges in each PDB.

B. C##ADMIN has the orcl123 password in all PDBs.

C. The C##CONNECT role is granted to the C##ADMIN user in all PDBs.

D. CREATE SESSION is granted to the C##ADMIN user in all PDBs.

E. The C##CONNECT role is a local role defined only in CDB$ROOT.

Correct Answer: ACE

QUESTION 3

You restore and recover your database to a new host by using an existing RMAN open database backup.

Which step must you perform next?

A. Execute catproc.sql to recompile invalid PL/SQL modules.

B. Open the database with the RESETLOGS option.

C. Set a new database identifier (DBID) for the newly restored database.

D. Use the RMAN SET NEWNAME and SWITCH commands to switch to new files.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 4

Your database supports an online transaction processing (OLTP) workload and it needs to be up 24 x 7. You want to perform a complete database backup by using RMAN.

Identify the minimum requirement for accomplishing the task.

A. An RMAN channel must be configured to device-type disk.

B. The database must be configured in ARCHIVELOG mode.

C. Redo log groups must have at least two members each.

D. All tablespaces in the database must be locally managed.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 5

You regularly take backups of your database using RMAN with a recovery catalog. Your database is currently open and the temp01.dbf temp file belonging to the TEMP tablespace is corrupted.

Identify two methods to recover the temp file with the least disruption to database availability. (Choose two.)

A. Drop the TEMP tablespace, and then re-create it with new temp files.

B. Restart the database instance to create the temp file automatically.

C. Take the TEMP tablespace offline, drop the missing temp file, and then create a new temp file.

D. Add a new temp file to the TEMP tablespace with a new name, and then drop the temp file that is corrupted.

Correct Answer: BC

Temp files are a special class of data files that are associated only with temporary tablespaces.

B: After restore and recovery of a whole database, when the database is open, missing temporary tablespaces that were recorded in the control file are re-created with their previous creation size, AUTOEXTEND, and MAXSIZE attributes. Only temporary tablespaces that are missing are re-created. If a temp file exists at the location recorded in the RMAN repository but has an invalid header, then RMAN does not re-create the temp file.

If the temp files were created as Oracle-managed files, then they are re-created in the current DB_CREATE_FILE_DEST location. Otherwise, they are re-created at their previous locations.

C: If a data file becomes missing or corrupted. You must take it offline before you can open the database.

References: https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/ADMIN/dfiles.htm
https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/BRADV/rcmcomre.htm

1Z0-063 PDF Dumps   1Z0-063 Practice Test   1Z0-063 Braindumps