1Z0-062^{Q&As}

Oracle Database 12c: Installation and Administration

Pass Oracle 1Z0-062 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

https://www.pass4itsure.com/1z0-062.html

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Oracle
Official Exam Center

⚙ **Instant Download** After Purchase

⚙ **100% Money Back** Guarantee

⚙ **365 Days** Free Update

⚙ **800,000+** Satisfied Customers

QUESTION 1

You executed this command to create a password file:

$ orapwd file = orapworcl entries = 10 ignorecase = N

Which two statements are true about the password file? (Choose two.)

A. It will permit the use of uppercase passwords for database users who have been granted the SYSOPER role.

B. It contains username and passwords of database users who are members of the OSOPER operating system group.

C. It contains usernames and passwords of database users who are members of the OSDBA operating system group.

D. It will permit the use of lowercase passwords for database users who have granted the SYSDBA role.

E. It will not permit the use of mixed case passwords for the database users who have been granted the SYSDBA role.

Correct Answer: AD

*

 You can create a password file using the password file creation utility, ORAPWD.

*

 Adding Users to a Password File When you grant SYSDBA or SYSOPER privileges to a user, that user\'s name and privilege information are added to the password file. If the server does not have an EXCLUSIVE password file (that is, if the initialization parameter REMOTE_LOGIN_PASSWORDFILE is NONE or SHARED, or the password file is missing), Oracle Database issues an error if you attempt to grant these privileges.

A user\'s name remains in the password file only as long as that user has at least one of these two privileges. If you revoke both of these privileges, Oracle Database removes the user from the password file.

*

 The syntax of the ORAPWD command is as follows:

ORAPWD FILE=filename [ENTRIES=numusers] [FORCE={Y|N}] [IGNORECASE={Y|N}] [NOSYSDBA={Y|N}]

*

 IGNORECASE If this argument is set to y, passwords are case-insensitive. That is, case is ignored when comparing the password that the user supplies during login with the password in the password file.

QUESTION 2

Which two options can be configured for an existing database by using the Database Configuration Assistant (DBCA)? (Choose two.)

A. Configure Label Security

B. Database Vault in ORACLE_HOME

C. Oracle Suggested Backup Strategy

D. Database Resident Connection Pooling

E. Nondefault blocksize tablespaces

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 3

Which two statements are true about standard database auditing? (Choose two.)

A. DDL statements can be audited.

B. Statements that refer to standalone procedure can be audited.

C. Operations by the users logged on as SYSDBA cannot be audited.

D. Only one audit record is ever created for a session per audited statement even though it is executed more than once.

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 4

Your databases all run in ARCHIVELOG mode.

A newly created database has no RMAN backups.

Examine these commands:

CONFIGURE RETENTION POLICY TO REDUNDANCY 2;

RMAN> BACKUP TABLESPACE SYSTEM;

..

backup set complete, elapsed time: 00:00:03

..

RMAN> BACKUP TABLESPACE SYSTEM , SYSAUX;

..

backup set complete, elapsed time: 00:00:04

..

RMAN> BACKUP DATABASE;

..

backup set complete, elapsed time: 00:00:07

..

Which two are true about the execution of the third backup command? (Choose two.)

A. The first backup of the SYSTEM tablespace is deleted.

B. A backup is not performed for the SYSAUX tablespace.

C. The first backup of the SYSTEM tablespace becomes obsolete.

D. A backup is performed for the SYSAUX tablespace.

E. A backup is not performed for the SYSTEM tablespace.

F. The first backup of the SYSTEM tablespace becomes expired.

Correct Answer: BF

QUESTION 5

Examine the parameters for a database instance:

```
NAME                  TYPE            VALUE
--------------        ------------    -------------
temp_undo_enabled     boolean         TRUE
undo_management       string          AUTO
undo_retention        integer         900
undo_tablespace       string          UNDOTBS1
```

Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

A. Undo records for temporary tables are stored in a temporary tablespace.

B. Undo records for temporary tables are stored in the undo tablespace and logged in the redo.

C. Undo records for temporary tables are stored in the undo tablespace and logged in the redo only for those sessions where temporary undo is enabled.

D. No redo is generated for the undo records belonging to temporary tables.

E. No redo and undo records are generated for temporary tables.

Correct Answer: AE